St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXIX. | ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1881. | NO 192.

PRESCRIPTIONS.

MELLIER RETAIL DRUG DEPARTMENT 711 WASHINGTON AVE.

Our facilities for Retailing Pure Drugs and Fine Fancy Goods are superior to any House in the West. No other establishment carries such a large and varied stock, and our patrons attest the fact that they save from 25 to 50 per cent.

TOILET ARTICLES

HALE'S HONEY —OF— **HOREHOUND & TAR!**

The Great National Specific for the Speedy Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, SORE THROATS, LUNG and all BRONCHIAL COMPLAINTS.

The Honey of the Plant *Horehound* SOOTHES and SCATTERS all irritations and inflammations, and the Tar Balm *Abies Balsamea* CLEANSES and HEALS the throat and air passages leading to the lungs. FIVE additional ingredients keep the organs cool, moist, and in healthful action.

A Cough may be fitly termed the preliminary stage of Consumption, a malady of which HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR is the surest known preventive. Therefore, delay not a moment to take this CERTAIN SPECIFIC. CHILDREN derive great benefit from its soothing properties, when suffering with Croup and Whooping Cough. *PRICES:--50c. and $1.* Large Size Cheapest.

C. N. CRITTENTON, Sole Prop'r. New York.

TRADE MARK.

CAUTION: The wonderful achievements and success of Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar has caused the issue of counterfeits and deceptive and dangerous mixtures bearing parts of its compound name or Trade-Mark device. Be not deceived by these vile subterfuges, but obtain "Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar" by its full name; and also observe the above EXACT Trade-Mark device on the wrapper enclosing each bottle, without which none is genuine.

For Sale by all Druggists.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS CURE IN ONE MINUTE.

DR. HARTER'S PURIFIES THE **BLOOD.**

DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC is a preparation of Protoxide of Iron, Peruvian Bark and the Phosphates, associated with the Vegetable Aromatics. Endorsed by the Medical Profession, and recommended by them for **Dyspepsia, General Debility, Female Diseases, Want of Vitality, Nervous Prostration, Convalescence from Fevers and Chronic Chills and Fever.** It serves every purpose where a TONIC is necessary.

Manufactured by THE DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., No. 213 North Main Street, St. Louis.

CURES **DYSPEPSIA.** **IRON TONIC.**

VANDALIA LINE.

Important Notice to Travelers.

To better accommodate its rapidly increasing passenger traffic, the Vandalia Line will, on and after

Monday, January 10, 1881

Run Three Daily Express Passenger Trains from St. Louis to the East, as follows:

"Indianapolis, Louisville, Cincinnati, Columbus, Pittsburg and New York Day Express," with Pullman hotel cars, St. Louis to New York without change, will

Leave St. Louis, Daily, 8 A. M.

"Indianapolis, Cincinnati and Louisville Night Express," with Pullman sleepers and day coaches, St. Louis to Cincinnati and Louisville without change, will

Leave St. Louis, Daily, 6:30 P. M.

"Columbus, Pittsburg, Washington, Philadelphia and New York Night Express," with Pullman sleepers, St. Louis to New York without change, and with day coaches St. Louis to Pittsburg without change, will

Leave St. Louis Daily, 7:00 P. M.

Chicago trains, via Vandalia and Illinois Central Railroad Line, will leave St. Louis as usual, 8:00 a. m. and 7:00 p. m.

Passengers for Indianapolis, Cincinnati and Louisville leaving St. Louis in the evening should take the 6:30 p. m. train.

Passengers for points east of Indianapolis leaving St. Louis in the evening should take the 7:00 p. m. train.

We believe that the traveling public will appreciate the enterprise of the Vandalia Line in placing at their service two INDEPENDENT night trains from St. Louis eastward—one to Cincinnati and Louisville, without delay or change of cars, and the other to Pittsburg and points East, without delays or changes.

Clocks and Silverware at cost for 30 days at Cooper's, 105 N. Fourth street.

THE TIMES.

Efforts to Compromise—A Motion for the Receiver to Publish the Paper.

Judge Lindley did not take his seat this morning until 11 o'clock on account of indisposition. All the parties in interest of the Times newspaper were on hand at 10 o'clock and it was generally whispered around the crowded court that the Chambers faction and the Bowman-Knapp faction had agreed to come together for a peaceable solution of the Times trouble.

When the Judge asked if there were any motions, Mr. Bowman desired that the name of Mrs. A. M. Buchanan be entered upon his amended bill as a party defendant by which means all parties in interest would be before the court.

Judge Lindley said that he had been too unwell to read the amended petition calling for an order of sale by the receiver foreclosure of the mortgage and peremptory injunction against the publication of a duplex issue of the Times. As the matter was urgent, however, all parties might return into court at two o'clock, when he would pass upon it. The bond question could then be disposed of likewise.

Mr. J. M. Dickson, representing Mrs. Buchanan, a bondholder, has prepared a motion, praying that Receiver Green take charge of all the property of the St. Louis Times, including the press franchise, mail lists, etc., and that he be ordered to publish the St. Louis Times from the old building on Fifth and Chestnut streets; further that the Republican issue of the Times be stopped, and all Times property returned to the old building, and that the trustee be enjoined from publishing an issue of the Times from the office of the POST-DISPATCH. The motion will be heard at 2 o'clock.

Sheriff Mason states that the securities and property found in the safe of the Butcher's and Drover's Bank will remain in his custody for the present. The attorney for the bank states that the claims of all creditors have been met thus far by an average payment of sixty cents on the dollar on a liability of $650,000 and that the scrip is being taken in all the time. This, in comparison with other bank failures, he considers a fair showing.

Pohlman's Poultice.

The trial of the damage suit, John H. L. Meyer against William Pohlman is proceeding before a jury to-day in Judge Adams' court. The plaintiff wants $2,000 damages for being struck across the face with a whip-handle. It appears from the petition and opening statement that the plaintiff went to Pohlman's sale stable and bid upon a horse and wagon. He alleges that the sale was not conducted in regular form and hired parties defrauded him. Upon returning to the stable to enter a remonstrance a war of words ensued between Pohlman and himself—and it resulted in the assault complained of.

Court of Criminal Correction.

Sarah Henderson was arraigned on a charge of assault to kill before Judge Lodge to-day. She pleaded guilty to assault and battery and was committed to the Work-house in default of $25 wherewith to pay her fine. Being unable to pay a fine of $15, Frank Smith will sojourn at the Work-house for petit larceny. Mollie Cole was bound over in the sum of $500 for assault to do great bodily harm. Andrew Jackson was put under $1,000 bonds.

BELLEVILLE.

So far no trace has been discovered of the robbers of Eisiele & Kohlers' brewery, of Mascoutah. Mr. Eisiele was in Belleville this morning giving a description of the property in the safe and parties suspected of being implicated in the robbery. Two hundred dollars will cover all the loss.

Opera house Burned.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., January 12.—Allen's Opera-house was entirely destroyed by fire at 4 o'clock this morning. The loss is estimated at about $12,000. No insurance.

Marine.

LONDON, January 12.—Utopia and Rheim, from New York arrived out.

NEW YORK, January 12.—Arrived: Steamship Wyoming, from Liverpool.

SOUTHAMPTON, January 12.—Arrived: Steamship Rhine, from New York.

NEW ORLEANS, Arrived: Steamship Bernhard Hall, Liverpool, via St. Thomas.

River Telegrams.

EVANSVILLE, IND., January 12.—River stationary, 16 feet 5 inches. South wind. Clear and warm. Thermometer 32°. River full of heavy ice.

WHEELING, W. VA., January 12.—River 7 feet and falling. River running full of ice. Weather clear and extremely cold.

PITTSBURG, January 12.—River four feet four inches; rising. Weather clear and cold.

EVANSVILLE, IND., January 12.—Gorge at Three Mile broke at 1 a. m., doing no damage. River full of floating ice. Three coal boats and one stone boat passed down this morning. The danger is about over.

LOUISVILLE, January 12.—River falling, 9 feet 4 inches in canal and 7 feet 4 inches in chute on falls. Foggy this morning, clear and cold. Ice running heavy and in large cakes.

CINCINNATI, January 12.—River 17 feet 6 inches and falling. Weather fair and slightly warmer. Ice still running.

MEMPHIS, January 12.—River stationary. No arrivals or departures. Clear.

Last Edition.

FOREIGN BUDGET.

The Troubles of the English Ministry in the Commons.

Cablegrams from All Parts of the Old World—European Notes.

England.

LONDON, January 12.—Opinion gains in parliamentary circles that the debate on the address will still last three or four days. The reason is given that the Ministry are convinced by debates that the Land Bill already sketched, will not prove effectual, and that protracted debates will give time for the Government to formulate a more radical bill than was originally intended.

ABP. M'CABE'S VIEW.

Archbishop McCabe's expression that it is better a thousand times for Mr. Gladstone's government not to touch the land question at all than to deal with it in a half-hearted fashion, is the sentiment of nearly every liberal member of the House.

THE QUEEN'S TORYISM.

The Tory tendency of the Queen's late speech has excited marked comment. It is now reported that this tendency is due entirely to the personal persistency of her Majesty, who is said to have refused her consent to the draft of the address as it was drawn up for her by Mr. Gladstone.

THE READING RAILROAD.

LONDON, January 12.—The Standard in a financial article says the list of London subscribers to the issue of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad deferred bonds has been closed. Applications have already been received at the London office for over $50,000,000 worth of bonds. In order to meet the technical objection urged in the American Courts by the McCalmonts against the issue, President Gowen has wired to a Philadelphia bank the deposit to which the McCalmonts profess to attach so much importance.

A DEPUTATION.

LONDON, January 12.—Fifty-four members of Parliament were present at yesterday's meeting to arrange for a deputation to wait on Gladstone in regard to the Irish land question. Lord Monck, Monteagle, Powers, Court and Emly, are expected to accompany the deputation.

BULLION.

LONDON, January 12.—Bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day, £90,000.

THE COMMONS.

LONDON, January 12.—In the House of Commons to day the Chief Secretary for Ireland asked the members whose bills are on the order of the day not to insist on their rights as the Government desired to proceed with the debate on the address in reply to the Queen's speech. The Irish members began obstructive objections and the wrangle lasted some hours. Ultimately the motion that the debate on the address be resumed was carried—230 to 33.

MAIL DESTROYED.

LIMERICK, January 12.—The Tralee and Listowell mail car was attacked last night near Long Hill. The car was smashed and the mail destroyed.

South Africa.

LONDON, January 12.—An official telegram says the Pordo movement was merely a raid on the neighboring tribes which was repulsed with the aid of the colonial troops.

Greece.

ATHENS, January 12.—The representatives of the powers have been instructed to take collective action to induce Greece to accept arbitration.

Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, January 12.—It is officially denied that Gen. Skobeloff was compelled to fall back after his first engagement with the Tekke Turcomans near Geotkepe, December 24.

India.

LONDON, January 12.—A dispatch from Bombay states no leader of mark was engaged in the Kalapere conspiracy.

Italy.

ROME, January 12.—Senator Arrivabene is dead.

The State Solons.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., January 12.—The Senate postponed the confirmation of the insurance Commissioner till to-morrow, and adjourned till three this afternoon, expecting a communication of the Governor relating to the policy commissioners. Mr. Tutt has withdrawn from the contest for Adjutant-General, and Clay Taylor is said to be the man.

Senator Manistre was sworn in and seated. Bills were introduced requiring the clerk to docket causes in the order received; also making all causes triable at the first term, when personal service has been lost; also requiring Probate Judges to be versed in the law; also concurrent resolution relating to the opening of the Interior Territory.

In the House bills were introduced changing the railroad law and permitting a change of narrow to broad guage roads; an act requiring hedges to be trimmed within five feet of the ground before the 1st of June every year; requiring the insurance officials to make reports to the Secretary of State; providing for the election of township instead of county collectors; restraining bulls, rams and boars from running at large; preventing druggists from selling spirits in any quantity save for medical and mechanical purposes; an act repealing the Tucker law; an act regulating the charges of sleeping car companies and fixing berth rates at one dollar and a half for twenty-four hours; an act probibiting the sales of intoxicating liquor within three miles of the public schools; an act requiring uniformity of text books.

Car Collision.

NEW YORK, January 12.—A Harlem freight car and Third avenue passenger car came in collision on the Bowery to-day. The car was wrecked and all the passengers more or less injured.

The World's Fair.

NEW YORK, January 12.—The World's Fair Commission decided to-day that alternates should have the right to participate in the discussion, but not to vote except in the absence of the commissioner. The Finance Committee was appointed. Ex-Mayor Cooper tendered his resignation, and it was unanimously accepted. Cornelius Vanderbilt was elected to fill the vacancy. On motion of Mr. Hayward, of Nebraska, a resolution was adopted, directing the Executive Committee to furnish all of the non-resident commissioners with a full, clear and comprehensive report of what had been done by the Commission, and the work they expected to do, together with a map and description of the proposed site with a view of having the subject laid before the various legislatures now in session. The committee on permanent organization desiring further time to make a report. A recess was taken.

The Jeannette.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, January 11.—Lieutenant Schwatka has written a letter to the Herald urging the necessity of sending immediate relief to the Jeannette exploring party. He expresses a belief that the Jeannette is safe, or at least stands as good a proportional chance of returning safely as vessels in the past which have entered the Arctic.

Suicide.

LAKE FOREST, ILL., January 12.—Thomas J. K. Kirk, iron merchant of Chicago, residing here, suicided early this moning, shooting himself three times in the head with a small revolver while in the cellar. He has been much unsettled in mind lately on account of business affairs. He leaves a wife and six children.

WHO ARE THEY?

Boland and Kinkead Appointed Police Commissioners.

Willis Reappointed—The Governor's Proteges.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., January 12.—The Governor has sent in the names of Willis for Warden, and Boland and Kinkead for Police Commissioners.

They will probably be confirmed, although there will be an attempt to defeat Boland.

THE APPOINTEES.

Morgan Boland is the defeated Democratic candidate for sheriff, and for years served on the police force. He was a sergeant when he retired from the force to canvass for the sheriffalty.

Alexander Kinkead is a well known commission merchant on Market street. His claims were urged by the Rev. Dr. Lewis, a schoolmate of the Governor, by Samuel Cupples and other prominent Second street merchants.

WASHINGTON.

Secretary Sherman.

WASHINGTON, January 12.—Secretary Sherman expects to visit General Garfield at Mentor on Saturday or Sunday next, and probably go to his home at Mansfield on Monday. Wednesday he will visit Columbus for the purpose of paying his respects to the General Assembly.

Senator McDonald's Marriage.

WASHINGTON, January 12.—Senator McDonald, of Indiana, was married at 8 o'clock this morning to Mrs. Josephine F. Bernard at the residence of the bride's brother, Mr. Frank B. Farnsworth. The bridal party left for New York at 9:30 a. m.

Nominated.

WASHINGTON, January 12.—The President has nominated Channing Richards, United States Attorney for the southern district of Ohio; Alexander M. Bryson, Iowa, to be United States Attorney for Idaho.

XLVI. CONGRESS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, January 12.—Senator Davis, of West Virginia, submitted a resolution instructing the Committee on Finance to inquire into the advisability of a change in the organization of the Treasury and other departments so as to divide accounts, etc., for collecting receipt and safe-keeping of revenues from disbursements accounts to transfer from the Treasury to the War or Navy department. Steamboat inspection life saving and other services, and to place under the State department matters connected with our domestic and foreign commerce. Tabled and ordered printed. Mr. Logan called up the joint resolution extending the franking privilege to all the official business sent through the mails by senators, representatives and delegates in Congress and in all other respects to be under the limitations of existing laws.

Senator Logan explained the resolution was designed to cover only letters, etc., sent from the departments through the hands of Congressmen to people at large.

He said that under the present law, while the department clerks could frank official business this privilege was denied to members of Congress. A discussion followed upon the expediency of restoring the franking system, in which some of the abuses which caused its abolition were referred to. At the expiration of the morning hour on the motion of Mr. Withers the army appropriation bill was taken up. Mr. Withers stated that as compared with the bill of last year, the present bill as reported from the Senate Committee showed a net increase of appropriations of $262,000. In the Committee of the Whole amendments of the Senate Committee were agreed to.

House.

WASHINGTON, January 12.—On the motion of Buckner the morning hour was dispensed with, 123 to 24.

F. Wood, of New York, moved that when the House next went into Committee of the whole on the Funding Bill, the debate on the pending amendment should be limited to thirty minutes. Agreed to, 149 to 4; Coffroth, Stevenson, Humphreys and Weaver. The House then went into Committee of the whole, Covert in the chair on the Funding Bill.

Mr. F. Wood said that for himself he saw nothing inconsistent in the establishment of a three per cent of interest for bonds and the shortening of the option indicated in the bill. He would go further. He belived that with removal of the tax on bank deposits and the establishment of a rate of 3 per cent the question of option was absolutely immaterial, because bonds and certificates would not be likely to rise to any great premium and would be at any time within the reach of the Government at par or at nominal premium. He believed that a three per cent. rate could be safely established, and was confident of the speedy negotiation of every bond and certificate issued.

Mr. Stevenson opposed the bill on the ground it did no more nor less than fix a permanent national debt upon the country.

Mr. Weaver protested against the refunding of five or six per cents into any obligation that would take from the Government the right of redemption for a single day or hour.

Mr. McMillan argued in favor of an amendment which he proposed was making the bonds subject to taxation.

Mr. Dunnell, member of the Committee on Ways and Means, said he had no doubt that a three per cent bond would find a ready sale and he advocated that rate of interest. He would vote, however, for a reduction of time from twenty to ten years.

Turner opposed the refunding theory. He was in favor of placing an income tax on capitalists and bondholders and letting the revenue received from that tax go to the extinguishment of bonds. The time for the debate having expired, the committee rose and it was extended one hour.

The time for debate having expired the question recurred on Wood's amendment fixing the rate of interest upon bonds and certificates at 3 per cent. Mr. Newberry demanded a division of the question and a vote was first taken on fixing the rate on bonds at 3 per cent. Agreed to, 132 to 92. The great body of Democrats voted in the affirmative and the majority of Republicans in the negative. The second branch of Mr. Wood's amendment arranging rates on notes at three per cent. was also agreed to without division. Just before a division was taken, which closed the obstructive debate, Parnell said his party had made their protest against the action of the government. He said his conduct in the House had always been fair and above board, but he would not pledge himself as to the conduct of himself and his friends when the bills for the coercion of the Irish people are introduced.

THE BOERS.

Sir George Colley telegraphs from Fort Arniel that be reached Newcastle yesterday. The report of the withdrawal of the Boers beyond Buffalo is confirmed. A detached squadron is ordered from Faukland islands to Cape Colony.

DESTROYED.

Flouring Mills Blown up by a Boller Explosion.

DETROIT, January 11.—A boiler in the Union Flouring Mills of this city exploded this morning, about 7 o'clock, with a terrific force, tearing out one side of the building completely, and so wrecking the structure that it will have to be taken down to the foundation. The engineer, a young man named Whittier, the fireman and oiler were instantly killed and burned under the debris. A fourth man, standing just outside, was severely injured about the head, but will probably recover. Three horses standing near were also killed. These mills, now a part of the New Mammoth Glucose Works commenced operations here last week, and Mr. Sweet, the manager, was just entering the engine room as the explosion took place. He was blown some distance, but escaped without serious harm. The mills were built several years ago by D. M. Richardson, and were as complete as any similar flouring establishment in the West.

Another Account.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

DETROIT, January 12.—At 7:15 o'clock this morning a terrible explosion occurred in the Union Flouring Mills on Woodbridge street west of this city, entirely wrecking the large five-story building, 80 by 50 feet in size. The entire north end of the building was blown out and killing three men. Their names are Richard Whittier, engineer, single, aged twenty-eight; Albert Crosslin, fireman, married, aged thirty-eight; Henry Schultz, oiler, married, aged thirty-four. There were three boilers in the building, each of 125 horse power, and an engine 325 horse power capacity. The capacity of the mill was 500 barrels of flour per twenty-four hours. It belonged to the Swaine estate, and was built and began business about five years ago. Up to 11 a. m. only the body of Whittier had been recovered, but a search of the ruins for the others is being made. The loss will exceed $30,000, partially insured. The cause of the explosion is said to be the employment of a cheap man to run the engine in place of Thos. Mohon who left a few days ago because the managers had ordered his wages cut down. He was to have resumed work at his old pay this morning, however, but reached the scene just after the explosion. The body of Whittier was terribly disfigured, nearly every bones being broken. The noise of the explosion was heard over a mile away in every direction.

Exploded.

LUCAN, ONTARIO, January 12.—The engine of a steam threshing machine exploded this morning, killing George Boullon and injuring a number of others.

The Reading Railroad.

PHILADELPHIA, January 12.—The Board of Managers of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company met to-day and resolved: We deem the notice of ten days prior to such meeting utterly insufficient, and we will adjourn to be called together by the president pro tem., to fix the time of such meeting immediately upon the disposition by the court of said rule, leaving us at liberty to act consistently with our judgment, without disrespect to court.

The New Method.

NEW YORK, January 11.—The signatures of leading drawers of commercial bills and of many bankers of high standing have been obtained to a paper expressing opposition to the new methods of quoting sterling on the stock exchange there has been a difference in contracts on the reading of one-half of one per cent between cash and regular stock, which gives some idea of short interest in the reading.

Loss of a Schooner.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ST. JOHNS, N. B., January 12.—A vessel just arrived from Sydney reports the loss of the schooner "Island Gem," while on a passage from the latter place to St. Peters. Capt. Rideau and one of the crew perished.

Dropped Dead.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

DETROIT, MICH., January 12.—Oliver Jarrait, a carpenter, dropped dead on the street this morning. He was an old man and leaves a wife and family.

A Big Blaze.

MERIDEN, CT., January 12.—The Meriden House burned. Loss probably $50,000; insurance $45,000.

A $35,000 Fire.

GALVESTON, January 12.—A fire at Weatherford caused a loss of $35,000; partially insured.

THE grand jury to-day made a partial report to Judge Loughlin. They found four true bills.

THE case of Daniel Honig was nolle prossed in the Criminal Court to-day.

THE BERNHARDT BOOM.

St. Louis Clergymen Combine to Give Sarah a Send-Off.

Ecclesiastical Opinions Upon the Wicked French Woman.

Condemnation and Non-Interference the Two Lines to Be Followed.

A Clerical Blast that Will Blow Many Dollars Into the Opera-House.

The Modern Rizpah Already Put Upon the Defensive in This City.

What the St. Louis clergy think of Bernhardt needs little introduction and no apology. She comes here as the representative of a code of morals and as such is a fair target for clerical criticism. It is all nonsense to talk about disassociating the artistic and the personal in her case. It is not done even by those who uphold and defend her. She draws because she is what she is. Public attention is turned upon her as an actress to a degree, but far more because she is looked upon as the exponent of the principle that marriage is slavery. The professional critic may sit through the play and dissect it afterwards and never think afterwards of the accidents in Bernhardt's family. Not so the general public. They will follow the heroine through the plot and ever and anon let the mind wander off to those children without surnames, and speculate upon the doctrine of free love as exemplified in the woman's life. The theory of the artistic overshadowing may do to the student of the drama, but it fails in application to the multitude.

Such being true, it is well within the province of the public teacher to talk of Bernhardt, her principles and their effects. It is a question of morals, not of the theater, and in that light it will be seen the clergymen of St. Louis express their sentiments through the columns of the POST-DISPATCH to-day. It is not only most fit that they should speak out, but silence on the part of the cloth when an expression was sought would look strange indeed. What is more clearly the duty of the calling than to be willing and prepared with an opinion upon anything which concerns the moral tone of the time?

In their canvass the reporters have seen and talked with representatives of all the sects. The calls covered the entire list of city pastors. But in several instances absence from the clerical residence foiled the reporter.

It is true these sentiments are almost without exception, adverse to the actress, but the matter is viewed from such different standpoints, and the degrees of condemnation are so varied, that the individual opinions are of genuine interest.

A Bishop's Letter.

At almost the first call made among the Catholic priests the reporter was met with a reference to the recent letter of the Bishop of Montreal to the *Nouveau Monde*. It was suggested as a very satisfactory statement of the whole matter from the Catholic standpoint. A close translation from the French gives the following:

BISHOPRIC OF MONTREAL,
December 21, 1880.

To the editor of the *Nouveau Monde:*

SIR:—I request you to publish in the columns of your paper the following criticism [*apercu critique*] of a play announced on the theater programmes to take place this week. This criticism, prepared by a person authorized and fully competent, will be sufficient to make all good Catholics in Montreal understand that, it is their rigorous duty to keep away from such plays. Besides the impropriety of giving these performances during the Adven days and on the feast of Christmas, all sincere and sensible Catholics will perceive in the more than doubtful morality pervading these pieces a grave peril to morals. I have the honor to be, sir,

Your very humble servant,
EDOUARD CHS.,
Bishop of Montreal.

To His Lordship the Bishop of Montreal:

MY LORD—In accordance with your request, I have examined the piece to be played on the 23d, "Adrienne Lecouvreur," and the following is the result of the examination.

The drama, almost to the end, hangs upon two adulterous *liaisons*.

* * * * * * *

Dialogues, loves, transparent allusions, everything in the piece tends to justify the prince and princess, hero and heroine of the drama, and to represent their conduct as perfectly excusable in that high society.

* * * * * * *

The drama is immoral in its intrigue, immoral in the maxims which the actors utter, immoral finally in the compromising situations in which the principal characters are placed at different times. These, indeed, are sad lessons to unfold to the gaze of Christian families. The talent of those who will translate these lessons will serve but to increase the danger and to make still more fascinating and excusable those evil passions which are constantly making turmoil (*qui grondent*) in the human heart.

X.

Dr. Goodell, of Pilgrim Church.

Rev. Dr. C. L. Goodell, of the Pilgrim Congregational Church, is an upholder of the Puritan faith, but a man of breadth and liberality. His views upon the Bernhardt are clearly defined and he has no hesitation in expressing them. Indeed he has recently given a sermon or two to the iniquitous principles and theories of which he considers her an exponent.

To a POST-DISPATCH reporter Dr. Goodell said last evening in the course of a somewhat lengthy and free conversation: "There is a vast difference between the unfortunate woman who makes a slip, as it were, and the woman who practices on such principles, who likes to do as she is doing—glories in her course. She has had four accidents in her family. When you go to see her you know you are going to one whose theories would wreck every home. She is a Communist, and she stands on the three

CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.

THE BERNHARDT BOOM.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

principles of the platform. All marriage is slavery. All wealth is theft, the rich stealing from the poor. All civil authority is tyranny."

"And her plays?"

"They are of a piece with herself, the illustration of her principles. This is not a question of the theater so much as it is the question of patronizing and countenancing a woman who defends her own evil life and claims to follow these bad ways on principle."

"You knew something of her career abroad, Doctor?"

"Yes, when I was in London two years ago she was just being brought out there with a furore."

"Were her performances patronized by the better class?"

"No, sir. The fast class went—the Prince of Wales and the like. The solid, respectable element of London gave her no patronage. She was recognized as the exponent of the principle that marriage is the oldest form of human slavery, and she was not countenanced. Her theory and practice of life means the entire destruction of the home system. It means the bringing of young into the world with a blight on them, without protection, without care and training. Look at the position her children are in. They must go through life with a stigma attaching to them. Such things are not natural. Leaving out the religious view men of reason cannot but recognize the value and the necessity of the home."

"Is she worthy, as an actress, of the amount of attention she receives?"

"No, sir. So far as she gets patronage it is not as an artist, for she is only second class. She has a pleasing voice, but her acting is ordinary. The attention she attracts is in great measure due to her theories and practices, and so it is evil in its influence on the community."

"You don't believe that people who go to see her disassociate the artist from the woman and her ways?"

"I do not. Those who go cannot but be affected for bad. The influence or the attraction is one of those insinuating things peculiar to the French and Americans seem to delight to adopt it because it is foreign."

"You do not think she will draw from the ranks of your congregation?"

"No sir, I do not."

Bishop Ryan.

Bishop Ryan was found at his new and comfortably appointed residence on the corner of Seventeenth and Olive streets. He received the reporter with his accustomed affability, and with that easy and graceful, yet quiet dignity which distinguishes the primate of the Catholic Church. He said: "Well, really, I have not given the matter any attention, and I am not aware of any expression on the part of the clergy here with regard to Mlle. Bernhardt. The attitude of the clergy elsewhere, in one instance a Catholic, the Bishop of Montreal, has not escaped my notice. No official action will be taken in this diocese upon the subject. I cannot tell positively whether the Catholic clergy here may have anything to say from their parochial pulpits, but I do not think any allusion will be made to the actress. I see no reason for it. This church, in a broad sense, pursues no such policy as that of waging war against theaters or theatrical people. It does condemn plays which have an immoral tendency, and the Bishop of Montreal may have been influenced in his action by some selection from the repertoire of Mlle. Bernhardt held to be unwholesome. There are good plays and bad plays, but there are many very good and well-meaning people connected with the stage to-day. I may name one, Miss Mary Anderson, who never neglects her religious duties, and there is assuredly no inconsistency in this. No exception can be taken to any member of the theatrical profession whose repertoire is drawn only from those dramatic works which are pure and wholesome. If such persons do not neglect their religious duties the church has no cause to condemn."

The reporter took leave of Bishop Ryan with only one feeling of regret. The reverend father in his allusion to Mary Anderson had omitted to say a word for her step-father, good Doc. Ham. Griff. The public will now be sorely anxious to know the spiritual leaning of Brother Griffin.

Bishop Robertson.

Bishop Robertson very courteously received the POST-DISPATCH reporter. The distinguished head of the Episcopal diocese remarked: "I have only just returned to town from diocesan duties in the State, and beyond what I have read in the newspapers concerning Mlle. Bernhardt I know very little to formulate an opinion upon. My Episcopal brethren have not discussed the subject either with me or among their people. I scarcely think that any expressions among clergy or laity will be crystallized into a pronounced opinion upon the matter. Mdlle. Bernhardt has had no social recognition in this country. She has been received and applauded merely for her artistic merits, and I believe that American society in this respect has set an example to older society across the Atlantic, notably in England where the French actress did seem to have some social acknowledgment. The cable may have deceived us, and the artiste may simply have been lionized by society at charitable gatherings where her presence would lend substantial aid; but the papers from abroad relate incidents of her social recognition, and while I can understand society flocking to her stage representations, I do not think it proper for society to receive her in the parlor. On the general question of plays and players it may be said that the clergy, with very few exceptions, do not attend theaters and have no business there. They cannot sanction by their presence any institution which would bear even the shadow of a suspicion of a polluting tendency. That is the broad and general principle and the attitude of the laity differs somewhat. The Episcopal church has not thought it proper to condemn the stage or stage people. Its parishes are composed largely of the wealth and intelligence of the country; people well able to judge for themselves of what is good or bad, moral or immoral in tendency. They cultivate a taste for the fine arts; they adorn their homes with the beauties of culture and they patronize places of amusement. The church does not interfere with that; moreover the church does not frown upon dancing. There are theaters and theaters, actresses and actresses, and in the parlor there is dancing and dancing. Excess is not foreign in respect of either. If only the legitimate drama were presented now-a-days the church would have little cause to complain of its members lending their patronage and support to it. A conscientious artiste will not present herself as an interpreter of an objectionable play, and there are many good men and women connected with the stage to-day. One little church in New York is peculiarly the religious home of the dramatic profession. I presume when Mlle. Bernhardt comes here she will have a reception at the footlights such as her artistic merits may develop, and I suppose members of the Episcopal Church will be found among her audiences, but I do not think for a moment that she will have any social recognition here.

The Rev. Dr. Snyder.

The Rev. John Snyder, pastor of the Church of the Messiah, and a minister of pronounced liberal opinion, was called upon at his residence, 3033 Morgan street. The reverend gentleman was preparing to leave by the evening train for Chicago, and he had but a few minutes to spare, but he placed those courteously at the disposal of the POST-DISPATCH reporter. Said he: "It seems to me that this discussion is unfortunate, if not uncalled for. It has excited the attention of the purest and while it may serve the purpose of Mlle. Bernhardt's manager as a fine free advertising medium it is scarcely a good thing for public morals. I do not think that the question of Bernhardt's private or social life should be considered in connection with her merits as an artiste. I do not think that the one belongs to the other and we ought not to wrap these two things up in one bundle. As an artiste, if she is all that has been claimed for her, the recognition of the public cannot be considered out of place. As a woman, if the mistakes of her early career still obtain sanction in the habits of her private life there can be no question that decent society should not recognize her. I do not know whether I shall attend any of her performances but I do know this. I would not receive her in my home and family. The attitude of English society toward Bernhardt surprises people in America, but she was regarded there somewhat in the light of an artistic animal. The marriage relation, so much respected over there, was a matter not thought of in connection with this 'divine' artiste. Ladies of the old French court were attired from hand to foot by male servants: they knew no sense of shame by such procedure. It may be said for Bernhardt that when she parted with her virtue, a young obscure and inexperienced girl from the provinces, her surroundings were such that it did not appear wrong to her mind. If she is now leading a clean and wholesome life the French people who extol the virtues and talents of Croizette are not inconsistent when they place the honors of Paris at the feet of Bernhardt. Andrew Johnson was a man entitled to America's respect for the purity of his political life, but the same can not be said of his private life, for shame held sway while he slept under the roof of the White House. Upon the general question of plays and attendance at theaters I believe that I am pretty well understood. "Romeo and Juliet" and "Hamlet" posses no less charm for me as dramatic works because Shakspeare can not present a legitimate record; the taint of his record does not run through the production of his brain. Byron's works I can read and enjoy and yet not be demoralized by the reflection that the author was not strictly a virtuous man. If I attend a performance of superior artistic merit, bringing my hands together must I withdraw them because some one whispered a suggestion that the star is not in the right orbit off the stage? The legitimate drama has the tendency to ennoble; the illegitimate to degrade."

Dr. P. G. Robert.

It is one of the peculiarities of the St. Louis clergyman that he always what is technicality known as out. Wearied with much and ineffectual jerking of pastoral bell-pulls, a reporter finally reached a quiet little house marked 2821, on Morgan street.

"Of course Dr. Robert is out," remarked the reporter.

"Eh?"

"I say, I suppose Dr. Robert is out."

"I don't know what you suppose, but Dr. Roberts is in the parlor."

The reporter walked into the parlor and found the clergyman just bidding good-bye to a friend. Having speeded the parting guest, the Doctor turned to welcome the coming one. The two walked into a sitting room and disposed themselves comfortably in a pair of easy chairs.

"Now," said the reverend gentleman, "what can I do for you?"

"The POST-DISPATCH is collecting clerical opinion on Sarah Bernhardt, and I want to know your opinion."

"Now, my dear sir, this is something I don't wish to speak about in the papers. I want you to say nothing at all about the matter from me."

"But, Doctor, I can't do that. I must say something from you, and so you had better tell me just what you wish to say."

The Doctor told how the reporter about how a wicked Globe reporter had once interviewed him about the Social Evil Hospital, and had printed what he said, although the understanding between them had been that he was talking for the reporter's benefit, and not for the public at large. This breach of trust had made the good doctor chary of his opinions when newspaper men were in the vicinity, but he would say this much, that he would be very much surprised if any gentleman or lady, any self-respectful lady or gentleman, would so far forget themselves as to attend the demoralizing performances of Miss Bernhardt. No amount of pumping could induce the reverend gentleman to commit himself further. The breach of trust by the Globe man had made him worldly wise in this regard.

Rev. J. C. Learned.

The Rev. J. C. Learned pastor of the Church of the Unity, was found at home at 1506 Lafayette avenue. He was more or less surprised at the topic upon which an interview was sought but he did not hesitate to put himself on record. He said in substance: "I shall not deem the appearance of Miss Bernhardt of sufficient importance to warrant an allusion to the same from the pulpit. I confess that I am not in sympathy with a person who starts upon an iniquitous course of life and then afterwards puts himself or herself before the public in a position to be criticized, as she has done. I think this whether the person were Bernhardt, McCullough or any other actor. I sometimes go to the theater myself, but I prefer to see talent that is untarnished. I could not advise any one in such a matter, as I am aware that others look upon it in a somewhat different light. I should deem it an advertisement for Bernhardt to speak of her from my pulpit. Doubtless it would be highly satisfactory for her managers to have the clergy of the city attack her, for by such means the curiosity of many people would be aroused to see her, who otherwise would not have done so."

"But would you yourself, Mr. Larned, consent to go to see her, for she certainly has talents?"

"I have no doubt that she possesses talents of the highest order, but I don't think I would go to see her. I am aware, however, that thousands will, and that St. Louis will go as crazy over her as other cities have done. No, you may say that I shall not allude to her officially, and that I would wish all to follow their own judgment in regard to her."

Father Walsh.

The Rev. Wm. Walsh, of St. Bridget's Church, was found in a very amiable mood. He said that he really knew nothing of Miss Bernhardt, except newspaper gossip which might be unreliable. If he knew certainly that she was a corrupt woman, he might speak to his congregation, warning them of her. He had read that she was a very talented artist; she supposed people would go to see her or not, just as they pleased, and if the clergy undertook to oppose them, they—the clergy—would only advertise her. He did not know what position Bishop Ryan took in regard to her, and it was not for him to express himself strongly either way. He eventually admitted, however, that if she was the unmarried mother that she is represented to be no conscientious Christian should go to see her. He knew that the Bishop of Montreal had denounced Miss Bernhardt, but that might be because he was a Frenchman and knew of her life in France. He did not suppose the clergy of St. Louis would pay much attention to her. Although he did not say so in so many words yet it was evident that Father Walsh does not favor the stage generally, and that, therefore, he favors still less an exponent of it who bears the peculiar reputation for naughtiness that Miss Bernhardt does.

Rev. Dr. Betts,

of Trinity Episcopal Church, was found at his residence on Washington avenue. "I have not made up my mind on the subject," said he, "and am scarcely able to give an opinion."

"How do you advise your parishioners in the matter?"

"Well, I do not think Miss Bernhardt is worse than many other women who move in society She has her boy and acknowledges her sin. Her fame does not really affect her son, but moving as she does in the high walks of art, she is received in the fashionable circles. There is much mock sentimentality about these matters and a ridiculous feature about this thing is to try and distinguish between offences. She is no worse than seven out of ten of the women on the stage, but if a ballet girl sinned as she has she would not be recognized. She comes to us as an artist. When we see a fine painting we do not inquire about the purity of the painter, or if it is a lady who do not ask is she an excellent good woman or not. I condemn nobody. The matter rests with each conscience. Her sin is no less because of her fame as she is no worse than many other women on the stage because she acknowledges her sin."

"What have you to say about Christians or theater-goers patronizing her?"

"For the theater-goers they do no worse in going to see her, knowing her sin, than is going to see those they go to see nightly; and for a Christian he need hold himself no more conscience-ebound going to see her than going to see those of whom they have considerable doubts.

The Rev. Dr. Boyd.

The Rev. Dr. Boyd, pastor of the Second Baptist Church, a young man of liberal sentiments, and perhaps the best-known minister outside the denominational fold, was touched on the shoulder by a POST-DISPATCH reporter just as he was entering the lecture-room of the church with his young wife last evening. The popular pastor was affable as usual, but he had to conduct a prayer meeting and could only submit to the interviewing process for a few brief moments. He said: "I am a clergyman, and as such I propound the ethics of my profession. I have a conscience and God has given one to every member of my church. I am not the keeper of everyone's conscience and I have no right to dictate the course of everyone's actions in private or social life. It is my duty to preach the sound doctrines of the Scriptures, affording assistance to the mental judgment for the affairs that encompass the path of life, and building up hope for eternity. If people are not offending their conscience in attending theaters I have no business to interfere. The innocence of an amusement is a matter solely to be determined by one's conscience. If a public character appeals to popular support the credentials should be spotless. An elevated sentiment requires this for the sake of decency. I know nothing about Bernhardt, and can express no opinion concerning her."

The Rev. Dr. Schuyler.

The Rev. Montgomery Schuyler, D.D., the oldest Episcopal minister in the city, was called upon at his residence, 2820 Locust street. The distinguished divine said: "I think this is a subject that should be left alone. The clergy have nothing to do with it. The Episcopal Church has not thought well to preserve any discipline with reference to theaters. Its members attend them and they exercise their own judgment in the matter. Our people are intelligent and experienced, and they require neither rule nor advice from the church in relation to such subjects. Other churches may have rules discountenancing theaters, but you will find that the rules are not practiced by every member. I cannot see why a conscientious artiste should not be a good Christian: there are many of them in the church to-day. The last time that Lotta was here I took pleasure in going to see her and was charmed with the little lady and her mother. Mdlle. Bernhardt certainly does not come here with snowy skirts, but I cannot hear that she has been received in a single American family, and in one or two cities she was ignored. There will be no expression on the part of the clergy here so far as I know."

Father O'Reilly.

At the pastoral residence of the parish of the Immaculate Conception, a parish including many of the wealthiest Catholic families of the city, the reporter met Rev. P. F. O'Reilly. His opinion was very briefly put, but it defined his position clearly. Said he: "If a woman falls and doesn't come forward before the public, charity should be drawn over her failing and there should be the hope and encouragement of better life held out to her. But when she has fallen and comes forward in that position into public life, public opinion should, to say the least, not sanction her. She should be ignored. There may be others on the stage whose morals have been no better than this woman's, but if they keep them a part of their private life, they occupy a different relation toward the public from what they would if they flaunted these failings to the world. If they did that they should be discouraged by all right minded people."

Rev. T. P. Haley.

The Rev. T. P. Haley, of the Central Christian Church, was found at his residence, 2341 Chestnut street. In response to the queries of the reporter he said: "I have made no allusion to Miss Bernhardt in my pulpit or to my congregation since her arrival in this country and shall not. I leave every one to do as he may think best. As far as my opinion of Miss Bernhardt is concerned, I will say that I think the theatre-going people of St. Louis should, and doubtless will, treat her just as they would any other artist of equal merit, for I believe that the whole tendency of the stage of the present day is not toward morality." The idea meant to be conveyed by Mr. Haley was that the stage generally was not as pure as it should be, and that those who patronized it at all, should not be too particular about the morality of any particular artist.

Dr. H. D. Ganse.

Dr. Ganse was approached upon the subject. He said: "Young man, I made it a rule some years ago (a rule from which I have never swerved) to say whatever I have to communicate to the public from my pulpit alone."

"I did not wish, Doctor, to ask for your opinion of Sarah Bernhardt. I would like to ask if you will make any allusion to her from the pulpit?"

"You will find it very difficult to find that out from me. I simply decline to be interviewed."

Before the scribe left one or two more questions were ventured, but with equally unsatisfactory replies on the part of Dr. Ganse, who finally closed the door upon the reporter without having allowed himself to pronounce the word Bernhardt.

Rev. James H. Brooks,

Pastor the Walnut Street Presbyterian Church and editor of the Truth, was very decided in his views on the theater, he is entirely opposed to the stage and the following opinion given by him on the Bernhardt question will readily show how he regards the French actress. "Theatrical plays are popular precisely in proportion to their coarseness and lewdness, and the fashionable world is prepared to welcome an actress who is a notorious prostitute."

The Rev. Dr. Tudor.

The Rev. Dr. Tudor, the agreeable and popular pastor of St. John's Methodist Church, was found at his home, 2807 Chestnut street. The reverend gentleman said: "My answer will of necessity be brief, although you may consider it to the point. The Methodist Church disapproves of theaters and plays under any and all circumstances."

Rev. Edmund Wright,

agent of the American Bible Society, said: "I have never been inside of a theater in all my life and have great objection to all theatrical performances, but most especially to one given by such a woman as Miss Bernhardt."

The Western Watchman.

Another clergyman who has an organ of his own is Rev. D. S. Phelan. He puts his views in writing as follows:

"Our secular papers are engaged just now in a grand united effort to secure recognition for Bernhardt and a place in Westminster Abbey for the author of "Middlemarch." The one had four husbands, but no children; the other four children, but no husband. If a poor, ignorant daughter of Eve had the temerity to live in open adultery with the husbands of other women, we should cry aloud for our grand juries to proceed against the infamous reptile. George Eliot is rich, and a luminary in the world of letters; and she must be rewarded with a place in Poets' Corner. If a poor, illiterate wretch gives birth to a child out of wedlock, and to hide her shame, abandons it, the newspapers are filled with the particulars of the ruin, the shame, the disgrace, the fall, the madness, the despair of the unfortunate mother. Bernhardt may bear a family of children, without surnames, and these same newspapers are shocked at the hypocrisy which refuses her social recognition. There is one law for the poor and illiterate; another for the rich and cultured. Morality is but one of the chains of the poor man's slavery; profligacy is the privilege of genius."

The Central Baptist.

Rev. William Ferguson, Rev. J. C. Armstrong and Rev. Dr. George A. Lofton, the two last named pastors of Baptist Churches, are editors of the Central Baptist, the organ of the denomination in the Southwest. They have put themselves and their paper on record regarding the woman in the following, which appears in the current issue:

"Sara Bernhardt, the famous French actress, will soon appear on the stage of a leading theater of this city. The papers inform us that she threatens suit against those ministers of the gospel who have the courage to denounce her adulterous life from the pulpit. If it were considered a matter of duty, there are some ministers in this city who would brave her wrath. Whether it is best or not to speak of such a character from the pulpit each pastor must decide for himself; of one thing we are certain: the pure wives and daughters of this city can not lend their presence to one of the performances of this woman without feeling that they have lessened their self-respect. If no more can be done, let it be as it was in New York—let there be no social recognition of this woman who shamelessly sets at naught the marriage relation."

The Central Christian Advocate.

In an editorial on "The Defense of Immorality," by certain secular papers Rev. Dr. B. St. James Fry has this reference to Bernhardt in the Central Christian Advocate.

"There has been a persistent effort to shield from merited reproach a profligate actress of second-rate ability, who makes a point of openly showing her contempt for the marriage relation. To the honor of American women of the best class, be it said they have refused to receive her into their homes, and her friends are not able to conceal their mortification. The journals of which we speak, having failed to persuade pure women that the impure private life of an actress is a matter of no moment, have now begun to declaim on the puritanical prudery of American women, which, say these journalists, will disappear when they become more cultured. Some of the lowest class of these journals, have gone so far as to insinuate that probably if the truth were known the actress is better than the women who decline her company."

SARAH IN CHICAGO.

A Press Estimate of the Distinguished French Artist.

From Tuesday's Chicago Times.

A great many people have fallen upon an easy error in confounding the artistic value of Mdlle. Bernhardt's work with her personal notoriety. This is a mistake, leading to over-laudation or admiration on the one hand and to disappointment on the other. Such dissatisfaction as found expression in last evening's audience as they filed out of the theater can only be referred to some such cause. To rate Mdlle. Bernhardt below the best of contemporaneous actresses would be to impugn the judgment of Paris, condemn the value of the French Conservatoire, and sneer at the first theater of the world, where for several seasons she contested the leading place with a lady reputed the ablest artist now living. These are things the doing of which would recoil upon the doer merely; and they are likely to remain undone. But to rate Mdlle. Bernhardt as anything more than mere training can produce, some talent and a great deal of determination being given, would go beyond the limit of truth and justice. Less an artist than several others whose name her own seems to evoke in the American mind for comparison, she is more consummately an artificer than any of them. Her representation of the titular character in the play "Adrienne Lecouvreur" is a marvel of detail, a monument of little things, but a failure in dignity and devoid of real power. Mlle. Bernhardt, in other words, interests continuously—but never excites. Had she so much as a moderately fair endowment of either intellectual or magnetic power, it would become manifest in the magnificent scene with which the fourth act closes. Finesse she has, and quick intelligence—a sweet and finely expressive voice, a strong face, mobile to a degree: and the art of diction in high perfection. But with all these there is a lack of fire. To the heads of her public she addresses herself with keen and fine effect. To their hearts with a success which at its highest is but indifferent.

She is not a handsome woman. No graces of face or figure commend her to the eye. Her mouth in repose is weak, her cheeks are long and the jaws are square. It is in the broad and pure forehead, the great and brilliant eyes, the finely curved nostrils, that the signs of power lie. Her thinness has been exaggerated. Wan, of feeble frame, and that peculiar flatness upon the sides of the face which denotes at once the advance of years and the decay of health, she repels at first sight. Yet a singular charm of manner and the readiness with which her features aid in the expression of her spoken lines, hold attention until dislike is dissipated. She does wonderful things with her eyes. They light with joy, or burn with hate, or glaze in the stupor of death; either with all the earnestness, or spontaneity of realism. Most strange of all is their look of introspection. In the third act, under the doubt of Maurice that battles with Adrienne's own sense of truth and loyalty, this simulation of an inward vision is half the well-played scene. The sharp and angular face becomes positively sweet at times with the prettiness of trust and purity. The reading of the fable of the two pigeons will long remain in the memory of those who heard and saw it as one of the most beautiful of dramatic pictures. Nothing could be more simple or more earnest, more filled with delicate and delicious fervor.

An Old Bible for Roanoke College.

From the Boston Post.

Ex-Gov. Alexander H. Rice has purchased and presented to the library of Roanoke College, Virginia, a valuable Latin Bible, printed in 1477. It is beautifully printed on vellum in black letter, with rubricated capitals, and contains 944 pages folio, very well preserved. Here is the quaint closing paragraph of the title page of the work: "Here ends the apocalyptic book of the blessed apostle John. In the year of our Lord's Incarnation one thousand four hundred and seventy-seventh, and the third calends of August. A very extraordinary work of the Old and New Testament, with canons and concordances of the Evangelists. To the praise and glory of the Holy and Inseparable Trinity and the 'impression' of the Immaculate Virgin Mary. In the royal State of Nuremberg, by Antonious Coburger, a resident of the same State, by whose industry also it was made with the utmost diligence and skill it happily ends. Praise to God."

THE AMATEUR FARMER.

I dreamt of a beautiful time
When the world shall happy be;
When the elephants and hyenas
Shall blossom on every tree;
When tamarinds and potatoes
Shall cease their dreadful roar;
When turnip trees shall blossom
In the garden for ever more.

I dreamt of a great republic
When the people shall all go West;
Sow plums and reap tomatoes
In the land they love the best;
When pig iron and molasses
Shall bloom on every hill,
And chickens low in the barnyard,
While gooseberries toil at the mill.

I'm weary of seeing the cabbage
Handle the rake and the hoe;
I'm weary of watching and waiting
For the grasshopper bush to grow;
I long for the time when spinach
Shall cope with bread and milk;
When hens shall lay potatoes,
And horses spin raw silk.

DAVID NICHOLSON.

SCARLET FEVER.

The Scourge of the Nursery and How to Treat It.

From the New York Times.

That scourge of the nursery, scarlet fever, is said to be on the increase here, and so many neighborhoods are suffering from it that a number of parents have sent their children out of town for fear of the contagion. Besides the character common to the group known as exanthemata, scarletina is almost always attended by sore throat, and the scarlet rash or eruption, which gives name to the disease, breaks out as early as the second day after the appearance of fever, and ends on the sixth or seventh day in separation of the cuticle. Nearly all medical writers mention three varieties of the disease—scarlatina simplex, in which scarcely any throat trouble attends the fever and the rash; scarlatina anginosa, in which throat trouble is more prominent than in either of the other affections, and scarlatina maligna, in which the system is immediately overborne by the violence of the disorder, and the patient exhibits great weakness and loss of vitality. The disease begins with chilliness, lassitude, headache, rapid pulse, dry, hot skin, flushed face, loss of appetite, and furred tongue. Presently the throat feels irritated, grows red, and is often swollen. The small points of the rash so increase that the skin soon seems almost uniformly red, extending from the face, neck, and breast to the trunk and extremities. The separation of the cuticle in scales usually ends in a fortnight or more from the declaration of the distemper. The fever continues with the rash; is sometimes accompanied with delirium, even coma. In the malignant, or third form, the rash comes out late and partially, being at times barely perceptible. At other times it may abruptly recede, or be mingled with livid spots. The skin is cold, with feeble pulse and extreme prostration, and death may occur—frequently from blood-poisoning—in a few hours. In such cases, the tongue is dry, brown, tremulous; the throat is livid, swollen, ulcerated, gangrenous, breathing is impeded by viscid mucus that collects about the fauces, and medicine avails little. Even in scarlatina anginosa there is considerable danger. It may prove fatal from the inflammation, or effusion within the head, or from disorganization of the throat and sloughing off of adjacent parts. Teeming women are in imminent peril from the mildest phase of the fever. When it seems to be cured its consequences are hazardous. Children, to whom it is mainly confined, of course, are subject after a severe attack to permanent ill-health, and to some of the many forms of chronic scrofula, as shown by boils, sores behind the ear, inflammation of the eyes, glandular swellings, and strumous ulcers. Scarlatina is often followed by a peculiar dropsy, affecting the subcutaneous cellular tissues and the larger serous cavities. It occurs, like all the exanthemata, as an epidemic—sometimes in very mild, sometimes in very virulent types. In the simple variety, remaining within doors, non-stimulating diet, and regulation of the bowels are generally found sufficient. In the second variety, leeches are often employed, especially where delirium supervenes. The two principal sources of danger in the malignant variety are from the primary effect of the contagious poison upon the body and from gangrenous ulceration of the throat. The final result is always uncertain. Whether it is contagious throughout its course, or at one period alone, has never been ascertained: but that the power of contagion remains in clothing, furniture, &c., is unquestioned and unquestionable.

Old Man and Young Wife.

George Alfred Townsend's Wash. Letter.

Gath goes on this way about the Christiancy affair: "The old man's anticipations of bliss were brief. He had got to the age when he wanted to stay at home and be fondled. She was just at the age to want to be taken out and admired, where she could see somebody nature might have destined for her husband. They quarreled, and he became tired of Washington and of the Senate, where he had arrived as a great reformer, lifted by a political fusion into the seat of Chandler. He sought a sufficiently remote place to take the girl off, but by this time she had become a young woman of the world, desirous to be loved, to receive sympathy and to have fun. The scandal broke out in Peru; but it was after that, it seems, that she formed her intimacy with Giro. While her husband was sending her home on a steamship, undeterred by the past scandal of her ugly social antic pations in America, she formed a fresh connection with an insinuating ship companion, a Spaniard, allowing him to be familiar with her to the extent, at least, of going to restaurants and exchanging letters: and her letters do not bear out her theory that she wrote them to pacify a too passionate lover lest he might injure her. Pure women in acts are not afraid of too passionate lovers—rather smile at them. There is hardly a beautiful woman in the world who has not made some man despairing and incurred his resentment; but she does not thereupon write him letters which would compromise her with the man she preferred. There is no doubt that Christiancy is entitled to his divorce; but he ought to be made to sweat in funds for having married so contrary to decency. It was hardly to be expected, considering the difference in their ages, that he would get the purest-minded wife: but he might have got a prudent sinner, and failed in even that. A widow in the Government employment was once asked her experience as to men around her in Washington. She replied that it was enough to destroy a woman's faith in the common humanity of men. Being once out of a position, and solicitous to be reappointed, she said that almost without exception, from the highest to the lowest, every person of whom she entreated help, either by covert insinuations or by bold soliciting, desired consideration in her virtue for his help. Other women around her told her it was useless without immense social backing or some powerful friend to obtain the employment without degradation. There are, of course, females of such respectable connections that this experience does not apply to them, but very often the worst social scandals of Washington are in this very rank, when the woman's gratitude of affection directs her course.

Brother Beecher Jubilant.

New York Cor. Troy Times.

Whatever may be other people's troubles, Beecher may now utter the pean of triumph. The annual sale of pews reached within a trifle of $30,000! There was Horace B. Claflin, who always leads the rest of the admiring crowd, ready to bid a premium of $700. Add this to the rate fixed in the pew, and you have a larger sum than many a rural pastor receives for his entire salary. Beecher's life has been marked by strange conflicts. Six years ago he trod the ragged edge of the scandal, and what he endured during that winter of agony exceeds all estimate or belief. Having survived this critical time, he now shows greater popularity than ever and certainly is full as fresh and interesting. As Beecher, when speaking at the auction, referred to his early days in Plymouth church, I may add that I well remember him at that time, but how different was his manner as well as his personal appearance. There was the small man, brunette, dark haired and intensely earnest, with no attempt at humor, but with a power that all confessed. What he is now I shall not attempt to say, but he has changed, and while he has gained in some points he has lost in others. He is still however, the original Ward Beecher, and Plymouth church is prouder than ever of its pastor.

SUPERSTITIONS OF ACTORS.

Omens Regarded as Portending Good and Bad Luck.

From the New York News.

The superstitions of players are many and various, and are astonishing by reason of their simplicity. Once, at a pleasant afternoon conversation, Mr. Boucicault made a series of curious revelations. He remarked especially upon the superstitions of ballet dancers. Every grade of the ballet in England and upon the continent is a slave to superstition. For instance, in his "Babi and Bijou," a premiere danseuse and twenty coryphees rebelled at the full-dress rehearsal because the scene in which they had to dance was entirely in blue, without any adornments of silver. Blue is an unlucky color among players all the world over, silver being its only saving relief. In the English theaters, to trip on entering the scene on the first night of a play is a sure sign of success. To receive a boquet at the stage-door before the play begins is an omen of failure.

In America, too, some strange superstitions prevail. When the "Black Crook" was ready for production at Niblo's Garden, under the management of Mr. Wheatly, Mr. Jarret and Mr. Palmer, the first-named was nervous about it. Everything depended upon its success. Failure meant ruin and he could not view the situation as calmly as his partners did. The theater was all lighted up, the carpenters had "set" the first two scenes, the ballet and dramatic people were dressing, the doorkeepers stood at their posts, and Flanigan, the janitor, had his hands on the bolts ready to throw open the stained glass doors that kept out the clamorous crowd that had gathered in the hallway. Mr. Wheatley, standing beside the gate with his partners, gave the signal for opening the doors, and the rush began. The first person who reached the ticket-taker was a lady accompanied by a little boy. Mr. Wheatley leaned over the rail and thrust her outside, at the same time pushing a man the next in turn inside the railing. Then, raising his hat politely to the lady, he apologized and escorted her to the usher himself. "It would never do," he afterward said to a friend, "to allow a woman to be the first to enter the theater on a first night. It's unlucky. Let a man in first and you are all right," The "Crook" was very successful, and no argument could convince Mr. Wheatley that he had not saved it by thrusting a man in first.

A few more words on this subject. In America, as in England, the player had a superstitious objection to rehearsals on Sunday. During the rehearsals of "Leo and Lotus," at Niblo's Garden, there were two Sunday-night rehearsals, and at each it was necessary to lock the door at 11 o'clock, p. m., to keep the dancing girls from running away. Even then some got out of the green-room window into Crosby street, climbed over the railings and escaped. It is believed that salaries will not be paid regularly during the run of a piece rehearsed on Sundays, or that the piece itself will be a failure, or that a death will occur in the company. This was predicted at the Sunday rehearsals of the "Crook," and the croakings of the ballet-girls was verified by the sudden death of a soubrette. At the Grand Opera-house, during Mr. Fisk's term of management, Sunday rehearsals were enforced in spite of the protests of the company. When the great spectacle "Lalla Rook," was preparing there were three Sunday representations, and the birds of ill-omen were loud in their predictions of disaster. Mr. Fisk was shot and killed before the fourth Sunday night revel, and the piece, although magnificently presented to the public, did not prove remunerative.

An Emperor's Joke.

From the London Telegraph.

In the recently published memoirs of Karatygin, the famous Russian actor, will be found the following characteristic anecdote of the late Emperor Nicholas. His Majesty happened one day to be engaged in inspecting a State penitentiary in one of the provincial seats of Government, and took it into his head to question some of the convicts respecting the nature of the offenses for which they were suffering punishment. "What are you here for?" he asked of one. "I am innocent, Imperial Majesty," replied the prisoner, falling on his knees; "a victim of false witness! A church was robbed—a beadle knocked on the head—the peasants caught hold of me, and I knew nothing about it." Turning to another, the Czar asked, "And you?" "False witness again, Imperial Majesty. A peddler was done for close to my house. I never even dreamed of such a thing." "And you?" said Nicholas to a third. "Sheer malice, Sire. One of my neighbors conveyed a lot of forged notes into my pockets, and hid away a lithographic stone in my bed-room. I am as innocent as an unborn babe." The Emperor, obviously bored by these successive protestations of guiltlessness, cast a glance along the line of prisoners until his eye fell upon a ragged, wretched-looking gypsy, whom he beckoned forward with the words, "Of course you, too, are here on a false charge?" "Not a bit of it, your Majesty," replied the Tsigan; "it is all fair and square as far as I am concerned. I stole a pony from a tradesman." "Stole a pony, did you?" said the Czar, with a laugh, and then, addressing the Governor of the prison with well-assumed sternness, "Turn that good-for-nothing rascal instantly out of doors. I cannot allow him to remain a minute longer in such honorable and virtuous company, lest he pervert all these good, innocent people!"

Architecture in America.

Moncure D. Conway's London Letter to Cincinnati Commercial.

In various parts of America there is evidence of the presence of good architects, and even of decorative artists. Frank Furness has made himself felt at Philadelphia, Lyman Silsbee at Syracuse, and Robert Peabody in and around Boston. [By the way, how happens it that these leading architects should all be sons of Unitarian clergymen?] But generally the noble public buildings in America put to shame the private residences. The chief want appears to be a greater attention to household architecture. In and around both Cincinnatti and St. Louis I saw a large number of houses that might have been made beautiful, and at the same time cost a third less than the expense that had evidently been incurred. It does not seem to be realized in many American cities that it is a large part of the art of a trained architect to save money for his employer. If any one will stop long enough in the city of Syracuse, N. Y., to take a stroll or drive through its streets, especially James James street (which, notwithstanding its plebeian name, is one of the prettiest streets in the world), he will see more beautiful homes than can be picked out from Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, all together. Yet Syracuse has only 60,000 inhabitants and few of them wealthy, according to the standard of the three more Western cities I have named. But Syracuse happens to have young architects who have studied their art and mystery amid the most beautiful houses and villas of Europe; they have learned that the best features of these can be contained for yet more beautiful effects: and they have learned that taste and skill go farther than money toward the construction of a beautiful residence.

Hair Quickly Changed to White.

From the Troy Press.

The case of one Dumbleton, a resident of Grafton, and employed as a nurse at the Marshall Infirmary, is attracting considerable attention. Dumbleton was, until a week ago, the proud possessor of an enviable growth of black hair on the head and a luxuriant beard. Both the hair on the head and face have now turned to a snowy white, prematurely aging the unfortunate nurse. The cause for this transformation is a mystery, Dumbleton himself being unable to even suggest a solution.

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RIVER NEWS.

The Thompson D... New Orleans Saturday for Cincinnati.

Sorry to learn that Ed. Murray lost a lot of logs at New Albany, Indiana.

A lot of ship carpenters have begun work on the boats on the Yankton ways.

Capt. J. D. Randall has gone to St. Francis River to raise the Batesville.

The Dippold for New Orleans added three barges at Memphis and one at Arkapolis.

Duval's Bluff, Ark., 7: Bedford at Jacksonport. White River is low and frozen.

Cincinnati papers have daily from two to three columns of river news. Happy Cincinnati.

A. G. Berthoud has the Steamers John R. Meigs at Greenville trying to raise the Baton Rouge.

Tom Shields has gone to New Orleans, and Capt. Coghill and crew are up from the Belle of Shreveport.

Capt. Henry J. King recently took command of Mollie Moore. He will take his family to the Upper Missouri in the spring.

Steamers don't arrive and depart here. Too much solid ice above and below. Harbor craft all safe—that is a consolation to a small extent.

Col. Akin attended the meeting of C. K. Peck Line holders at Keokuk last Monday. It is probable that widow Peck has sold her stock in the line.

De Lessep's won't buy the necessary $500 worth of machinery from the St. Louis Village Blacksmith. It is not likely that De L. will ever build a canal on this side. We advise Eads to get all his machinery in St. Louis.

Look out in time for a big flood next June in and from the Missouri. Heaviest snow in the mountains ever known. We shall look for a great boom also in the Upper Mississippi. Disaster is anticipated along the upper rivers and the Lower Mississippi.

Pittsburg, 10: All the pools boats were busily employed towing boats and barges from the first two pools to the lower landing to be ready for the next rise. The new tug building by Capt. Rees for Brown & Jones, at Memphis, will take the place of Jim Brown until they can build. Efforts will be made to raise the Brown.

Instead of suit about to be instituted against the city of Vicksburg by J. W. Tobin, it is the other way. Suit was about to be brought on the part of the city against J. W. Tobin for back wharfage amounting to $2,300, which, it is understood, will be settled without litigation. Wharfage is an infernal outrage—when the boats can't afford to pay.

Harry Stein's to the public: The owners of the steamer Chas. Morgan will hold responsible the steamers Virgie Lee, and R. E. Springer for all damages sustained by ice, as said steamboats have hauled up under the Morgan at three different times, shoving her stern out in the river, exposing her to the moving ice. Insurance companies can look to their interests.

Cincinnati Enquirer, 11: There was a silly rumor on 'Change yesterday that the insurance Companies had refused to take risks on the Charles Morgan, loading for New Orleans. We are sorry to hear that there is a difference between Col. Whitaker and Lee Anschutz, steersman of the Jos. A. Stone. We hope nothing serious will result, and call on Capt. Andy Marrifliott and Capt. Stone to mediate.

Portsmouth, 10: The sunken steamer Eldorado has not been raised yet, though the insurance company have taken control and express their intention of doing so. The local packets, City of Ironton and Fannie Dugan, plying between this point and Huntington, W. Va., and connecting with the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, resumed their trips to-day, after lying at the bank for the past ten days.

Steamer Day.

The steamers which sailed Saturday for Europe were well filled with grain, provisions and other merchandise. The following are the principal items of the cargoes: The Bolivia, for Glasgow, carried 16,390 bushels wheat, 2,700 sacks of flour, 500 boxes bacon, 8... do cheese, 50 tons oil cake and 150 pkgs lard. The City of Berlin, for Liverpool, carried 874 bales cotton, 240 do leather, 2,854 bxs bacon, 3,269 bxs cheese, 2,620 barrels apples, 1,028 do oysters, 1,098 tubs butter, 2,000 sacks flour and 2,675 bags oil cake. The William Barkitt, for Newcastle-on-Tyne carried 28,000 bu wheat, 58,000 lbs cheese, 190 bbls apples, etc. The Italy, for Liverpool, had on board 15,578 bushels wheat, 20,700 pounds bales and 68,128 do bacon. The Belgenland, for Antwerp, carried 440 bags coffee, 52,000 bushels wheat, 4 pkgs hardware, 7 cases telephones and 218 brls apples. The Scandinavia, for Barrow, took 10,000 bushels wheat, 300 pieces lumber, 6,000 sacks flour and 300 brls apples. The Aery, for Leith, took 761,... pounds oil cake, 250 bags clover seed, 30 brls oxide of zinc, and 35,972 bushels of wheat. The Titania, for Newcastle, carried 82 brls acetate of lime, 11 pieces wood, 50 cars, 50 sks hominy and 58,000 pounds bacon. The Neckar, for Bremen, carried 2,900 boxes bacon, 800 brls and 150 boxes apples, 375 sacks flour, etc.—N. Y. Bulletin.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

A PARTY of means to assist in manufacturing machinery for which there is a great demand, and which will be largely profitable. Call or address National Manufacturing Co., Eleventh and Clark ave.

BUSINESS—A party with $1,000 to $1,500 cash can get half-interest in a paying cash business, realizing yearly $4,000 to $5,000; no risk. With real name address, appointing interview. N. this office.

PARTNER wanted—One with business established preferred: can furnish $3,000 or $4,000 cash: the best city reference given and required: address W. S., 2710 Dayton st., stating where an interview may be had.

WANTED—A lady between 25 and 35, with $500 and upwards, to take an interest in a paying business, with a view to matrimony. Reference given and required. Address Guss Hyde, this office.

WILL pay $100 monthly to any one who can put $100 to $250 into a paying business. Apply to Contractor, 932 N. Eighth st., up stairs.

WANTED—DWELLINGS.

WANTED—A house with from 5 to 7 rooms, water and gas; a good neighborhood, south of Russell avenue, north of Arsenal street, west of Carondelet avenue, east of McNair avenue. Address F. J. P., this office.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL—John McMahon, plumber, 501 N. Sixth street, has removed to 623 Chestnut st.

THE Home Bitters Co., removed to Nos. 24 and 26 North Main street.

EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

I WILL be pleased to correspond with parties wishing scholarships in any Commercial College in St. Louis. Special terms given; circulars and valuable information free. J. B. MERWIN, (B) 704 Chestnut street.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

A suburban girl 6 to 10 years of age of good parentage for adoption. Call or address No. 1011 North Fifteenth, or 1507 Mulanphy st.

FURNISHED house wanted by a good tenant; no children; can give the best of references; would buy furniture. Address Home, this office.

ROOM-MATE wanted for a pleasant room on Fourth street; $6 per month. Address Room-mate, this office.

ROOM-MATE WANTED—A gentleman desires to rent half of pleasant, well furnished front room for rent $10. Address J. B., this office.

SEWING of any kind wanted for ladies and children by a first-class cutter and fitter; reasonable prices. Mrs. Clark, 13... Pine.

WANTED—To take lessons in clog and reel dancing, and song and dance. Price must be low. Address, stating price, W. G., this office.

WANTED—To buy a second-hand sleigh; address E., 207 S. Second st., giving lowest price.

WANTED—A small safe, must be cheap. Address 500½ S. Fifth.

WASHING done at No. 12 South Third street, 3rd floor; satisfaction guaranteed.

FREE OF CHARGE!

All "Wants," "Lost," "Found," "For Rent," etc., etc., not exceeding four lines, and not of a business character, will be inserted Free of Charge.

PERSONAL.

ARCHITECT—F. H. MONNERON, first diploma of the School of Beaux Arts, Paris, France. 407 Walnut street.

ALL Cast-off clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 808 Locust street.

A YOUNG MAN to run on the railroad. Call at Plum Street Depot, cor. of Main street, at 6 o'clock p. m.

A LADY (and a stranger) would like to form the acquaintance of a gentleman of means, over 30; will be a true friend. Address S. A. Lee, this office.

A LADY wishes to form the acquaintance of one or more travelling men from tea firms; address Lizzie, this office.

BIRDS AND BIRD CAGES, Hartz Mountain Canaries, Love Bird Parrots, Gold Fish, Fish Globes, Aquaria, Mocking Bird Food, Bird Seed, Gravel Paper, etc. August Bohne, 625 Olive street. Removed from Fifth street.

CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 302 Locust street.

DE WARE stops at Dr. McLean's B., room 11; call and see him and find out what you are made for, and what ails you, and what's to be done. Advice free.

DYSPEPSIA AND ANY DERANGEMENT OF the digestive organs cured by Maguire's Dyspepsia Cure. At Harless' Drug Store, 18 South Fifth street.

LADIES—If you want to learn how to cut dresses to measure call at 2723 Washington ave.

MAGUIRE'S Curative and Injection at Harless' Drug Store, 18 South Fifth street.

MR. ARTHUR FLEISCHER has been admitted a partner in the firm of Geo. A. Rubelman & Co. St. Louis, January 3, 1881.

MME. REID, a graduate of the St. Louis School of Midwives. Ladies in trouble call. Board during confinement. Letters confidential. Residence 1726 Chouteau avenue.

MARTIN'S SHORT-HAND INSTITUTE. 222 S. Twelfth street, established 1876. Get circular and catalogue.

MECHANIC in good standing, with $5,000 in cash capital, wants the acquaintance of a lady of means. My age is 25 years. Intentions, matrimony. Address George Dexter Shafer, care Early House, 14 Union street, Terre Haute, Ind.

PERSONAL—Sore throat, consumption, bronchial catarrh, lung diseases, cough, treated successfully. Call or write. Dr. St. Joseph, 621 N. Fifth st. Advice free.

PERSONAL—Tousley's Sneezeless Catarrh Snuff for catarrh, cold in the head, etc. A sure cure or no pay. The headquarters for this is Laclede Pharmacy, Sixth and Chestnut sts. Open all night.

PERSONAL—Lilly darling come back, all is forgiven; you know we cannot live apart. See address in this morning's Globe-Democrat Edgar.

PERSONAL—Mrs. Laura De Knevett, spiritual-ist, natural clairvoyant, trance, test and business medium. 1413 Morgan street.

PERSONAL—Mrs. Lankton, Indian Fortune-Teller, 921 North Seventh (side entrance), between Franklin avenue and Wash street.

PERSONAL—B. N. Harlan, 1136 Washington avenue. The Old Original Pleater Man makes all kinds of Pleating out of all kinds of material in the best manner, on the shortest notice, for the least money.

PERSONAL—Lightning cleansing compound will remove grease, paint and all other spots from cloth, silk, satin, etc., and cleans kid gloves to perfection. Try it. It can be found at Laclede Pharmacy, Sixth and Chestnut sts. Open all night.

PERSONAL—B. R. Harlan, 1436 Washington av. The old original pleater man, makes all kinds of pleating out of all kinds of material in the best manner, on the shortest notice, for the least money.

PERSONAL—To whom it may concern—Please call and get your wax flowers, No. 11, and oblige 2710.

THOSE who contemplate making presents will do well to visit F. W. Dosten's jewelry store, 619 Olive street, where a fine assortment of watches, clocks, silverware and jewelry can be found; also watches, clocks and jewelry repaired and warranted.

WANTED—The acquaintance of a young lady by a young man of 25; object fun; address R. 25, W. St. Louis P. O.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

1309 WASHINGTON AVE.—Wanted a man about kitchen; also dining room boy.

A YOUNG man of good address wanted as News Agent. Call at six o'clock p. m., Plum and Main streets.

A GOOD penman as correspondent; address at once with reference. Business, this office.

A YOUNG man of 19, who can take care of horses or act as coachman in private family; is willing and active; can take hold of anything; can milk; terms moderate. Please address M. R., this office.

A MAN and his wife to work for a family of two for general housework; apply at corner of Third and Missouri avenue, East St. Louis.

A YOUTH wanted that can make candy; apply at 2015 Franklin avenue.

BAKER at 2006 Broadway; must be a sober man.

BOY wanted from 10 to 14 years of age, will have a comfortable home, and receive pay per month. Call at once at 112 N. Thirteenth street.

BOY accustomed to house and table work wanted. Must be steady and industrious; address Waiter Boy, this office.

BOY wanted in the frame gilding shop, 717 Olive.

GOOD penman wanted as correspondent; address with references for two days, B. E. & Co., this office.

GOOD penman wanted as correspondent; address for 2 days, with references, B. E. & Co., this office.

MAN who understands taking care of horses and gardening wanted; apply to H. M. Smit, No. 726 Morgan street.

METAL Pattern Maker; one familiar with the gating of patterns and small work; apply to St. Louis Malleable Iron Co., 2116 Market st.

NO. 1 coachman. Address T. W. Johnston, 806 Fourth st.

FIRST-CLASS man with small capital in a light manufacturing business. A fine opportunity. Address Walter Frost, this office.

GOOD plumbers wanted at 2604 market street.

PRACTICAL plumbers wanted at 2604 Market street; best wages.

SMALL boy to work in coffee house at 517½ Market. Wages $1 50 a week and board.

TEACHER to give lessons on the guitar; none but an experienced person need apply, at No. 13 South Twenty second street.

WANTED—Situation by man and wife; man to do general work; woman to cook; address T. B., this office.

WANTED—A young man between 18 and 20 who can milk and take care of stock. Butcher, Fourteenth, near College ave.

WANTED—A first-class colored cook at 2828 Morgan st.

WANTED—A man who understands the care of fine horses, carriages, etc. J. H. Reel, Bellefontaine Road, 10 miles north of city.

WANTED—A boy that has worked in restaurant. 504 Market street.

WANTED—Good, steady coal miners; new shaft, new houses and plenty of work all the year around; apply to Beard, Hickox & Co. Braceville, Grundy Co., Ill., or J. R. Adams & Co., 109 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—A boy to make himself useful. Call at Gazette office, East St. Louis, Ill.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Balance of stock on hand in our store, corner of Main and Vine streets, Carondelet, consisting of clothing, hats, caps and gents' furnishing goods. The fixtures are also for sale and the store for rent. It is a long established clothing stand and one of the best locations in that part of the city.

E. LE MARCHAL & SON.

FOR SALE—An evening route on the P.-D. Apply at office at 3 p. m. Inquire for J. M. Johnson.

FOR SALE—New furniture of five rooms, complete, for housekeeping; cheapest rent in St. Louis. Address B. B. L., this office.

FOR SALE—A nice soft coal parlor store $1. Apply 1120 Pine.

FOR SALE—A good route of a German daily paper, the route brings over $12 a week. Apply at 923 North Seventh street, third floor, from 8 to 12 o'clock.

FOR SALE—One portable steam engine 25-horse power. Call at Thos. McCabe's, No. 1400 Collins street.

FOR SALE—One large iron safe 6 feet high, combination lock. Call at Thos. McCabe's, No. 1400 Collins street.

FOR SALE—One French dresser chamber suit, one nice hair cloth parlor suit, four good carpets, one sole leather trunk with steel bands, at 1306 Olive st.

STALLER cutter for sale cheap at 105 South Third street.

TO all wanting a small home—A small cottage of 5 rooms, all in beautiful order, for $100 cash and balance in small monthly payments of $10 to $20. Price $1,500, or will be rented for $12. Has corner lot, sheds, etc., and near street cars. C. M. Seaman, 625 Olive st., up stairs.

WANTED SITUATIONS—MALES.

A SITUATION wanted by a competent analytical chemist, experienced in technical analysis. Address "Chemist," No. 22 South Tenth street St. Louis.

A YOUNG man of ability with ten years' experience, wants to take charge of a dry goods or general store in a country town; first-class reference; Address M. J., 29 this office.

A STEADY young man of 20 wishes a position in a jobbing or wholesale house; writes a good hand and understands bookkeeping; salary no object; address Wm. Gorman, Lowell, city for G. A. C.

ANY kind of a situation wanted by a young, strong German (married). Please address B. C., this office.

A YOUNG man of 21 years wishes to learn a trade of any kind; address 3 X., this office.

BY a trustworthy young man; a situation in a store; am not afraid of work; will work for $1 per day; address Harry H., this office.

BY a young Englishman a situation to attend horses and cows; good driver, milker, understands stock, and willing to be useful. Address E. H. V., this office.

BY a young man from the country, a situation in some grocery store. Work no object, money main object. Address J. H. B., this office.

BY a young man aged 23; writes French and English, an opportunity to learn the printing trade. City reference given. A. B., this office.

BY a young man (Catholic) to fill a position of trust. Can give good security; address J. T., this office.

BY a middle-aged man, work wanted; can do most anything; small wages; address Painter, 821 Walnut street.

BY a young man of good reputation, a situation as bartender; can give good references, and will work for any reasonable wages; address W., this office.

BY a young man aged 23; speaks and writes both French and English; an opportunity to learn printing.

BY a young man, aged 20; can make himself useful in laundry. Address Laundry, this office.

BOY wishes a situation; willing to do anything but housework and stabling. Address S. H., this office.

GOOD honest boy 14 years old wishes a situation in a grocery; can write a fair hand. Call or address John Smith, 2606 Vineyard st.

GENTLEMAN speaking English and German, wants employment for a few hours a day. E. G., this office.

GOOD honest boy 15 years old, wishes a situation, who is willing to do anything. Call or address John Smith, 2606 Vineyard st.

HARNESS-MAKER, No. 1 fine workman, would like a good steady job right away; address C. E. R., 1914 N. Ninth st., city.

MAN 28 years of age, lately employed as foreman on railroad work, wishes employment; good references from two last employers; would like a position as watchman; address Charles Fay, this office.

MAN fully acquainted with city trade, wants a situation to solicit, collect, or shipping clerk. Best of references. Address S., this office.

MAN and wife want a situation in some private family for general work; woman is a good cook, man is willing to do anything; are without children. Please address Mrs. Mary B., this office.

MAN and wife want situations on a farm; woman for general housework. Address W.L., this office.

NO. 1 cook who has worked in most all the leading hotels in this country; has an experience of near fifteen years; truly acquainted in meat and pastry, wants a situation in the city or country. Will work reasonable. Address C. L., this office.

PRACTICAL machinist of long experience wants a situation. Address Robert P., 822 Market street.

POSITION on sheep farm or ranch on shares or wages, by man of experience, or position in country store. H. D. S., care Johnson, this office.

POSITION to travel in Arkansas for a dry goods, Clothing, Boot and Shoe or Hat House. Best of reference given; address X., this office. Is well acquainted in that state.

SMART, intelligent boy, aged 15, understands music some, wishes a situation in a piano store; can give best of references; address Boy, 1120 Pine street.

SITUATION wanted in private boarding-house or waiter in hotel. Address H. W., 2408 N. Sixteenth street.

SITUATION to run a stationary engine; sober and competent. Address E. M., P. O. box 989, Alton, Ill.

SITUATION wanted by a young, industrious and sober man, age 20 years, as porter, hostler or anything to make a living by. Not afraid of work. Address Geo. Ellis, Laclede Rolling Mill, North St. Louis.

SITUATION in a printing office by a boy of 17, has worked eight months at the business; address C. B., this office.

SITUATION by a healthy and intelligent boy of 17 who will do any kind of decent work for a small salary. Address Mark Herold, this office.

SITUATION—By a jockey as a cow-boy in Texas or Colorado. Address M. H., this office.

STENOGRAPHIC—A practical experienced stenographer desires employment. Stenographer, this office.

SITUATION by a young man of good address for general office work; is a good penman; will work for small wages. Address H. Lanson, 2805 Laclede avenue, city.

SITUATION by a young man of good address in some office to do general work. Is an experienced short-hand writer. Address W. Glover, 2325 Chestnut st., city.

SITUATION by a boy of 17 in a printing office; 8 months' experience. Address, stating wages, Charles B., this office.

SITUATION wanted by a competent druggist of 8 years' experience. Will work for low wages. Good references given. Address Pharmacist, this office.

SITUATION by a boy of fifteen in some wholesale house as office boy; can give best of references as to honesty and ability; address Andrew W., this office.

SITUATION as coachman; am able to give best of city reference. Address W., this office.

SITUATION by a boy of 15 in some law or real estate office. Best of references; address C. R. N., this office.

SITUATION wanted by a young man, first-class cook; apply to Hermann Gath, 503 S. Fifth.

SITUATION by a young man as shipping or bill clerk in a jobbing or wholesale house; wages no object; best of city refs.; address G. C., this of.

SITUATION as traveling salesman; groceries preferred. Good references. Address P. O. box 11, Jackson, Tenn.

SITUATION wanted by a young man who has had two years' experience as horse-shoer. Horse-shoer, this office.

SITUATION wanted by an elderly gentleman who has had a good experience in life and fire insurance for many years; address Insurance, 518 Myrtle street.

TRUSTWORTHY young man wants a situation in a clothing or dry goods house; will work for $1 per day. Address Harry H., this office.

WANTED—A young married man just arrived from England, a place to work as a laborer, is willing to do any kind of laboring work; address John Dawson, 1249 S. Third street, rear. Has been four years in the British Navy.

WANTED—Copying to do at home. Address 836 South Eighth street.

WANTED—A situation in a wholesale boot and shoe house by a young man to learn the business. Address H. M., this office.

YOUNG man desires engagement with wholesale house, either as assistant to bookkeeper, shipping clerk, or in any capacity he can make himself useful. Halstead, this office.

WANTED—Addressing circulars or copying, by a good penman. Address Copy, this office.

WANTED—Situation as collector, solicitor, bookkeeper or any kind of office work by an experienced man; good penman and large city acquaintance. Address G. W. P.

WANTED—Employment by a sober man either as salesman in a wholesale or retail house or as stock clerk in the former; not afraid of work; anxious for work in some good house. Good references. Address J., 708 Chestnut st.

WANTED—Situation by a competent and experienced analytical chemist, in a manufacturing establishment; best references. Address Chemist, 22 South Tenth street.

WANTED—Employment by a young man of twenty, good in arithmetic and understands bookkeeping. E. A. Jones, 864 N. Sixth st.

WANTED—A situation as carriage driver or hostler. Can furnish the best city reference if required. Apply at 806 North Fourth street. J. W. Johnson.

WANTED—Situation as bar-tender; good references given; address W. A., this office.

WANTED—By a sober, industrious young man, age 23, a situation as salesman, clerk, porter or anything to enable him to gain an honest living; speaks English and Spanish; can give good city references; address H. H. Monell, 2043 Clark avenue.

WANTED—Situation by a man of family in need of employment, as watchman, foreman, collector, light porter, deliverer or anything else; best reference. Please address R. R., for three days, this office.

YOUNG professional man would like a set of books to post, collections to make or any work occupying only part of his time. Very reliable, and very best reference. Address F. J., this office.

YOUNG man good penman and book-keeper, with part of the day to spare, would like to find employment for unoccupied time. Address Dixon, this office.

YOUNG man of good address will give $25 for a good situation as clerk and $300 as security. Address Frank, this office.

YOUNG man wants to give lessons in German, French, Latin and Greek for little money. Address H. G., this office.

YOUNG man not afraid of work wants employment in private family; willing to do anything about the house. Ad. W. J. C., this office.

WANTED SITUATIONS—MALES.

BY an experienced fireman; situation wanted; is sober and industrious; understands the care and management of engine; good reference; address Fireman, this office.

BY a young man; a situation as sexton of a church of any kind; thoroughly understands the business. Address John McGrath, 703 Summit ave.

BY a sober industrious man not afraid of work; a situation. Wages no object; address G. L. M., 4115 N. Second st., North St. Louis.

TINNER with 6 years' experience (assortment work) wants a situation in the city or country; willing to work at anything. Please address Tinner, 2818 Broadway.

VARNISHER wishes a situation in a factory or store. Address F. H., this office.

YOUNG man, age 25, would like to hear from a plain young lady. Object fun and amusement. Address Confidential, this office.

YOUNG man well acquainted in town and well versed in English and German, wishes some situation. Address N. B., this office.

YOUNG man desires situation as entry clerk, salesman or porter; good penman and correct at figures. Will work cheap, and do anything. W. H. Frank, 817 Washington ave.

YOUNG man who professes to possess the necessary material for making a good newspaper writer, desires a situation in that capacity. A. B. C., this office.

YOUNG man of 20 wants a situation to learn the wholesale grocery business, is quick in figures, and not afraid of work. Must have some wages, as he has a mother and little sister to support. Address A. B., this office.

YOUNG man of good address wants a situation as shipping clerk in a wholesale house. Will work for small wages. Address H. Lawson, 2805 Laclede avenue, city.

YOUNG man of 18 has 3 years' experience in wire works, wishes a situation. Address A. E., this office.

YOUNG man of good habits wishes employment; is not afraid of work. Address B., this office.

YOUNG man of 20 wishes situation. Is a first-class designer in carving and will work. Is a fine worker, can give best of references and will show samples of work. 1120 Pine.

YOUNG man of 18 wishes to learn the grocery business; is living with parents. Can give good references or bonds. Willing to work and understands bookkeeping. Address E. J., this office.

WANTED SITUATIONS—FEMALES.

A YOUNG widow, with two children to take care of, would like day work of some kind, gentlemen's stores or offices to scrub, or would do washing; must make a living; address Necessity, this of.

BY a worthy lady; copying, posting or bookkeeping that can be done at home; any kind of writing done in good order. Best of reference. Please address Lena, this office.

BY a German girl, a place for housework and nursing. Address Miss Katy, West End P. O.

BY a refined, discreet kind lady; a position as housekeeper for a middle-aged gentleman; address C. D., this office.

COMPETENT lady book-keeper desires sit. in a wholesale house; 2706 North Ninth street.

COMPETENT dressmaker will go out in families by the day or week; address M. N., 1601 O'Fallon street.

FIRST-CLASS dining room girl wants a situation to do dining-room or chamber work. 1401 N. Twelfth street, Working Woman's Home.

FANCY or plain needlework to do at home, or dressmaking for children. Call on or address 521 Myrtle st.

GIRL wants a place to do housework, or a in the work of a small family; 1614 Wash.

HOUSEKEEPER—A widow woman wishes a situation as housekeeper; address No. 6 S. Fourteenth street, third floor.

LADY proof-reader wishes a situation; can also set type. Address A. G., this office.

OPPORTUNITY wanted to work for board by a person employed five hours a day, or would leave present situation to do nursing. 1401 North Twelfth street, Working Woman's Home.

POSITION in some family by a young woman; an excellent seamstress and housekeeper. Would nurse a convalescent, or travel, if desired. Address W. P., this office.

POSITION by a lady of refinement, energy and capability as housekeeper and companion in a refined home where intelligence and faithfulness will be required. Address L. L., this office.

SITUATION wanted by a girl (up stairs); will help with other work. 507 Wash street. Address A. D., this office.

SITUATION as housekeeper by a young widow; can give the best of references; fond of children, having lost her own; none but first-class persons need answer. Address Mrs. Ellen Mar, City Postoffice.

SITUATION as watchman, collector, foreman, light porter, driver of delivery wagon, or anything else. Best reference. Please Address B. R., this office.

TWO girls want situations; to take care of children or to do housework. 1232 southeast corner of Fourteenth and O'Fallon.

WANTED—By an intelligent, sensible and industrious lady a position as housekeeper for a middle-aged gentleman; call or address Mrs. M., 1234 North Fourteenth street.

WANTED—Situation to do nursing. Is kind and attentive to children. 1401 N. Twelfth st., Working Woman's Home.

WANTED—Plain sewing of all kinds will be done very cheap. Send postal. Will call on premises for work. Reference or security given. Mrs. J. E. Tuttle, South St. Louis.

WOULD like to take in washing at 1319 N. Tenth street.

YOUNG girl wants a situation as housegirl for light work or nurse. C. G., this office.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

AN experienced infant's nurse, with reference, who can sew and be generally useful. Willing to travel. Call at room No. 316, Windsor Flats, after 2 o'clock p. m.

AN active respectable house girl. Apply at 2808 Locust street.

BY a widower, with no children, wanted, a steady woman as housekeeper. Address A. B. C., this office.

COOK wanted and a boy to take care of horse. Apply 3660 Finney avenue.

COLORED girl 12 years old wanted for housework. References required. 3501 Chestnut.

DINING-ROOM girl wanted at once at 1206 Washington ave.

GOOD servant girl wanted; good treatment. Apply at Mrs. Harris', 1427 Penrose avenue.

GOOD girl wanted for general housework; good wages: 2901 Chestnut street.

GIRL to do general housework wanted. Inquire at rear of 714 O'Fallon street.

GOOD girl for general housework; German preferred. Inquire at F. A. Mack's drug store, S. W. corner Lafayette avenue and Linn st.

GOOD tidy girl as nurse. Apply to J. Franklin's, 3001 Lafayette ave., corner Todd ave.

GIRL from 10 to 12 years old, to nurse at 1808 Olive st.

GIRL to do general housework; no washing. Apply at 1300 Webster avenue, or 602 Franklin avenue.

GIRL for general housework wanted—Restaurant Pourcher, corner Ninth and Olive.

GIRL for general housework wanted in a small family; good home. 3039 Dickson st.

GOOD girl for general housework; family of two. Apply soon at 2850 N. Twelfth.

GOOD girl for general housework; 133 Washington ave.

GOOD dining-room girl and house girl wanted at 1108 Locust st.

HOUSEMAID wanted—Apply at 2808 Locust st.

OUR HOMES, 312 N. Eighth st., opposite Custom House, has first-class places for good cooks and house girls.

WANTED—At the Green Tree Hotel, East St. Louis; two girls for dining-room, and two girls for kitchen. Good wages paid.

WANTED—A good girl to do house work and cook. 1809 Preston place.

WANTED—A girl from 14 to 16 to take care of children. 1809 Preston place.

WANTED—Two girls to work in restaurant; call at 117 North Ninth street.

WANTED—A good German girl as cook; no washing. Apply at John Bosse's on Main street opposite the Market House, Carondelet.

WANTED—A girl at 2204 Gamble avenue.

WANTED—A girl 12 to 15 years of age, good treatment, in family of two and child. Apply to Mrs. Davis, 2311 North Tenth street, on second floor.

WANTED—1602 Olive street, a good girl for general housework.

WANTED—Two dish washers, 612 Pine street.

WANTED—A girl, 15 or 16 years old, to assist in housework; apply at 1909 Lucas avenue.

WANTED—Woman to wash and iron. Apply at 1404 St. Ange ave.

WANTED—A girl to wash dishes at 301 South Fourth.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; apply at 2849 Clark avenue.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in a family of three. 1617 O'Fallon st.

YOUNG girl wanted at 2640 Ohio ave.

YOUNG girl to work at Webster; apply at 1008 Washington ave. at 10 a. m. to-morrow.

FOR RENT.

410 MYRTLE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms for single gents, or gents and wives at low rates.

707 N. NINTH—Unfurnished front room.

709 N. TWENTY-THIRD ST.—Two rooms and kitchen first floor.

801 MORGAN ST.—First-class lodging and furnished rooms.

914 MORGAN—Two rooms for rent, furnished or unfurnished, for light housekeeping.

1008 WASHINGTON AVE.—Two rooms on second floor; will be rented to a good tenant for $8.

1012½ WASHINGTON AVE.—A small store very low—only $10 per month.

1120 PINE—Parlor furnished or unfurnished, water and bath in the room. Rent very low.

1309 WASHINGTON AVE.—Well furnished room with board.

1324 OLIVE—Furnished front room; pleasant location.

1407 PINE—Two nicely fur. rooms, second floor front, with gas and fire; also, small rooms.

1507 PINE—Nicely furnished second-story front room for two gents; fire, gas, bath. Rent low.

1718 MORGAN STREET—Two rooms; rent low.

1829 OLIVE—Two furnished rooms with board

2323 OLIVE street, one or two handsomely furnished or unfurnished rooms en suite, gas, bath, etc.; private family; references.

2323 OLIVE ST.—One handsomely furnished or unfurnished front third-story room, and bath. References exchanged.

3030 THOMAS ST.—Three nicely furnished rooms.

A NICELY furnished second-story front room. 1502 Pine.

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms, with or without board. 330 S. Fourteenth st.

FOR RENT—521 Myrtle street, nicely furnished second story front room, southern exposure, gas and fire; also small rooms.

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms at 1132 North Sixth street.

FURNISHED front room $10 per month, with or without board, at 1009 North Sixth street.

FOR RENT—1602 Olive street a handsomely furnished front parlor; also a hall bed-room.

FOR RENT—Storage room 75x125 feet, one floor of a building on North Main street. Inquire of Brown, Dugan & Co.

FOR RENT—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms, southern exposure. 2735 Morgan st.

FOR RENT—Small hall room furnished (with fire), two blocks from Court-house, at $6 per month. C. LeRoy, this office.

FOR RENT—Very comfortable room well furnished, near Twenty-eighth and Olive, suitable for one or two quiet gentlemen in a private family, where no other roomers or boarders are taken. Address Housekeeper, this office.

FOR rent at 1306 Chestnut street, two furnished rooms en suite for light housekeeping; terms reasonable.

LARGE front room, pleasant and well furnished; rent with coal and gas $20 per month without board. 1324 Olive st.

NICELY furnished front room for rent in a private family, 818 Olive street. Terms moderate.

NICE cottage for rent, 3 rooms and basement, on Twenty-third, between Cass avenue and O'Fallon. Apply at 2435 Biddle st.

NICELY furnished room in private family for two gents, who will be permanent if suited. Location east of Sixteenth street. Terms must be moderate. Address, stating terms, etc., M. P., this office.

PLEASANT furnished rooms for rent with fire, S. E. corner Eleventh and Franklin ave.

THREE or four unfurnished rooms within 10 or 12 blocks from the Post-office from February 1st, rent $10 per month; address J. L., this office.

TO rent—Small cottage house, three rooms; inquire 1301 Chambers street.

TWO neatly furnished rooms, second floor front and back, suitable for gentlemen. Address 615 S. Fourth st.

TWO nice front offices; privilege of storage; second and third floors. Apply at 114 N. Commercial street.

THREE rooms in first-class neighborhood, Stoddard Addition, second floor, all conveniences, American family, suitable for light housekeeping. Reference given and required. Address 47, this office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Saturday, January 8, a large brown dog; had on a leather collar studded with brass nails and a small piece of rope attached. A liberal reward will be given for the return of the dog to W. M. Horton, 701 North Main.

LOST—Wednesday going from Garrison ave. to Grand ave., a horse-shoe pin, set with diamonds and ruby. Finder please ad. M. E. B., Post-Dispatch.

LOST—Christmas, a young man of seventeen, but looking much older, having black moustache and whiskers, wearing black pants and short coat and gray cap. Cannot speak anything but Swedish and is slightly demented and refuses to talk; any information will be gladly received at 1339 North Ninth.

LOST—About 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon, in a Gravois blue bob-tail car, a lady's red pocket-book, with handle, containing about $15. Finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving same at 1034 Winter street or 17 South Fifth street, St. Louis. C. E. Mussey.

ON December 31, black Newfoundland dog six months old. Reward will be paid if returned to 1113 North Market st.

LOST OR STOLEN—At the saloon corner of Fifth and Walnut, Christmas night, a fine black overcoat. Finder will please bring it to W. E. Yoeman, Planters' House, and receive reward. No questions asked.

LOST—Large red Russia leather pocket-book containing a $2 bill, an application for membership to the Foresters, besides other papers. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to F. G. M., Post-Dispatch office, 111 North Fifth street.

LOST—Friday evening en route home, my salary inclosed in envelope with my name, J. Page. Finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving same at Messrs. S. C. Davis & Co.'s.

FOUND—Purse containing small sum of money; owner can have by calling and proving same at 508 N. Fifth street.

STRAYED—From 2027 Carr street on Monday evening, December 27, one dark bay mule, 15½ hands high, shod all round. Return to above number and receive reward.

OWNER wanted for a pocket-book, gloves and watch left at my place, 821 Locust street, four weeks ago last Saturday.

STRAY NOTICE—Gray horse about 10 years old; marks C. S. on left shoulder; owner can have by calling at 2129 Franklin avenue, by paying all expenses.

LOST—A Scotch terrier bitch, 8 months old, gray in color; answers to name of "Gypsy." Finder will be rewarded by bringing her to 3503 Chesnut.

LOST—January 4, a bunch of five keys on ring. Liberal reward if left at this office.

$5 REWARD.—Will pay the above reward for the papers in the inside breast pocket of the brown striped ulster taken from Milford's restaurant on the evening of the 3d. Deliver at Post-Dispatch office. No questions asked.

FOUND—Pocket-book supposed to belong to M. J. Boland. Call at 421 North Twelfth street.

FOUND—A young Spaniel dog, the owner can recover the same by proving property and paying expenses at 2519 North Twelfth street.

STRAY NOTICE—Gray horse about 10 years old; marks C. S., on left shoulder; owner can have by calling at 2129 Franklin avenue, by paying all expenses.

WANTED—ROOMS.

A FURNISHED front room wanted in a quiet part of the city where there are no children. Bixie, this office.

BY a gentleman, a comfortably furnished room with fire and gas, near the business community. References given and required. Address H. R. C., this office

GENTLEMAN wishes board for himself and wife in a private family where there are no other boarders; location first-class; terms moderate. Address with full particulars, Room 12, Lindell Hotel.

TWO Furnished Rooms wanted by gent. and wife, suitable for light housekeeping. Must be in a respectable neighborhood, terms moderate; references exchanged. Address, with particulars, E. M., this office.

WANTED—By a gentleman and wife, a front room, with alcove or bed-room connecting and bath, on second floor; in strictly private family, without board; west of Jefferson avenue, Pine, Locust and Washington avenue. References exchanged. Answer immediately. Address Z. K.

WANTED—A comfortable room, with or without board, for two gents, in private family. Address, with terms, C. B., this office.

YOUNG man employed in a wholesale house wants a comfortably furnished room in a private family, south of Washington avenue and east of Thirteenth street. Satisfactory references. Terms must be reasonable. Address J. E. Murray, care this office.

AGENTS WANTED.

A FEW first-class agents wanted. Call at room 4, corner of Fourth and Locust streets, entrance 414 Locust.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Stockholders Meeting.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—A meeting of the stockholders of the Citizens' Railway Company will be held on January 15, 1881, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 12 m., at the Company's office, corner of Prairie avenue and St. Charles Rock Road, to vote upon the acceptance of ordinance No. 11,-528 of the city of St. Louis, approved December 27, 1880.

JULIUS S. WALSH, President.
GEO. KAUFHOLD, Secretary.
St. Louis, January 5, 1881.

ELECTION NOTICES.

OFFICE OF KEOKUK NORTHERN LINE PKT. CO., ST. LOUIS, December 21, 1880.

THE regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Keokuk Northern Line Packet Co. will be held at the company's office in St. Louis, Wednesday, January 19, 1881, from 9 a. m. until one (1) o'clock p. m., for the election of nine (9) Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them.

F. L. JOHNSTON, Sec'y. D. HUNKINS, Pres.

ELECTION NOTICE.—Office St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, southeast corner of Seventh and Locust streets, St. Louis, January 3, 1881. The annual meeting of the members of this company will be held at their office on Monday, the 17th day of January, A. D. 1881, at 10 o'clock a. m., to receive reports and to elect three Directors. Polls open till 1 o'clock p. m.

JOHN J. SUTTER, Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Joseph and St. Louis Railroad Company for the election of directors and the transaction of other business will be held in room No. 8, Third National Bank building, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., March 1, 1881.

AUGUSTUS KOONTZ, President.
N. E. GOULDY, Secretary.

THE VALLEY NATIONAL BANK OF ST. LOUIS, December 28, 1880.

THE regular annual election for eleven Directors of this Bank to serve for the ensuing year will be held on Tuesday, January 25, 1881, at the banking rooms.

Polls open from 12 m. until 2 p. m.

G. H. GODDARD, Cashier.

ST. LOUIS STONEWARE CO.—The regular annual election for three (3) Directors of this company will be held on Monday, January 17, 1881, at the office, 708 Locust street. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 12 m.

LEVIN W. STEWART, Sec'y.
January 1, 1881.

MIDLAND BLAST FURNACE CO., No. 417 Pine Street, ST. LOUIS, January 5, 1881.

THE regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Midland Blast Furnace Company for the election of seven directors to serve during the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented, will be held at the office of the Company, 417 Pine street, St. Louis, Mo., on Wednesday, January 26, 1881.

Polls open from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.

W. H. LEE, Sec'y. E. C. STERLING, Pres.

USEFUL HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

Opera Glasses, from $2 50 to $50.
Solid Gold Spectacles for $5 and up.
Solid Gold Eye-Glasses, $5 and up.
Thermometers, fancy and Stands.
Barometers in all varieties.
Magic Lanterns for the Children.
Stereoscopes and Views

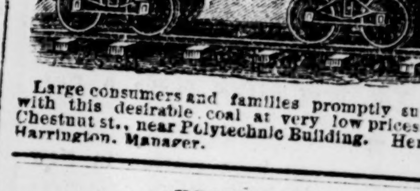
AT

ALOE, HERNSTEIN & CO.'S

OPTICAL ESTABLISHMENT,
Corner Fourth and Olive Streets.

A Card to the Ladies.

Dr. F. J. Williamson, corner Franklin avenue and Ninth street, St. Louis, Mo., has been appointed sole authorized agent for the sale of Dr. Felix Le Brun's French Female Regulator. A positive cure for all diseases peculiar to females. Simple, certain, sure. It strikes at the root of all those distressing, disagreeable, perplexing and dangerous diseases which destroy health, beauty, and long life. Sent securely sealed, by mail, on receipt of price—$3 per package or four packages for ten dollars. It will never disappoint you. We guarantee four packages to cure any disease peculiar to woman, and will give a guarantee agreeing to refund the money if a cure is not effected. Send six cents in stamps for our New Guide to Health. Regulator and pamphlets must be ordered from agent whose name appears above. Sold only by authorized agents. DR. FELIX LEBRUN & Co., Proprietors, Chicago, Ill.



Large consumers and families promptly supplied with this desirable coal at very low prices. 720 Chestnut st., near Polytechnic Building. Henry F. Harrington, Manager.

BOARDING.

2334 OLIVE ST.—One third-story front room with or without board.

2936 LOCUST ST., with board, a large, delightful front room, furnished or unfurnished.

ROOM and board in a private house for the winter; widow lady preferred; address J. C. Williams, Postoffice.

BOARDING—1522 Olive. Delightful rooms; comforts of a nice home guaranteed; strictly private family.

PRIVATE family; second-story, well-furnished room; with or without board. Ad. E. R., th. of.

PRIVATE family can accommodate first-class party with room and excellent board; address Board, this office.

TWO young lady boarders. Ad. S. A., Post-office.

BOOKS.

10,000 STANDARD New and Old Books; 6 different Encyclopædias, Law and Medical Books Cheap. Cash paid for Libraries. Drop a note. I will buy or sell. Dan Linahan, Bookseller, Fourth and Washington avenue.

F. ARCHER HAS REMOVED HIS LARGE STOCK of new and second-hand books from Seventh and Olive to 205 N. Sixth street.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING BUREAU.

ADVERTISERS can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of Advertising in American Papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce street, New York. Send for a circular.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER in some legitimate business already established preferred; have $3,500 cash; best reference given and required; address W. S., 2710 Dayton st.

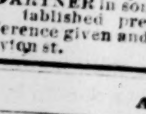
ALL SORTS.

A LARGE assortment of unredeemed pledges of all descriptions in great variety for sale at the Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 S. Fourth st.

COAL—HALL & CO., 23d and Morgan, the most popular market in the city. Send your postal.



BAUMAN'S Scale Warehouse. Established in 1848. Oldest Established Scale House in the West. 122 and 124 Market street.



The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 513 Walnut St.
Loans large and small amounts, builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.



A. BANCHEREL, Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Corner Main and Spruce streets. Painting and Repairing.

NOTICE. All goods and pledges left with J. S. Ross deceased, and remaining, on hand up to the 18th of November, have been transferred to S. J. Mason, 213 N. Fifth street.

ST. LOUIS Eye and Ear Institute, 723 Chestnut st. Dr. A. D. Williams, surgeon in charge.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

111 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

JOSEPH PULITZER,

PROPRIETOR.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY

(Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.)

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

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Six months	4 50
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All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed,

POST-DISPATCH,
111 North Fifth Street.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Fun on the Bristol.

OLYMPIC—Hearts of Oak.

POPE'S—Cinderella.

The POST-DISPATCH has much the largest BONA FIDE circulation ever attained by any afternoon paper in St. Louis; it has a larger city circulation than any morning paper in St. Louis (except one); its receipts for circulation by carriers are ten times as large, and it sells twenty times as many papers on the streets, by newsboys, as all other afternoon publications combined.

No ice blockade in the East can deprive St. Louis of her oysters. We can bring our bivalves from New Orleans.

It is very generally agreed that Mme. Bernhardt has wonderful eyes. There can be no great acting without phenomenal eyes.

THE Hookers are all fond of "tod." There was Fighting Joe, you know. He could absorb stimulants like a New England deacon.

AN interesting article on the Mexican Railway System, copied from the New York *Sun*, is reproduced elsewhere. This is a subject that touches St. Louis nearly.

IT is said that the country is being flooded with counterfeit ten cent pieces. The Senatorial auctions in various States have probably called them into existence.

GEN. GRANT writes fluently and forcibly on the subject of a Nicaraguan Canal. His arguments are almost as powerful as those he used to use in behalf of the annexation of San Domingo.

MEMBERS of Congress have been abusing the franking privilege again, and there is to be an investigation. Some of them seem to have been abusing the drinking privilege most outrageously of late, too.

AN oyster famine is to be the next affliction. The rivers and bays in the East are so filled with ice that the oyster dredgers can't work and the supply is running short. The poor oyster needs a rest, anyhow.

A NEW organ has been started in New York City under the title of *The American Protectionist*. From this it may be inferred that the wealthy manufacturers of the East are getting ready to call upon Congress for a little more tariff assistance.

THE Republicans of Indiana have nominated Ben. Harrison to succeed McDonald in the Senate, and in Connecticut General Hawley has been named to succeed Senator Eaton—a clear gain of two Republicans but a loss of at least twelve ounces of brain to the Senate.

PROTESTS are coming up from negroes all over the country against the appointment of Bruce to a Cabinet position. It is claimed that he has never done anything for the race. This theory will bar out all men of color save Fred. Douglass and J. Milton Turner.

THE Monroe Doctrinites are beginning to buzz in Washington. Their feebleness is being employed now as a patriotic shield for a lot of jobbers who want to dig in Nicaraugua and Panama under the old flag and a big appropriation for citizens of American descent.

COL. FAIR, the California millionaire, was elected to the United States Senate by the Democrats of Nevada yesterday, and Gen. Miller, a wealthy legal gentleman, purchased the Republican Senatorship in California. This is what sporting men would call a "stand off."

THE Military Committee of the Senate does not seem in a state of feverish anxiety about the Logan measure to make Grant an army pensioner for life. The matter has been pushed aside until next week. Meanwhile Grant should make another lobbying trip to Washington.

CONSIDERABLE time was spent in the National Senate yesterday over a bill to eradicate tramps, vagrants and beggars from the District of Columbia. Before the measure becomes a law a clause should be inserted making it a penal offence for ex-members of Congress to hang around Washington under pretence of practicing law.

THERE are some ludicrous sides indeed to office-seeking. The spectacle of old Dorsheimer hanging around Jefferson City and begging Gov. Crittenden for a Police-Commissionership must have caused a smile to irradiate the faces of the toughest of the pap-hunting crowd.

A SILVER medal has been presented to Frank J. Bowman because he kept his word December 23, 1880. If Bowman had been furnished with a leather medal every time he has broken his word he would have stock enough on hand now to half-sole the shoes of the entire human race.

LAST Sunday the Washington *Post* attempted to print a collossal cut of Mrs. Garfield under the striking caption of "The Next Mistress of the White House." According to the artist in this case, Mrs. G. appears to be a poor washerwoman sadly overworked and on bad terms with her drinking husband. Her left eye bespeaks metacarpal contusion.

THE Ohio Republicans have nominated John Sherman for the Senate, and we are assured by the *Globe-Democrat* this morning that in this contest the great American lizzard had the usufruct of the tow-line that pulled Grant through the small end of the horn at Chicago. We presume that the celebrated Saratoga interview was brought out and distributed among the Republican members of the Legislature.

IT is a peculiarity of Governors of Missouri that they tumble from the mansion at Jefferson City into political graves. On the tombstones of the most of them it is written, "He went back on his friends." Gov. Crittenden ought to take a stroll some quiet Sunday through the cemetery where Hardin, Woodson, and Phelps are reposing beyond the reach of the political trump.

AN alliance between the Emperors of Germany, Austria and Russia is on the tapis and an early conference between the oppressors is announced. Any alliance between these human hawks means trouble for the poor human doves. If those excellent Nihilistic marksmen are alert they will probably embrace the opportunity which this conference will afford to fill their game-bags with royal potentates.

A LONDON dispatch says that Mr. Tennyson's play, "The Cup," produced at the Lyceum on Monday and applauded by a friendly audience, was enormously praised in Tuesday's papers, but is since generally condemned for dullness and want of action. It is essentially undramatic and depends for attractiveness entirely on the splendor of the costumes and scenery. Mr. Irving is said to be unsuited for his part, while Miss Terry is graceful but weak.

THERE was a disgraceful drunken scene in the House at Washington yesterday. It is unnecessary for us to state the politics of the offenders. That sort of thing is monopolized by one of the great political parties, and it is not the Republican party.—[Globe-Democrat.

The death of Zachariah Chandler, Dick Yates, and Bill Nye—the bright particular temperance ornaments of the Republican Senate—was a great loss, though, to the party charged with the duty of setting the country a moral example.

A DISPATCH from Washington informs us that John G. Priest arrived there yesterday morning, did some work for the Mississippi River and left in the evening for New York City. The Mississippi is in a bad way, and we can hardly believe that Mr. P., despite his known agility, could be of much service in a single day: still, if he only removed a single sand-bar he is entitled to credit, and on behalf of the modest and steadily shrinking Mississippi, we return our thanks.

As was anticipated in the outset, the American Union and Western Union Telegraph companies have joined forces. The formal consolidation is announced to-day. This is what Mr. Jay Gould has been scheming for all the time. An end is put to opposition and low telegraphic rates until somebody else organizes a company for the Western Union anaconda to swallow. The tendency of the times is toward the consolidation of capital and in the direction of monopoly, and this episode is a most striking illustration of the fact.

THE Chicago *Times'* estimate of the French actress, who is soon to appear in St. Louis, is summed up in the head-lines, to-wit: "Bernhardt Begins—The First Performance of the Much-Advertised Societaire, and How It Was Received—A Partial Disappointment—She Is Neither So Great Nor So Thin as Advertised—She Is Lank and Long and Wan, with a Plain Face and Burning Eyes—But a Consummate Mistress of Stage Artifice, and Equal to Most of the Best—A Wretched French Company Does Its Best to Obscure the Luminary."

THERE is one State in the Union that isn't afraid of railroads and its name is New Jersey. Every company doing business in the State is required to furnish members of the Legislature with free annual passes. A failure to do so on the first day of the year works a repeal of the charter. Here in the great big State of Missouri we pretend to be afraid of the railroads. The weak little State of New Jersey coddles up beside them and rests as sweetly as a sick kitten beside a warm brick. In fact, if the railroads hadn't taken charge of New Jersey years ago there would be no such State on the map at this writing.

IT seems that nothing will satisfy the negro voters of St. Louis until their right to swing clubs on the police force is recognized. They met last night to celebrate their emancipation from slavery, but the occasion was turned into mourning by the announcement made by Jeremiah Milton Turner that the negroes were not getting their share of Federal and Municipal offices. It was generally agreed that the thralldom in which the colored voter is now held is much more galling than the bonds of actual serfdom which held him to the earth anterior to the war.

A RAILWAY organ in St. Louis apologizes for the niggardly conduct of our Union Depot Company. It admits that the present depot building is only a temporary structure and claims that the only thing in the way of a new and roomy one is the high prices demanded by real estate owners in the vicinity. There is a threat that unless the city and property holders combine at once to show the company more favor the Union Depot of the Future will be located "under the ægis of Illinois." This means a removal to the swamps of East St. Louis or Chicago, we presume. The company has been so shamefully treated by the city that the stockholders have only been able to declare sixty per cent dividends on their freight sheds, and we are sorry to hear that the prices of real estate have not been brought down to suit the fancies of the great Benefactors. So far as we are concerned we would regret very much to see a city such as St. Louis left entirely without a Union Depot, but if the company will move its effects over to Illinois and take J. M. Thompson along, we will make an effort to put up with the loss for a year or two.

ACCORDING to the Washington *Post*, an elderly gentleman arrived at the Ebbitt House in that city the other day, walked in unattended and asked for a room. When requested to register, he simply replied, "I am blind." At his dictation the name of W. L. Campbell, of Youngstown, Ohio, was placed on the register. He walked about the corridors without an attendant, and a casual observer would have detected no difference in him from the other guests in the hotel. He walks about slowly, but with perfect freedom, and travels on the railroad trains entirely alone. Mr. Campbell is a prominent citizen of Youngstown, and well known throughout the State. We have not heretofore shared in the apprehensions concerning the omnivorousness and grab-all-ativeness of the Ohio Man, but now it would seem that there is really cause for alarm. Even the loss of eyesight does not deprive him of the functions of citizenship. It seems that a blind Ohio man is as spry as the average citizen of other States in the possession of all his faculties. Something should be done, really, to check these Buckeye Basutos.

REPRESENTATIVES of the POST-DISPATCH have secured the views of twenty-two of the orthodox clergymen of St. Louis touching the French actress, Bernhardt, not as an artist but as a woman. On account of her social reputation a number of them condemn her bitterly and insist that a vigorous war should be made upon her by moral people. About one-half of them, we observe, are in favor of the policy of "*laissez faire*." Tickets for the Bernhardt season, which commences on the 24th inst., are now on sale in this city, and we fancy that this sort of discussion is just the thing needed to stir up public interest in the woman. There never was a woman so wicked or so notorious that the good people were not willing to look at her. In fact, ever since the creation mankind has manifested a feeling of curiosity toward "awful examples." Without desiring to enter into a discussion, we must say that in our opinion The Bernhardt has gained many friends since coming to this country, through the abuse heaped upon her by the clergy. There is in this land of free thought and speech a remarkable sympathy for public people who are made the targets of the superlatively good elements of society. Whether right or wrong, we do not say. We simply recite a fact, and while we are glad to be the medium in this instance through which the clergy can lay their views before the public, we must be permitted to express the belief that an actual business favor has been conferred upon the lady under consideration.

GOV. MURRAY, who was sent out to Utah by the Hayes family to assist in destroying Mormonism, is playing his part most beautifully. At the last election for Congressman in that Territory Apostle Cannon, who has represented the Territory for years, received 18,568 votes, while Gentile Campbell received 1,357. After deliberation Gov. Murray decided last Saturday that Cannon was not a naturalized citizen of the United States, and so gave the certificate of election to his opponent. This act was received with demonstrations of joy on the part of the Gentile population of Salt Lake City. Bells were rung, bonfires lighted and flags displayed. Gov. Murray claims that he has taken this action in order to force Congress to decide the question, though he might have given the certificate of election to the man who received nearly all the votes in the Territory, and have trusted to Mr. Campbell to make the contest. The fact is, and it has been stated more than once, there is no outraged sense of morality at the bottom of this Utah warfare upon Mormonism. There is a ring in Salt Lake City organized expressly for the persecution of the Latter Day Saints, the object being to drive them away and depreciate their property. The prosperity of the Saints has excited the cupidity of the moralists. They are not particularly shocked that a man should have a dozen wives in the name of religion, but they are hurt to the heart to think that a man, in addition to his house full of wives, should have also broad acres and a big bank account. If the Mormons are forced to make a hurried exit from Utah some of the finest real estate in the Union will be thrown upon the market at a sacrifice. It will be gathered in by the Gentile ring, and that is what is at the bottom of most of the clamor against the vice of polygamy that come from beyond the Rocky Mountains.

PERSONAL.

—Irving, the actor, has "a stutter, a stride and a stoop."

—Tanner, of forty days fast fame, now weighs 170 pounds.

—The Duke of Cambridge is called a martinet in the millinery of war.

—Bradlaugh's upper lip is large, and he has tried to obey the slang injunction, "Keep a stiff upper lip."

—Dick Hollywood, of New York, has accepted the challenge of Dick Goodwin, of Cincinnati, to fight for $2,200 and the feather-weight championship of America.

—An American lady from the West was visiting the house of Sir Welter Scott, when she said in her enthusiasm: "Why, Scotland must have been named after Sir Walter Scott, I never thought of it before."

—Journalists are making progress socially. The White House has given a dinner to Deacon Dick, of Cincinnati, and is now about to honor Mr. Whitelaw Reid with corn beef and crab-apple cider. Presently the White House people will be inviting Mr. Charles A. Dana to take frozen rum in orange peel.

—It is said in New York society circles that Vice-President-elect Arthur is to be married to Mrs. Marshall O. Roberts, whose husband died less than one year ago. Gen. Arthur's wife has been dead about a year. Gossip says the marriage will not take place till next fall. Mrs. Roberts is a handsome woman, and has been twice a widow. Rumor says that she has inherited $4,000,000.

—Preparations are in progress for a benefit in aid of the memorial to Edgar A. Poe. It is intended that it shall take place on the 19th of January, which is the anniversary of the poet's seventy-second birthday. Among those who are co-operating with the committee are John McCullough, Mr. Lawrence Barrett, Mr. McKee Rankin and Managers Palmer, Haverly and Abbey. It is understood that the best talent of the dramatic profession will be contributed.

MEXICO'S RAILWAY SYSTEM.

Gen. Grant to Start for that Country Shortly in the Interest of the Project.

From the New York Sun.

During the closing days of last year over $12,000,000 were subscribed in this city for the construction of about eleven hundred miles of railroad in the Republic of Mexico. Only $8,250,000 were required by the terms of the plan decided upon, hence an allotment of the subscriptions was made. The corporation that has begun the work is styled the Mexican National Railway Company, and it is operating under what is known as the Palmer and Sullivan grant, which was obtained from the Mexican Government by Gen. William J. Palmer, president of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway, and his partner in the railroad contracting business. The contract making the grant was executed September 13, 1880, and it provided that the plans of a specified portion of the lines shall be finished within fifteen days thereafter, and the surveys of the remainder begun within three months. The two capitalists who obtained the privileges from the Mexican Government are experienced in Western railroading and possessed of western enterprise, and these conditions were promptly complied with. The work of penetrating the wilds of Mexico with locomotives was begun at once. Then the financial branch of the undertaking was brought forward in this city with the result mentioned and the additional result that Jay Gould was interested in the scheme, then Gen. Grant, and finally every one who had a railroad grant or a scheme for a road in the southern republic.

Representatives of these various interests, in pursuance of a policy advocated by Jay Gould, are at work with the view of cosolidating those interests in the construction of one road. It is generally conceded that the route and grant of the Palmer and Sullivan interest is the most desirable. Gen. Grant will probably start for Mexico within the next thirty days for the purpose of obtaing more accurate information and forming an opinion as to the several concessions for the benefit of the consolidation committee, of which he a member.

Meanwhile the money paid in on the first call for an installment of twenty per cent. on the subscriptions is being used on the Mexican National Railway. A force of 5,000 laborers are at work on the line leading out of Mexico City. The principal work that engages them at present is a tunnel which is to be cut through the mountains, about fifty miles west of the city, and 10,000 feet above the level of the sea. After piercing the mountains the line turns to the north and extends to Laredo on the Texan frontier. It runs first across a plateau, which is described as fertile and healthy, and then over and along the lower part of the Sierra range. It is about parallel with the eastern coast of Mexico, and 200 miles from the Gulf. This main line from Mexico City to Laredo will exceed 700 miles. From the latter point connections will be made with the great southwestern system of railroads, which are now the chosen interest of Jay Gould; hence his interest in the Mexican enterprise, and also with the "Sunset" road running to Corpus Christi. A road of some 450 miles running west, then northward from Mexico city, and then to the southwest, will connect that capital with the seaport of Manzanillo on the Pacific coast.

Only small portions of these routes have been surveyed, but several large parties of engineers are now engaged upon them. Little can theretore be said of the topography of the roads. It is conceded, however, that many difficulties are to be overcome, and that steep grades will be encountered. Grades of 175 feet to the mile have already been surveyed. These will be partly discounted by the narrowness of the gauge, which is to be three feet. Within the past few days a party of sixty engineers began working southward from Laredo. Hundreds of others are engaged upon the lower sections of the routes. Several locomotives are now upon the Mexico city end of the proposed road, and eighteen others of 32 tons weight have been ordered for immediate construction. Over 100 working cars are on hand, and several hundred more are in course of building. Twenty thousand tons of steel rails have been contracted for, of which 3,000 tons have been delivered at Vera Cruz and await shipment to the capital.

The subsidy of the republic of Mexico amounts to $11,270 per mile upon the route to the Pacific, and $10,460 per mile upon the route to Laredo. The issue of bonds by the company for construction purposes is limited to $20,000 per mile.

Hayes Has Cousins.

Washington special to Chicago Times:

It has been found that, next to being brother-in-law at Washington, a cousinship is not to be despised. Gen. Hazen is a cousin of the Hayes family, and enjoys the same relationship with the female side of the Garfield family. To this double cousinship he owes his elevation to the office of chief of the weather bureau, greatly to the disgust of the officers who have no relatives in high official place.

A Land Lubber Will Do.

From the Springfield Republican.

The papers are having their jokes at the mariner from West Virginia, but they forget that the navy has very little to do with the water. A mariner would be out of place at the head of it.

Boarding With the Effete.

From the Courier-Journal.

Hayes is arranging to go abroad after March 4. He probably has an idea that he will be as much of a success among the "effete dynasties of Europe" as Grant.

Another Exodus Imminent.

From the Chicago Times.

There are 89,000 more women in New England than men. It is just as Horace Greeley advised—"Come west, young woman. Come west."

In the Interest of Science.

From the New York Times.

Thirty million dollars is the sum that Great Britain laid out for a scientific frontier in Afghanistan, without getting the frontier, after all.

The Captain of the Globe.

ST. LOUIS, January 11, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please find enclosed a pass to Globe Theater at will.

Am very much obliged for your very lengthy report of the Globe in Monday's POST DISPATCH. Of course you are in error in a great many things. But if you will be patient I will have a better theater here in another year, as negotiations are already going on to take in another store, taking down the building I now occupy and rebuild a good theater with a frontage of 60 feet by 115 feet deep, with a capacity equal to any theater in the city.

Now as regards my title. I served four years in the Union army and was Captain in command of patrol in this city in 1862; of course when the war was over and I came here to live the title stuck to me. I should be pleased to see you here often and should you see any thing improper in the house don't spare it. I have run the Globe four years and never even had a disturbance here, I am doing my best to run a good show and keep an orderly place as the sergeants and police who patrol this beat will testify.

Thanking you and members of the POST-DISPATCH for the liberal manner always dealt out to all, I am very respectfully yours.

CAPT. J. W. DECKER,
Manager.
Per Frank.

How's This, Mr. Sanford?

ST. LOUIS, January 12, 1880.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please answer the following question: "What right, if any, has the principal of the Polytechnic Branch High School to prevent the pupils of that school from procuring books from the Public School Library after school hours?" PUPIL.

[Really, not knowing, we could not say. —Ed. P.-D.

Probably the Same Man.

ST. LOUIS, January 12, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The public wishes to know who Lawrence Kenny, the Democratic Committeeman, is, that read a speech that was written for him by a friend at the meeting Saturday evening. Was he a conductor on the Olive Street Line at one time? If so, why did he cease to be one? ENQUIRER.

The Prize Essay.

It will be remembered by the readers of the POST-DISPATCH that a prize of $5,000 was offered by Mr. Helper, the well known publisher, for the best essays on a subject of great importance, viz.: The most complete railroad route from North to South America. There were to be three essays in prose and two in verse.

An awarding committee was selected of three prominent citizens—Hon. Thos. Allen, Carlos S. Greeley and Prof. Morgan. The subject engaged a great deal of attention, and about fifty essays were sent in all of which have received the careful attention of the awarding committee. After many deliberations the selection for the first prize fell to the essay of Maj. F. F. Hilder, who furnished a masterly effort upon a grand railroad system from north to south of the continent. It was regarded by all odds as the best essay, and this morning Maj. Hilder received a check for $1,300 from the committee, the award for the first prize.

The Telephone Protest.

The petition in circulation on 'Change in the shape of a remonstrance against the Bell Telephone Company has received over 200 signatures, including the best firms in the city. The list is headed by Alex. H. Smith and the last signature is that of Miles Sells. A meeting was called to-day at 1 o'clock to give expression to the general complaint. The merchants who protest against the advance of payment for the telephone accommodation from $80 to $100 per annum and who object to the new rule, calling for semi-annual payment in advance, propose to carry their remonstrance to the managing board of the company and at the same time they will urge a vast reform in the local management. At present the accommodation is not worth the price now paid for it, as the service is very defective. The meeting adjourned until one o'clock sharp to-morrow in the reading room of the Merchants' Exchange when all parties interested in the matter are invited to be present.

CITY PERSONALS.

Jean Louis Rilliet, for years a police sergeant on the St. Louis force, now in business for himself at Lincoln, Nebraska, is in the city. He visited some of his old comrades to-day.

Mr. Thomas Allen is putting his papers and affairs in shape to retire from the presidency of the Iron Mountain Railroad.

Johnny Maguire, of the Opera-house Saloon was a big speculator in Bernhardt seats. He secured some of the best seats in the house and now wants to realize.

Mr. Marcus R. Mayer, the advance manager of the Bernhardt Combination, returned to St. Louis to-day and is registered at the Lindell. He will remain here several days attending to business. Mr. Mayer says Bernhardt will positively open in "Frou Frou," and "Adrienne."

Game Law.

The laws of Missouri prohibit the killing of deer in this State after the 15th of January, and the Fish and Game Protective Association have given notice that they will prosecute to the full extent of the law any one who is found guilty of breaking this law.

TELEGRAPH TRICKS.

Gould Shows a Hand Full of Trumps, and Takes the Game.

A Consolidation of the American Union, Western Union and Atlantic and Pacific.

The Stock of Two Taken at Par, and that of the Last Named at Fifty Cents.

The Telegraph War End.

NEW YORK, January 12.—The terms of the consolidation between the Western Union and American Telegraph Companies has been agreed upon and the preliminary papers signed.

THE BASIS OF THE POOL.

The Evening Post says of the union of telegraph companies that rumor has it that new stock will be issued, the Western Union stock going into the new company at par, the American at par and the Atlantic and Pacific at fifty each in proper proportion. That the plan then will be to turn over the company to the Government.

What Is Said of It in St. Louis.

The consolidation of the two companies has been more than suspected in St. Louis for some days, and stock speculators have gone long. Several private telegrams were received from New York to the effect that Wall street was full of rumors about the matter, but nothing so definite as the Associated Press dispatch given above. A POST-DISPATCH reporter called at the local managing offices of both companies. At neither had anything official been received.

Manager Brown, of the Western Union said he saw no reason to doubt the news. The fact that it came through the Associated Press would tend to give it weight. He thought such a statement could not have been sent unless received from an authoritative source. The arrangement with the Atlantic and Pacific was on the basis of a pool—the Western Union receiving seven and the other company one-eighth. If there was an agreement with the American Union he thought it would be in the nature of a consolidation, a union of the stock on a basis agreed upon."

"Will the two organizations be maintained and managed separately?"

"I should say not. There are few places, except the larger cities, which yield any profit to either company where two offices are maintained. Take such places as Bloomington, Springfield, when the Legislature is not in session, Jefferson City, St. Joseph, and of course the smaller towns. They will not support two telegraph offices. There are a vast number of offices in the system of the Western Union, even where there is no competing line, which do little more than pay expenses, and many that do only that. Yet they all have to be maintained. Now, where another company goes into this class of places and opens offices expenses are simply doubled, and neither finds profit in the connection. My impression is that the consolidation means one company and one management."

"How does the American Union system compare with the Western Union?"

"There is scarcely any comparison between the extent of the two systems."

"You have no information about the basis of the consolidation?"

"No, I know only what has come through the Associated Press."

"And that it is pretty sure to be authentic?"

"Yes. I have no doubt about it."

At the local headquarters of the American Union Company no news had been received, and the announcement was doubted.

The first pole was raised in May, 1879, and since then the American Union has spread to nearly all the large centers of the country. The officers are Thomas F. Eckert, president; D. H. Bates, first vice-president and general manager; Thomas F. Clark, secretary. The chief spirit in the new company from first to last has been Jay Gould. He worked the new company in over his system of railroads, and has also pushed new lines in various directions with great vigor. The American Union has a working connection with the Baltimore and Ohio system. The lines run over all the main and branch roads of the Wabash. Omaha, Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans are connected, while in the East the wires of the new company form a net work. Over the Cincinnati Southern it has exclusive control of the telegraph business, and Mr. Gould's recent railroad acquisitions insure connections with Texas. It has from forty to fifty wires east from Chicago. There are five wires from St. Louis to Cairo, and lines from East Cairo to New Orleans are now being built, with a branch from Grand Junction to Memphis. The route southward is along the the Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans road. The company has just completed a pole line from Chicago to Pittsburg, having had some two thousand men at work. It has lease connection with the Dominion system. The company has a contract with the Pennsylvania Central for pole rights. It was a recent action of the courts relative to the Western Union and this road that broke the stock of Western Union to 78 ten days ago. Since then it has rallied, however, and the quotations here to-day were $1 06 U. S. American Union stands here to-day at 94, having come up about twenty dollars a share very recently. St. Louisans have been buying right along ever since the stock struck the low mark and have held on to it. The transactions here have been very heavy.

Gould's profits out of this operation must have been very heavy. The American Union is very heavily capitalized. After the company was formed, with Gould as the leading spirit, it made a contraction with a construction company, of which Gould was also the prime mover. It was a transaction on the Credit Mobilier order and the profits on the investment in the construction company have been simply enormous. A book for subscriptions was opened here by Donaldson & Fraley, who took $5,000 worth of the stock. Subscribers paid in as the assessments were made for construction purposes. Whatever the details of the arrangement were between the American Union and Construction Company the effect was to retain to stockholders in latter two dollars and a half for every dollar put in. Such being the case it would look as though the capital of the American Union must be greatly out of proportion to the value of the property.

Nevertheless, as will be seen from the terms given above, the stock of the American Union will be considered worth par, the same as the Western Union, in the consolidation. The effects of this action will be to send the stock up still higher, especially that of the American Union.

Hand Ball.

A match game of hand ball at the Gymnasium, between J. B. Stockwell, John Strong, J. Thompson against J. Cansland, Robt. McGran and Tom Penn, resulted in a brilliant victory for the latter team. Mr. Chas. Stanbrook wishes it understood that he did not take part in last Saturday night's match as reported in Sunday papers, it was Mr. Stockwell and his two champions who were so badly defeated. The plans for the Modoc boathouse to be erected at Creve Couer Lake, have been handed in by Wilheme & Jaussen, and the building will be begun at an early date.

SILVERWARE sold low at Cooper's for thirty days.

MABLEY'S GREAT CLEARING SALE OF WINTER GOODS!

Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Overcoats, Ulsters and Ulsterettes at 10 Per Cent Discount.

MEN'S and YOUTHS' BUSINESS and DRESS SUITS AT 10 PERCENT DISCOUNT.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SCHOOL AND DRESS SUITS AT 10 PER CENT DISCOUNT.

ALL GOODS 10 PER CENT DISCOUNT FROM PLAIN MARKED PRICE.

MABLEY, THE CLOTHIER, FIFTH & PINE

BENEVOLENT INSURANCE.

How the Famous Mott Bill was Framed.

What the Leading Members of Local Societies Think of It.

Interviews With Masons, Odd Fellows, Knights of Honor, A. O. U. W., Merchants' Exchange and Others.

It seems more than probable that the House bill No. 2, which has just been introduced into the Legislature by Representative Mott, will meet with a very vigorous opposition. A number of benevolent societies of St. Louis have united in a call for a mass meeting to be held at Mercantile Library Hall, Saturday night, of all those opposed to the Mott bill, and a warm time is anticipated on that occasion.

A reporter of the POST-DISPATCH made a round this morning among the prominent men of the city identified with benevolent societies.

MR. JOHN W. LUKE.

who is secretary of the Masonic Mutual Aid Society, was first called upon. He said that the insurance bill known as the Mott bill was not prepared by Mr. Mott, but by a committee of representative men of the leading benevolent societies of the city, and it was the result of much deliberation and discussion. In the preparation of this bill the Masons had been represented, the Odd-Fellows, the Legion of Honor, the Knights of Honor, the Merchants' Exchange, the Ancient Order of United Workmen, and other prominent and large organizations. In fact, the bill represented upwards of 25,000 members of benevolent societies in Missouri. The bill was deemed by the large committee instrumental in framing it as the best that could be devised. He said that it was necessary to protect the people somewhat from the swindling schemes which were constantly being started—to check in some measure the growth of mushroom societies. The State had been overrun with parties who started plausible societies, made great promises, obtained the peoples' money, but in a short time these societies passed out of existence. The members of every benevolent society had a right to know the condition of the business of that society, and it might as well be made public through the State Insurance Commissioner or any other means. The Mott bill only required the societies to hold their books open for inspection, which inspection could be made in a few minutes. This would make the formation of crooked societies far more difficult. The only defect in this bill, he thought, was that it gave the Insurance Commissioner no power to make an irresponsible organization or a swindling company quit the business. He could examine their books and report their crookedness in his annual statement, but that was about all he could do. The societies had to deposit no bond. The bill most effectually took the wind out of the regular life insurance companies for it rendered the law practically inoperative towards the benevolent societies. The Masons, he said, had 5,000 members of their Mutual aid Society in the State, and about 1,700 in the city.

DR. W. C. RICHARDSON,

Grand Recorder of the Ancient Order of United Workmen of Missouri, issued the call for the meeting which framed the Mott bill, and the several meetings were held at his office, 721 Chestnut street. He said that his order numbered 6,400 members in the State, and that at the meeting called by him there were present those who represented nine-tenths of all the benevolent society memberships of the State. The Grand Master of the order is State Senator H. L. Rogers of this city. He helped to frame the bill and will support it at Jefferson City.

"Can you count upon the support, Doctor, of your 6,400 members?"

"We can most certainly. The A. O. U. W. are not kickers."

"In the meeting held at your office, was any opposition made to the bill?"

"Yes, Herman Thomas, Chief Ranger of the Foresters, L. Steber and other Foresters objected. They were the only ones and they had good reasons for objection. Perhaps their books won't stand investigation. Some difficulty about a treasurer running off; but don't you say that I said so."

JUDGE W. C. JONES

is Past Grand Dictator of the Knights of Honor, who have 4,000 members in the State. Jos. W. Branch, Grand Dictator, favors the Mott bill, which was substantially drafted by Judge Jones. The insurance feature of the order is, however, entirely managed by the Supreme Council of the United States and the State officials have no authority to bind the Supreme Council.

GEN. J. H. TERRY

is Supreme Chancellor of the Legion of Honor, an organization unknown outside of St. Louis city and county, and numbering 1,500 members. Gen. Terry and D. H. MacAdam attended the meetings which formed the Mott bill and they are both opposed to it. The Legion will participate in the mass meeting and fight the bill throughout. Gen. Terry thinks that his society is not amenable to the insurance law at all on account of peculiarities in its method of running the insurance feature. He thinks it unnecessary to put such societies as his under the supervision of the State Insurance Commissioner, although Mr. Relfe is a member now of the Legion. It is also a needless expense to the State and the Society to do so, and gives too much power into the hands of the State Superintendent.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.

Governor E. O. Stanard is a trustee of the Merchants' Exchange Benevolent Society. He was not present at the framing of the Mott bill, but he understands the situation fully and endorses the bill heartily.

Mr. John Wahl, president of the organization, favors the bill and has signed his name to a paper endorsing it.

George Bain, the vice-president, favors it, also Web Samuel and Chas. E. Slayback, trustees; also A. W. Slayback, attorney, who helped to frame it; also many prominent members, including Geo. H. Morgan, Redmond Cleary, Ewing Hill and Craig Alexander.

THE ODD FELLOWS.

Mr. M. C. Libbey, of Libbey & Williams, represented the Odd Fellows Mutual Aid Society in the framing of the Mott bill, favors it. It is likely that the very large membership of the society throughout the State will endorse his action.

THE OPPOSITION.

The opposition to the bill has as yet no organization and it is difficult to estimate its strength, or to learn who will be its representative men. Gen. Terry of the Legion of Honor has joined the opposition and will attend the mass meeting Saturday night. Many of the Forresters will also be upon the same side, and quite likely some of the many trades societies. Nearly every business occupation has now its own organization. The fire department, the police department, the teachers and all such are more or less interested in this movement, and will take sides for or against the bill as soon as they have investigated it.

THE TRAVELING PUBLIC

Should Bear in Mind

That the OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY is now running two daily express trains from St. Louis to the East. FAST DAYLIGHT EXPRESS leaves St. Louis 8:10 a. m. daily, with elegant day coaches and parlor cars, St. Louis to Cincinnati without change. This train arrives in Cincinnati at 6:30 p. m., FOUR HOURS IN ADVANCE of all other routes; arrives in Louisville at 7:35 p. m., THREE HOURS IN ADVANCE of all other routes; FAST NIGHT EXPRESS leaves St. Louis at 6:50 p. m., with elegant coaches and Pullman sleeping cars. St. Louis to Louisville and Cincinnati without change; arrives in Cincinnati at 7 o'clock a. m., ONE HOUR IN ADVANCE of all other routes; arrives in Louisville at 7 o'clock a. m., in advance of all other routes.

MAGNIFICENT NEW DINING CARS attached to all trains. All trains of this line run through from St. Louis to Cincinnati SOLID in from ONE AND A HALF TO FOUR HOURS QUICKER TIME than by competing routes. Direct connections are made at Cincinnati with all lines leading to the East and Southeast, advantages offered by no other route from St. Louis. The O. and M. is the only line running a SUNDAY MORNING TRAIN FROM ST. LOUIS TO CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.

For tickets and full information call at company's office, 101 and 103 North Fourth street, under Planters' House.

J. D. PHILLIPS, Ticket Agent.

FOR 30 days special inducements will be offered in diamonds at C. A. Cooper's, 405 N. Fourth street.

NORTH ST. LOUIS LOCALS.

The Mississippi Glass Works resumed operations this morning with their full force, 300 men.

Friday evening a "mum" party will be given at the Fourth Baptist Church, Twelfth and North Market streets.

Col. Louis Gruner, business manager of the Gruner Brothers' Lumber Company, left today for New Orleans on a trip of pleasure and business. He will be absent a month or six weeks.

The lumber dealers of North St. Louis are making arrangements for an early opening of the rafting season, and will, it is expected, begin to receive rafted lumber by the 1st of March.

This morning Edward Colber fell from a shed which he was repairing at Second and Hall streets, and aside from dislocating his right arm, he injured himself about the body severely.

The new Sunday school, near the Water Tower, on College Hill, will be dedicated the first Sunday in March. No appointment has yet been made for any one to conduct the ceremonies.

ATTEND the great sale of diamonds and jewelry at Cooper's for the next thirty days.

An Attorney's Suit.

The case of Wm. B. Thompson, attorney, against Sam Ecker, was continued to day in Judge Lindley's court on account of the absence of a material witness, Julius Walsh, who is at present in New York. Mr. Thompson wants $500 for his legal services rendered in the organization of the St. Louis Jockey Club Association. He alleges that fifteen days of official labor were expended by him in the matter, drawing up all the articles, agreements and deeds pertaining to the Jockey Club enterprise. He sues Mr. Ecker as the representative, and that gentleman thinks that the claim should be presented to the club.

The Rosenblatt-Finn Difficulty.

Mr. Farish, counsel for ex-Sheriff Finn, had a conference with Collector Rosenblatt at noon to-day relative to a settlement. Mr. Rosenblatt still insists that Mr. Finn ought to make a return of the property sold for back taxes. He says he is aware that some of the property did not bring enough to cover the taxes and costs but he holds that there should be a sworn return of all the sales no matter how they resulted.

FOR thirty days I will sell watches and jewelry at cost. C. A. Cooper, 405 North Fourth street.

First District Police Court.

Twenty-four cases were docketed in Judge Jecko's court to-day and eight finally disposed of. Frank Felix was fined $50 for carrying concealed weapons. Nick Shoemacher was assessed the same amount for frequenting bawdy houses. A number of small fines were imposed in cases of disturbing the peace. A number of lottery cases were continued.

Mr. L. F. Thompson, Superintendent Moore & Wyman's Engine and Machine Works, 37 Foundry street, Boston, Mass., sends the following item: My wife has been suffering for years with severe pains in the limbs, to relieve which I had her apply some of that famous liniment, St. Jacobs Oil. Now she is cured, thanks to the wonderfully healing properties of the Oil. It has also been used among my men with splendid effect, and I can highly recommend it.

The Bernhardt Season.

The Bernhardt season commences on Monday, the 24th inst. The great French artiste will appear at six evening and one matinee performances. There will not be a performance in which she will not take part, and so there will be no "off" nights. She will open in "Adrienne Lecouvreur."

I HAVE 100 fine gold watches which I will offer special inducements for thirty days. C. A. Cooper, 405 North Fourth street.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

William Carey, a suspicious looking character, was locked up for safe-keeping last night.

'Squire Graney's Court was crowded to its utmost capacity this morning by a crowd anxious to hear the testimony in the case of Mary Ryan against James Harrigan, charging him with attempted rape. Harrigan was held to appear before the Circuit Court at its next meeting in the sum of $300.

At a meeting of the council last evening a resolution was passed authorizing the Mayor to engage an expert to examine the dockets of all the Justices of the Peace of the city to ascertain the amount due the city by the justices for fines collected for city cases. The City Clerk was also instructed to advertise for bids for grading and macadamizing St. Clair avenue.

Like its western suburb, East St. Louis has its gas case, which is of some importance to the citizens of that much litigated city. The Gas Company claims to have a contract with the city for a number of years to furnish gas. The city denies that there was any such contract and upon a suit being brought by the Gas Company the Supreme Court decided in favor of the city, but afterwards granted a rehearing, and the case is still on the docket of that court pending and undecided. There is much speculation among the citizens as to what the verdict will be. A new element of excitement was thrown into the case last night by a communication from his Honor, the Mayor, in regard to a rumor that one of the counsel for the city in the suit had accepted a retainer from the receiver of the Gas Company, to be his counsel. The communication is interesting, and raises a nice question of professional ethics. The communication is as follows: "I am informed that Mortimer Millard, one of the attorneys employed by the city to represent its interests in the case with the Gaslight and Coke Company, has been retained by the receiver of that company, Mr. W. D. Griswold, as his attorney. If Mr. Willard has accepted a retainer from the receiver of the Gas Company and become the attorney of that corporation it would seem that his employment by the city as one of its attorneys, in the suit against the above corporation, should cease; for it is well known that the interests of the Receiver and those that he represents, the bondholders of the Gas Company, are identical with those of the Gas Light and Coke Company. No man, much less an attorney at law, can represent two direct and opposing interests at the same time, without sacrificing one or the other of those interests. I respectfully recommend that you take immediate steps to ascertain from Mr. Millard whether he has been retained as an attorney by the receiver of the Gas Company, and if so, at what time he became so, and also to ask Mr. Millard and associate council for the city for copies of their briefs and arguments in the case filed in the Supreme Court upon the rehearing of the case granted at the November term of the Supreme Court."

CLOCKS at cost for thirty days at Cooper's.

Suing for Slander.

A jury is in attendance in Judge Lindley's court to-day for the trial of the slander suit of Patrick Montague against Captain Anton Huebler, of the Police. The plaintiff is a saloon and boarding-house keeper at the corner of the Levee and Washington avenue. He claims damages in the sum of $5,000, on account of a statement made by Captain Huebler before the Police Board concerning the character of the plaintiff's house and business and the class of people frequenting it which is alleged to be false. The plaintiff claims that his establishment is patronized by respectable people and that he was greatly inquired in reputation and business by reason of Capt. Huebler's statement.

The defendant filed an answer setting forth that he was called upon to speak before the board in relation to some charges preferred against Officer Norris by the saloon-keeper, and upon being questioned as to the general character of the house, the defendant had stated that reports had been received from persons who complained of losing property in that saloon. The deposition of the captain further relates that he visited the establishment about the time that charges were preferred against Sergeant Shore by Mrs. Montague, and that a charge was preferred before the Court of Criminal Correction against the proprietor of the saloon for keeping a disorderly house. The case is to be bitterly fought and the court-room is crowded with witnesses.

FOR thirty days diamonds at cost at C. A. Cooper's, 405 N. Fourth street.

A Replevin Trial.

In Judge Thayer's Court to-day the trial of several replevin cases against the ex-Sheriff are to be called. The plaintiffs are M. Lewis Clarke, Ed. Holbrook, Henry C. Holbrook, and John W. Love, and they claim wrongful seizure of a large stock of tobacco and cigars. The Sheriff's process was executed by Deputy Gruenwald to satisfy executions of creditors, and the proceedings involve the business conducted by W. S. Wells on North Second street, who, it will be remembered, on Tuesday entered suit against the plaintiffs in this replevin suit to set aside a bill of sale executed by him in their favor. A flood of testimony and a host of lawyers figure in the consolidated case.

FOR thirty days special bargains in Diamonds and Jewelry at Cooper's.

New Buildings.

Mr. F. Scherer has put up a small one-story brick smoke house on Seventh street between Rugter and Park avenues.

Mr. A. Mossmann is to have a two-story, six-room brick dwelling to cost $2,800 put up on Thomas street, between Clay and Glasgow avenues.

Mr. Wm. Benig, has closed contracts for the erection of a two-story, six-room brick dwelling on Hickory street, between Missouri and Jefferson avenues, to cost $1,700.

The Iron Mountain Railroad Company will put up a $4,000 warehouse on the south side of the Iron Mountain Railroad, between Taylor and Stein streets, Carondelet.

Ewing Canvassing the Field.

Mr. William L. Ewing, the prospective candidate for mayor on the Republican ticket this spring, is quietly canvassing the situation. He has the prestige of a good family name, and as speaker of the House of Delegates, gained an insight into municipal affairs. If personal popularity counts for anything Mr. Ewing's chances for the nomination ought to be good. The only thing off color in his record is that he went to a chicken fight on one occasion several years ago, but as he took a reporter along to write it up perhaps his presence at the pit ought to count in his favor.

Soiree Muscale.

A soiree musicale was given at the piano rooms of Story & Camp last evening which was fully attended by the leading representatives of musical culture here. Among those who took part were Miss Libbie V. Allen, soprano solo; Miss Anton, Mrs. George Watson, Mr. Oscar Bollman, Mr. Alfred H. Pease, Mr. Charles Kunkel and Mr. Mayer. The Haines grand piano was well tested upon this occasion and many compliments passed upon it. This instrument was first heard in public at the Academy of Music, Philadelphia, under the skillful manipulation of Mr. Alfred H. Pease, and it at once achieved a success for its quality of tone, evenness of scale and elastic touch. The verdict of Philadelphia was fully confirmed here last evening. Miss Anton, who is here on a visit from New York, received merited acknowledgements for her playing. She has a fine techique. Mr. Kunkle presided at the Estey organ with fine effect. Mrs. George Watson was encored for her solo, "One Morning, Oh, So Early," and Mr. Oscar Bollman was much applauded for his baritone effort, "Les Rameaux." Mr. Pease furnished for one encore the Hungarian rhapsody in C. by Liszt. The entire entertainment afforded eminent gratification.

THE deadly grip of pneumonia may be warded off with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.

PIKE'S Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

Rosenblatt Refuses.

A POST-DISPATCH reporter called at the Collector's office again this morning and made application for permission to copy the petitions for the issue of licenses to the Canterbury, Globe, Alhambra and Crystal Palace Theaters. Deputy Clifford promptly informed the caller that any further interviewing would have to be done with the Collector directly. The application was then made to Mr. Rosenblatt in person. He replied that he would not permit the petitions to be copied, the firmness of the refusal precluding any effort to change the Collector's mind.

CAFE CONKLING, 617 Olive street, serves a first-class regular dinner for 50c from 12 to 3 o'clock.

For Sale.

A most excellent, gentle saddle horse. Has all gaits. Inquire at this office.

ABOUT TOWN.

JENNIE EICKMAN was found dead yesterday evening in her sister's yard, southeast corner of Clayton Road and King's Highway.

YESTERDAY one of Jno. Abley's swill wagons and Mrs. George K. Budd's carriage collided on Pine street and Garrison avenue. The latter was damaged slightly.

WHILE hanging a door at No. 3223 Lafayette avenue yesterday, F. Stein fell and fractured his right forearm. He was taken to his home, No. 2713 Laclede avenue.

AN alarm from box No. 5 at 2:15 this a. m. was turned on in consequence of a small blaze in a tenement in the rear of 940 Broadway, owned by John E. Hagerty. Damage $25; covered by insurance.

THIS morning in the Second District Police Court, before Judge Dennison, there were fourteen cases to have trials for keeping dramshops without license, and thirteen were continued and Wm. Klas was assessed $100.

WILLIE H. GRAY, bookseller and stationer on Olive street, has sent to our table copies of Harper's Magazine for February, the New York Daily Graphic and the current issues of the New York Ledger and Family Story Paper.

U. S. MARSHAL COSTE received notice that such Supervisors of Election as have lost their commission, may be paid on making affidavit that they are the identical person who was commissioned, that they have served as Supervisor, and have lost their commission.

A GAS jet in the show window of Hallstrom's dry goods store, Nos. 1600 and 1602 Carr street, set fire to the curtain and contents of the window. The blaze was extinguished by Officer Coffman and some citizens, but not before $100 damage was done. Willie Nevells, who assisted in extinguishing the blaze, had his hands badly burned.

MARY SWAIN and Julia Ryan, two notorious thieves, were found wandering around in the vicinity of the Carr street station this morning, having a large bundle of feminine apparel, including pretty nearly every article in a well regulated wardrobe. About fifteen minutes after they had been ushered into a cell, Mrs. Kate Washington, of No. 1021 North Ninth street, appeared at the station house to report a robbery at her house, and immediately identified the most of the plunder as her property.

DR. E. C. CHASE,

[illegible] Olive street. [illegible] of best teeth only $8.

The Mott Bill.

The Independent Order of Foresters, Knights of Honor, Legion of Honor and other benevolent societies, will have a mass meeting at the Library Hall on Saturday evening to protest against the Mott bill, which calls for the supervision of benevolent societies by the insurance department. The orders appear to be thoroughly worked up in the matter.

SARA BERNHARDT tickets bought and sold at Garvey's, 407 Chestnut.

MILLS & AVERILL,

Southwest Corner Fourth and Olive Streets,

POPULAR MERCHANT TAILORING.

We have full lines of German, French and English diagonals, from which we can make Prince Albert coats and vests to order for $35.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, January 12.—For Tennessee and Ohio Valley, rising temperature and falling barometer during the rest of Wednesday, with south and west winds, and clear or fair weather. For Lower Lake Region, rising temperature and falling barometer, winds generally from southeast to southwest, partly cloudy weather and occasional light snow. For Upper Lake Region, increasing cloudiness and areas of snow, rising temperature and falling barometer during rest of Wednesday variable winds, generally from southeast to southwest. For Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys increasing cloudiness and areas of snow, rising temperature, variable winds, south to west in southern portions, and falling, followed by rising barometer.

Chicago News.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, January 12.—A telegram has been received at the Military Headquarters from Major Ilges under the date of January 9, stating that he had captured twenty Indians and a number of ponies in addition to the capture of January 2.

A colored man named Timothy Cooper yesterday secured a verdict of two thousand dollars damages against the Peoples' Omnibus and Baggage Company. Cooper entered one the busses shortly after the great fire, but after he had paid his fare was forcibly ejected by the driver, who said colored men were not allowed to ride. This was the second trial, and a reversal of the former verdict.

A Bloody Murder.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHATTANOOGA, January 12.—South Carolina negroes are emigrating to work in Arkansas cotton-fields. Thirty-five passed through here this morning. It is reported here that Joseph N. Ray, a prominent lawyer and once District Attorney, has been killed in Scott county. He is said to have attacked a man who insulted his (Ray's) wife. Before Ray could fire the man chopped his head open with an ax.

Terrible Explosion.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BATTLE CREEK, January 12.—A terrible explosion of 125 pounds of gun powder took place yesterday at Climax a small town near here. Eleven persons were in the store at the time all but one of whom were injured, but none killed outright. The building, a general merchandise store, was completely demolished and the stock of goods scattered throughout the town. The explosion was distinctly heard five miles.

The New York Senatorship.

ALBANY, January 12.—The Senate Committee has informed the Assembly Committee it is ready for the calling of a joint caucus to nominate a Republican candidate for the U. S. Senate at the earliest possible moment.

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, BACKACHE, GOUT, SORENESS OF THE CHEST, SORE THROAT, QUINSY, SWELLINGS AND SPRAINS, FROSTED FEET AND EARS, BURNS AND SCALDS, General Bodily Pains, TOOTH, EAR AND HEADACHE, AND ALL OTHER PAINS AND ACHES.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a SAFE, SURE, SIMPLE and CHEAP External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 CENTS, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims. DIRECTIONS IN ELEVEN LANGUAGES.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.

Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Great Reductions ON Children's Wool Hose

To Close Out Winter Stock.

H.D.Mann & Co

417 and 419 N. FOURTH ST.

LODGE NOTICES.

I. O. F.—St. Louis, January 12, 1881.—To the members of Home Lodge, No. 158, I. O. O. F. You are requested to meet at the hall, northeast corner of Seventh and Franklin avenue, on Thursday at 1 o'clock sharp, to attend the funeral of our late Brother James Murphy.

By order of the N. G.

PETER H. McNAB, Past Sec'y.

AGENTS wanted to sell the California Quartz Paste to sharpen knives, razors, etc. Samples twenty-five cents; call between 6 and 9 p. m. B. H. Martens, No. 1526 Chestnut street.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED



STOMACH BITTERS

Sleep, Appetite and Strength

Return when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is is systematically used by a bilious dyspeptic sufferer. Moreover, since the brain sympathizes closely with the stomach and its associate organs, the liver and the bowels, as their derangement is rectified by the action of the Bitters, mental despondency produced by that derangement disappears.

For sale by all Druggists and dealers generally.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATER.

Wednesday, January 12—Two performances this day.

JAS. A. HERNE'S HEARTS OF OAK,

Matinee at 2 p. m. Evening at 8.

Monday, January 17.—Fanny Davenport.

POPE'S | CINDERELLA.

Matinee at 2. Evening at 8.

Every Evening and Saturday Matinees.

Matinee prices, 25c, 50c and 75c.

H. C. Jarrett's Great European Company in Rossini's Operatic Spectacular,

CINDERELLA, Or the Little Glass Slipper.

Complete Operatic Cast! 3 Distinct Ballets 3! Magnificent Palace Scene! Superb Costumes, Pantomimic Effect, etc. Imported Shetland Ponies and State Chariot. Also the Great London Specialty Company.

Monday, January 17.—Gilmore A. Berton's Great Consolidated Show.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

SARAH BERNHARDT,

The sale of season tickets is now progressing at the box office, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

The sale of tickets for single nights will begin Friday, January 14th, at 9 a. m.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

One week only, commencing Sunday, January 9. Wednesday and Saturday Matinees. Jarrett & Rice's new Comedy Oddity,

FUN ON THE BRISTOL

OR A NIGHT IN THE SOUND,

Introducing a fund of Novelties and an Avalanche of Originalities by a Galaxy of Specialty Artists.

Sunday, January 16—E. E. Rice's Extravaganza Combination.

E. F. OSBORN, WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS, 602 and 604 Washington avenue, opp. Lindell Hotel.

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Theodore M. Hunt and Annie M., his wife, by their deed of trust dated November 14, A. D. 1874, and recorded in book 514, page 242 of the Recorder's office, for the then county (now city) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, to-wit:

The east half of the northeast quarter of section seven in township forty three (43), range three (3) east, as per survey of the United States made and recorded of John Watkins' survey of 7050 arpents, number 3081, as appears of record in the Land Office, containing eighty (80) acres, and being a part of the same property acquired by said Hunt of George R. Taylor and wife by deed recorded in book 4?9, page 85, of the St. Louis county, now city, records. Also the west half of the northwest quarter of section seven (7), in township forty-three (43), north range three (3) east of the fifth principal meridian; said tract being bounded north by the dividing line between said section seven and section six in said township and range, east by a line north and south dividing said tract hereby conveyed from the east half of said northeast quarter of said section seven (which east half is supposed to be land of Taylor) west by a north and south line dividing the east half of said section seven from the west half of said section, and south partly by an east and west line between the northern and southern half of said section seven, and partly by the Meramec River said tract hereby conveyed, containing eighty (80) acres more or less which conveyance was made to the undersigned in trust, to secure the payment of certain negotiable promissory notes, in said deed more particularly described; and whereas several of said notes have become due and remain unpaid, now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and under the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will offer said real estate for sale, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 4TH, A. D. 1881,

for the purpose of said trust.

BERNARD J. REILLY, Trustee.

St. Louis, Jan. 12th, 1881. 98W

AUCTION SALE UNDER CHATTEL MORTGAGE.—Whereas, James Gates and Charles Slattery, doing business under the firm name of Jas. Gates & Co., on the 9th day of June, 1880, by their certain chattel mortgage, duly recorded on June 11, 1880, in the Recorder's Office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 17, p. 97, conveyed certain personal property, viz.: Twenty dirt carts, in said deed described to the Westlake and Button Novelty Manufacturing Works, a corporation duly established by law, to secure the payment of certain sums due to said Westlake and Button Manufacturing Works, and in said deed mentioned and described; and whereas default was made in the payment of the sums and amounts due by said Westlake and Button Manufacturing Works, and the property above described was thereupon seized by them and is now in their possession: now, therefore, the said Westlake and Button Manufacturing Works, will on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

at the warerooms of the said Westlake & Button Manufacturing Works, at No. 1213 North Main street, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m., by virtue and authority of the powers in it vested by said mortgage deed, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, the said twenty dirt carts hereinbefore mentioned, to satisfy said debts and the expenses of this trust.

WESTLAKE & BUTTON MANU'F'G WORKS.

Per JAS. V. WESTLAKE, President.

HINCKEL & O'GRADY, Att'ys. 97W

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

DR. L. R. WARE, unsurpassed this side of the Atlantic in the delineation of character and disease, stops at the McLean Building, Room 44, third story. Call and see him and find what your made for and what ails you and what to be. Advice free.

LOST or taken on Tuesday night, at Wood's Rink, a brown Plaid ulster. By returning to E. Wright, at Barr's, gent can obtain one left in its place.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE—Pursuant to the provisions and for the purposes of a deed of trust executed by Leopold Steinberger and wife to the undersigned, Ferdinand Singer, as trustee, dated May 8th, 1875, recorded in book No. 517, page 304, of the records of the Recorder's office of the former county, now city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, notice is hereby given that on
MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,
between the hours of twelve o'clock at noon and three o'clock in the afternoon, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, I will sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot number fourteen (14) of George H. Crossman's subdivision of city block No. 482 east of said city of St. Louis, including all improvements thereon, said lot having a front of twenty-five (25) feet by a depth of 129 feet 5½ inches to an alley 15 feet wide. Bounded north by lot No. 13, south by lot No. 15, west by said alley and east by Grattan street, all as per plat of said subdivision of record in the Recorder's office aforesaid.
FERDINAND SINGER, Trustee.
St. Louis, December 24, 1880. 85V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Henry Stagg, and Hannah S., his wife, by their deed dated August 3d, 1867, and recorded on page 436, of book No. 347 of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the County of St. Louis, conveyed to Peter J. Hurck the following described lot or parcel of ground situated in block numbered three (3) of Page and McPherson's addition to the city of St. Louis, in the county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, as subdivided by Carpenter. A plat of which sub-division is on file in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county, said lot of ground contains a front of sixty-nine (69) feet on the west line of Grand avenue, and extends westwardly the same width, five hundred (500) feet to Spring avenue, excepting fifty feet in the center of said piece of ground reserved for a part of Fall avenue, running parallel with Spring avenue midway between Grand and Spring avenues, and bounded north by Sumner street, east by Grand avenue, south by land formerly owned by said Carpenter, and west by Spring avenue, and being the same property acquired by said Stagg of Samuel M. Coleman and wife, by trustee, by deed of even date herewith, and filed for record with this deed in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county, in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed.
And whereas, said Peter J. Hurck is dead, and under the terms of said deed, in case of his death and a sale be desired by the holder of said notes, or either of them, the Sheriff of the County of St. Louis, for the time being, may proceed to execute the trust, and whereas, said Sheriff of the County of St. Louis and the Sheriff of the City of St. Louis have declined and refused to act, and the undersigned was, by order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 5th day of January, 1881, appointed as trustee under said deed to execute the trust. Now under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned Thomas A. Simpson will offer said property for sale, at public auction, for cash to the highest bidder at the Eastern front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1881,
for the purposes of said trust.
THOMAS A. SIMPSON,
Trustee, appointed under order of Court.
90W

NOTICE OF SALE.—By order of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, dated December 24, 1880, I will on the
13TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1881,
between the hours of 12 o'clock m. and 1 o'clock p. m., at the Merchants' Exchange in said city, offer for sale for cash to the highest bidder 520 shares of the capital stock of the Keokuk Northern Line Packet Company, for the purposes set forth in said order.
JAMES WARD,
Trustee.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of W. B. Homer, executor of Samuel F. Green, to use of C. N. Conant, assignee, and against C. C. Logan, Everett W. Pattison and R. M. Funkhouser, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of Everett W. Pattison, one of the defendants in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots Nos. 114, 115, 116, 117 and 118, of Daniel D. Page's western addition to the City of St. Louis, in city block No. 1049, of said city.
And I will, on
WEDNESDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Everett W. Pattison, said defendant, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.
ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 22, 1880. 74V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Levy Stern, and against James L. Patterson, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant, James L. Patterson, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:
1. Lots 10 and 29 in block 7 of Lucas and Hunt's addition to Cote Brilliante, said lot 10 having front of fifty feet on Wells avenue, and said lot 29 having a front of 50 feet on the St. Charles Rock road.
2. Lots 13 and 30 in block 9 of the same addition, said lot 13 fronting 50 feet on Florence avenue, and said lot 30 fronting 50 feet on Miller avenue.
3. Lots 1 and 41 in block 13 of same addition, said lot 1 fronting 64 feet 5⅜ inches on Miller avenue, and said lot 41 fronting 50 feet on Wells avenue.
4. A lot in block 504 of the city of St. Louis, beginning at the southeast corner of said block, and running thence northwardly along the western line of Twelfth street 22 feet 11 inches, thence west and parallel with Pine street one hundred feet, more or less, to an alley; thence south along and with the eastern line of said alley 22 feet 11 inches to Pine street, and thence east along and with the north line of Pine street 100 feet to the beginning point.
5. The undivided one-sixth of a lot in block 99 of the city of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the western line of Fourth street 28 feet seven inches north of the southeast corner of said block, and running thence north along and with the western line of Fourth street 28 feet 6 inches, thence westwardly and parallel with Olive street 134 feet, thence southwardly and parallel with Fourth street 28 feet 6 inches, and thence eastwardly in a straight line to the point of beginning.
And I will, on
TUESDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named James L. Patterson, said defendant, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.
ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 30, 1880. 12W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry Stagg, Moses S. Forbes, Huntington Smith and John H. Tracy are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:
Number 1. Lots 1 and 8, in block 13, in White Place addition, having each a front width of 66 feet on Julia avenue, by a depth or length each of 128 feet.
Number 2. Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, in block 13 in White Place addition, having each a front width of 50 feet on Julia avenue by a depth or length of 128 feet each.
Number 3. Lots 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24, in city block 2294, having each a front width of 25 feet on Cook avenue by a depth or length each of 165 feet.
Number 5. Lots 16 and 17 in city block 2293, having each a front width of 30 feet on Finney avenue by a depth or length each of 150 feet.
Number 9. Lots 13, 14, 15 and 16, in city block 2294, having each a front width of 25 feet on Page avenue by a depth or length of 165 feet each.
And I will, on
SATURDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.
ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., January 4, 1881. 25W

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

ANNE HAMILL,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of St. Louis City, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday in March next.
GEO. ROGERS
Executor of Anne Hamill, deceased.
St. Louis, Mo., December 29, 1880. 9W

ESTATE of Jacob Stahl, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

JACOB STAHL,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 3d day of January, 1881.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
Dated this 5th day of January, 1881.
GUSTAV LUDWIG,
Executor of Jacob Stahl, deceased.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Frederick Schmidt is plaintiff, and Elizabetha Neumann, alias Elizabeth Newmann, Charles Newmann, husband of said Elizabeth, and Joseph Ferguson, her trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, of the defendant Elizabetha Newmann, alias Elizabeth Newmann, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and chargeable with and bound for the payment of the debt, interest and costs in this suit, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:
A certain piece or parcel of ground lying and being in the State of Missouri, in the city of St. Louis, and described as follows, to-wit:
A lot of ground situated in said city on the north side of West Brooklyn street, commencing at a point seventy-one and one-half feet west of north Tenth street, thence westwardly along the northern line of West Brooklyn street twenty feet, more or less, to a lot formerly belonging to Joseph H. Locke, thence northwardly along the eastern line of said last named lot to an alley, thence eastwardly along said alley twenty feet, thence in a straight line to point of beginning, bounded south by West Brooklyn street, west by said lot of Locke, north by an alley, east by ground formerly owned by Shue, and being the same property conveyed to A. M. Bissell and wife in trust for said Elizabeth, in trust for the sole and separate use and benefit for said Elizabeth.
And I will, on
TUESDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, being the separate estate of said Elizabeth Newmann to satisfy said execution and costs.
ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, December 22, 1880. 85V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution and decree issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein Robert M. Bevin, James F. Bevin, Mary Alice Bevin, Eliza A. Jackson, formerly Eliza A. Bevin, and wife of Robert A. Jackson, and Robert A. Jackson, heirs of Wm. T. Bevin, deceased, are plaintiffs, and Robert W. Powell, John F. Lee, Jr., and Thomas Ward McManus are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate and all the right, title and interests of the plaintiffs therein, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with lien herein, and described in said execution and decree as follows, to-wit:
A certain piece or parcel of land situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, beginning at a point on the south front line of Chestnut street, distant eastwardly one hundred and sixty-nine (169) feet from the intersection of said south line with the east line of Twenty-first street, thence westwardly along said south line fifty six (56) feet and four (4) inches, thence southwardly and parallel with Twenty-first street seventy-three (73) feet and five and one-half (5½) inches to an alley, thence eastwardly along the north line of said alley fifty-six (56) feet and four (4) inches, thence northwardly with the same parallel as before seventy-three (73) feet and five and one-half (5½) inches to the point of beginning, bounded on the north by Chestnut street, on the south by said alley, on the east by property lately belonging to James H. Lucas, deceased, and on the west by Charles H. Turner.
And I will, on
SATURDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF JANUARY 1881,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property and all of said plaintiffs' interests therein, charged with said lien herein, to satisfy said execution and costs.
ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., January 4, 1881. 24W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry Stagg, John H. Tracy, the Central Savings Bank, a corporation, Michael H. Phealan, assignee in bankruptcy of the Central Savings Bank, S. D. Porter, trustee, Moses S. Forbes, E. O'Neil, cestui que trust, Hannah Stagg, wife of Henry Stagg, Charles H. Davis cestui que trust and E. E. Squier, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:
Number 2. Two lots in city block No. 2293 on Finney avenue, each being 30 feet in front or width, and 150 feet in depth, and being respectively lots 16 and 17 in survey No. 1583.
Number 3. Two lots or tracts of land in city block No. 2294 on Cook avenue, each being 100 feet in front or width and 165 feet in depth, and being respectively (the one) lots 17, 18, 19 and 20, and the other, lots 22, 23, 24 and 21 in survey No. 1561.
Number 4. Two lots on Julia avenue, each lot being 66 feet in front or width and 128 feet in depth, and being lots 1 and 8 respectively in block 13 of the White Place addition to said city.
Number 5. Six lots on Julia avenue, each being 50 feet in front or width and 128 feet in depth, and being lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 respectively in block 13 of the White Place addition to said city.
Number 6. Four lots in city block No. 2294 on Page avenue, each being 25 feet in front or width and 165 feet in depth, being lots 13, 14, 15 and 16 respectively in survey No. 1561.
And I will, on
SATURDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.
ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., January 4, 1881. 28W

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1881, of said court and to me directed, wherein John A. Watson is plaintiff, and John G. Priest, Robert A. Bakewell, Ringrose J. Watson, Felton P. Watson and Auguste L. Priest are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said special execution as follows, to-wit:
Situated in United States survey No. 2033, in the county of St. Louis, and being an undivided one-half of lots numbered one and two, described and laid down in the report and plat "B" thereto of the commissioners in partition in the case of Ringrose J. Watson, by guardian, against John A. Watson and others, as of the record of said report and plat in book 358, page 353 and following, in the Recorder's office of St. Louis, and comprising sixty-eight and sixty-two hundredths acres, more or less, excepting first as and for said three and four-sevenths acres (3 4-7) the following seven and one-seventh (7 1-7) acres of average quality and value of the whole lands in the said lots one and two, plat B, described as follows: Commencing at a stake where the northern line of Page or Cook avenue intersects the western line of the land taken and condemned for the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway Company by proceedings in the Circuit Court of St. Louis, case 36,345, and running thence north 74° 31' west along the northern line of Page or Cook avenue 186 feet 1¾ inches to a stake, thence north 0° 29' east 778 7-12 feet to a stake, thence south 89° 31' east 237 feet 7¾ inches to the intersection with the western line of land condemned for the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway as aforesaid, thence along the western line of said land south 7° 45' east 205 feet 0 inches to a stake, thence south 52° 45 seconds east 141 feet 5 inches to a stake, thence south 7° 45' east 623 feet 3¾ inches to the place of beginning, and excepting also the aforesaid right of way through said lots one and two, plat B taken as aforesaid for the said St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway Company, and excepting also lots numbered 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15 and 16, in block 14 of plaintiff's subdivision of said partition, lot one, plat B, as recorded in said Recorder's office in plat book 9, page 80.
And I will, on
MONDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.
ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 23, 1880. 75V

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed in favor of Henrietta Stamm, and against Carl Stamm, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant Carl Stamm in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:
Lot in city block 3055 (known also as block 26 of Elder's survey), being 25 feet front on Main street by a depth westwardly of 139 feet and 5 inches, bounded on the east by Main street, south by property of Joseph Debigarre, west by alley, and north by property of Caspar Thery.
Lot in city block 369 (known also as block 70 of Julia C. Soulard's second addition to the city of St. Louis) being the south part of lot number five (5), fronting sixteen feet and four inches (16' 4") on Seventh street, by a depth eastwardly of one hundred and forty feet (140) to an alley, bounded west by Seventh street, south by property of John C. Degenhardt, east by alley, and north by property of Henry G. Soulard, August Eyerman lessee.
And I will, on
TUESDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,
between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Carl Stamm, said defendant, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.
ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 22, 1880. 71V

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Henry Schoo and Caroline, his wife, by their deed dated October 30, 1872, and recorded on page 181, of book No. 462, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the county (now city) of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: A certain tract of ground lying in Julia C. Soulard's second addition to said city of St. Louis, being a part of fractional lot numbered five on the plat of Julia C. Soulard's extension of said second addition; said lot number five in block ninety-one (91), according to the plat of said addition, and said lot of ground being bounded and described as follows, to-wit: beginning at a point in the western edge of Church street which is forty-five feet south of the northeastern corner of said block numbered ninety-one, thence running along said western edge of Church street southwardly twenty-three (23) feet, thence westwardly and at right angles with said Church street 140 feet in depth to the eastern edge of an alley, thence northwardly and at right angles with said last course and along the eastern edge of said alley twenty three feet, thence eastwardly and at right angles to Church street 140 feet to the point of beginning. Also, a certain piece of ground in the extension and subdivision of fractional blocks and lots in Julia C. Soulard's second addition to said city of St. Louis, being a fractional block number ninety-one, bounded as follows, to-wit: beginning at a point which is the northwest corner of fractional block 91, thence running eastwardly along the southern edge of Park avenue forty-six feet, thence southwardly parallel with Church street fourteen feet eight and three-fourth inches to a point in the northern edge of lot owned by said Henry Schoo, thence westwardly and parallel with Barry street forty-five feet ten inches more or less to an alley twenty feet wide thence northwardly along the eastern edge of said twenty foot alley, five feet four inches to the place of beginning; in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed; now under the provisions of said deed the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 1ST, 1881,
for the purpose of said trust.
ALEXANDER WINDMUELLER,
Trustee.
WALTHER & JACOBY, Agents, 406 Morgan street.
St. Louis, January 8, 1881. 70 W.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Napoleon Willis, by his deed dated November 1, 1872, and duly recorded on page 268, of book No. 12, of the records of Recorder of Deeds for the county of St. Louis, conveyed to Henry D. Hatch, as trustee, all that certain parcel of real estate situated in the county of St. Louis, State of Missouri, being a part of block two (2) of East Kirkwood (a plat of which subdivision is of record in the Recorder's office of said St. Louis county) and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point in the center of Madison avenue, five hundred and seventy-three (573) feet west of the center line of Holmes avenue, thence east along the center line of Madison avenue one hundred and fourteen feet six inches (114 ft. 6 in.) to the southwest corner of land owned by George Bryant, thence north along said Bryant's west line three hundred and eighty (380) feet to the center of Main street, thence west along the center of Main street one hundred and fourteen feet six inches (114 ft. 6 in.), and thence south three hundred and eighty (380) feet, to the point of beginning; being the same property acquired by the herein conveying party this day, by deed from John W. Sutherland; in trust, however, to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed; and whereas, by terms of said deed, in case of the death, etc., of said trustee, then the undersigned, the Sheriff of St. Louis county, is authorized to act herein; and whereas, said Henry D. Hatch, trustee, is now dead, and the said Napoleon Willis is now and has been dead for a period of more than twelve months. Now, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, the undersigned will, under the provisions of said deed, offer said property for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and three o'clock p. m. on
THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1881,
for the purpose of said deed.
ROBERT SCHNECKO,
22W Sheriff St. Louis County.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Default having been made in the payment of two of the notes described in a deed of trust dated the 15th day of December, 1879, executed by William F. Heikes, trustee for Jessie S. Moss, Jessie S. Moss and her husband, Herman L. Moss, and duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, in book 623, page 141. Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and by virtue of the power vested in me by said deed of trust, I shall, on
TUESDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1881,
between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the real estate in said deed of trust described as situate, lying, and being in block numbered four hundred and fifty four (451) east of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Commencing at a point in the south line of Papin street opposite the center of the brick partition wall between houses No. 1520 and 1522 Papin street, which point is the northwest corner of a lot sold by Grether and Boeck to L. W. Hemp, thence running westwardly with the south line of Papin street eighteen feet nine inches (18 ft. 9 in.), more or less, to a point opposite the centre of the partition wall between houses No. 1522 and 1524 Papin street, thence running southwardly through the middle of the partition wall last mentioned and parallel with the east line of lot number four (4) of block number one (1) of St. Mary Suburb one hundred and fifty (150) feet more or less to the alley dividing said block; thence eastwardly with the north line of said alley eighteen feet nine inches (18 ft. 9 in.) more or less to the southwest corner of lot sold to said Hemp; thence northwardly with said Hemp's western line, and through the middle of the partition wall first above mentioned, one hundred and fifty (150) feet more or less to the point of beginning. Bounded north by Papin street, east by L. W. Hemp, south by said alley and west by Mary A. Jones, trustee.
BERNHARD LOEBLEIN,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., January 7, 1881. 50W

WHEREAS, Thomas D. Harris and Sarah R., his wife, by their certain deed of trust, bearing date January 12 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 538, page 308, conveyed to the undersigned trustee certain real estate described in said deed of trust as follows, to-wit: The following described lot of R. M. Field's subdivision of blocks Nos. 28 and 31 of survey No. 2 of the commons of Carondelet north of the River des Peres, a plat of which subdivision is on file in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county, Missouri, to-wit: Lot number five (5) of said subdivision, fronting fifty (50) feet on the south side of Blow avenue, by a depth southwardly of the same width to a fifteen foot alley, one hundred and twenty feet 8 3-5 inches, bounded north by said Blow avenue, east by lot number six of same block, south by said alley and west by lot number four of said subdivision and being the same premises which said Thomas D. Harris acquired from R. M. Field, executor; which deed of trust was made to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed of trust described, and said note has become due, and default has been made in the payment thereof. Now, therefore, in accordance with the terms of said deed of trust, and for the purpose of satisfying the same, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, notice is hereby given that I shall, on
MONDAY, JANUARY 31, 1881,
between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, proceed to sell the real estate in said deed of trust described, to the highest bidder, for cash.
E. J. CRANDALL,
30R Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, James Murphy and Daniel Murphy, by their deed of trust dated March 6, 1878 recorded in the Recorder's office in the city of St. Louis, in Book 588, page 327, did convey to the undersigned trustee, among other property, the following, to wit: The unexpired term of lease on 1st numbered fourteen (14) and the south half of lot numbered fifteen (15) of Lewis Bissell's first addition to the city of St. Louis, the leases whereof are made by W. F. Cozzens, dated May 1, 1873, recorded in Book 474, page 53, and by John Adam Opel, dated May 1, 1873, recorded in Book 471, page 112; also, all the sheds and outbuildings, one eight-ton Fairbanks scales, two two-horse ice wagons, one one-horse ice wagon, one stake wagon, three two-horse coal wagons, one four-horse coal wagon, a lot of coal and wagon-beds, one transfer bed, four gray mules, two black mules, one mouse colored mule, eight sets of double harness, three sets of single harness and one dozen shovels; which conveyance was made to secure the payment of two certain notes in said deed described: and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said notes; now, therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of said trust, and at the request of the legal holders of said notes, I will, on
SATURDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., on the above described premises, No. 4311 Broadway, sell the above described property to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said notes and the expense of executing this trust.
ANTHONY NACKE,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., January 8, 1881. 80W

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Charles Fischer (single) by his certain deed of trust, dated 15th February, A. D. 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 586, page 150, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in block No. 842 of said city of St. Louis, to-wit: Lots numbered seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19) and twenty (20) in block number five (5) of Taylor and Mason's addition to said city; said lots having an aggregate front of one hundred and five feet and eight inches (105' 8") on the west line of Eighth street by a depth of one hundred feet (100'), bounded north by Victor street, east by Eighth street, south by lot No. 21, and west by an alley; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas all of said notes have become due and remain unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on
WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1881,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust
62W AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Henry Giese (single), by his certain deed of trust dated 12th day of July, A. D. 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 554, page 28, conveyed to the undersigned the following described lots or parcels of ground, together with the improvements erected thereon, situated, lying and being lots numbered thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) of block number one (1) of the subdivision of the northwest quarter of block number sixty-three (63) of the St. Louis Commons; said lots having an aggregate front of forty-five (45) feet on the east line of Wisconsin avenue and running back eastwardly in depth one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to an alley twenty feet wide; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on
WEDNESDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1881,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash for the purposes of satisfying said note and the cost of executing this trust.
AUGUST GEHNER,
Trustee.
St. Louis, December 22, 1880. 68V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, John Shelly, by his certain deed of trust dated July 25, 1873, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, in book 479, page 279, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, being lot numbered nine (9) in block ten (10) of Labadie and Lynch's addition to the city of St. Louis, a plat of which said addition is on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis, said lot having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the west line of Sophia street, and with that width running one hundred and twenty-four feet ten and one-half inches westwardly to an alley fifteen feet wide, bounded on the east by Sophia street, on the north by lot No. eight (8), on the south by lot No. ten (10), and on the west by said alley; which said conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain promissory notes fully described in said deed of trust; and whereas all of said notes have become due, and some remain unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will offer for sale the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of
SATURDAY, THE 22ND DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1881,
for the purposes of said trust.
D. H. NAYLOR,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Dec. 22, 1880. 67V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Julia Meier (a widow), by her certain deed of trust dated 4th day of June, 1873, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 474, page 140, conveyed to the undersigned the following described lots or parcels of ground, together with the improvements erected thereon, lying and being in Wiebert's addition, in block No 55 of the St. Louis Commons, to-wit: Lots number one (1) and two (2) in city block No. 1505; said lots having an aggregate front of fifty-five (55) feet on the south line of Wyoming street, by a depth of one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to an alley twenty feet wide; also, lots number twenty-two (22) and twenty-three (23) of said addition and in same block, said lots having an aggregate front of fifty (50) feet on the east line of Minnesota avenue, by a depth of one hundred and thirty (130) feet to an alley twenty feet wide; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas, one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will on
WEDNESDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1881,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said note and the costs of executing this trust.
69V AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of the principal note described and secured by deed of trust executed by Timothy Clancy and Mary Clancy, his wife, on the second day of September, A. D. 1880, and of record at page 308, book 635, in Recorder's office for city of St. Louis, Mo., public notice is hereby given that pursuant to the terms of said deed, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will, on
SATURDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D., 1881,
between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, sell to the highest bidder for cash the leasehold to me conveyed by said deed and therein described as follows to-wit:
All of the unexpired term of the following described leasehold, together with the improvements thereon, to wit:
Lot thirteen (13) of lot six (6), allotted to Mary Ann Biddle in the partition among the heirs of Ann Biddle and granted and devised to Michael Delaney by Anne E. Biddle by indenture of lease dated August 11, 1874, in city block 2304 and transferred to said Clancy by deed of Michael Delaney, recorded in book 513, page 28, St. Louis city records.
HENRY M. BERRY,
Trustee.
St. Louis, December 22, 1880. 66V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas William Sinclair and Jane, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated 26th day of June, A. D. 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 595, page 171, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate situated in block No. 1049 of said city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: Lot number one hundred and twenty-nine (129) of Daniel D. Page's Western Addition, said lot having a front of twenty-nine feet and three inches (29' 3") on the west line of Leonard avenue by a depth of one hundred and twenty-two feet and six inches (122' 6"), bounded north by Thomas street, east by Leonard avenue, south by lot No. 128, and west by the east line of School Section No. 16; also: Lot number twenty-four (24) in block number four (4) of William C. Carr's Addition city block No. 949; said lot having a front of twenty-five feet (25) on the south line of Biddle street, by a depth of one hundred and fifty-three feet and ten inches (153 ft and 10 in) to an alley, bounded north by Biddle street, east by lot No. 25, south by said alley, and west by lot No. 23; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas one of said notes has become due, and remains unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will on
MONDAY, THE 31st DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1881,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.
41W AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas, Daniel Breen (now dead over nine months) and Maria, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the seventh day of April, A. D. 1878, and recorded in book 595 (595), at page 27, of the Recorder's office for the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, lying and being situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Being lot number (19) nineteen in block number (5) five of La Mont's addition to the city of St. Louis, and in block number 1815 of said city: having a front of twenty-five feet on the southern line of Chouteau avenue by a depth southwardly between parallel lines of one hundred and seventeen feet and six inches (117½ feet); which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes, fully described in said deed; and whereas, one of said notes is past due and remains unpaid. Now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and under and by virtue of the provisions of said deed, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on
FRIDAY, the 14TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1881,
between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of that day, offer the above described property for sale, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for the purpose of paying said notes and satisfying this trust.
MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., December 15, 1880. 83R
G. PITMAN SMITH, Attorney for cestui que trust.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas Elizabeth Neuman, by her trustee, Joseph Ferguson, and Charles Neuman, her husband, by their certain deed of trust dated November 22, 1878, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city (late county) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 617, page 232, whereby they conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate together with the improvements thereon, situated in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: A lot of ground situated in said city on the north side of West Brooklyn street, commencing at a point seventy-one and one-half feet west of North Tenth street, thence westwardly along the northern line of West Brooklyn street twenty feet, more or less, to a lot formerly belonging to Joseph H. Locke, thence northwardly along the eastern line of said last named lot to an alley, thence eastwardly along said alley twenty feet, thence in a straight line to point of beginning, bounded south by West Brooklyn street, west by said lot of Locke, north by an alley, east by ground formerly owned by Shue, and being the same property conveyed by A. M. Bissell and wife in trust to Joseph Ferguson for the sole and separate use of said Elizabeth Neuman, which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas, default has been made in some of said notes payable. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that the undersigned trustee at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions in said deed, will, on
SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1881,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.
CHRISTIAN TILLMANN,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., January 10, 1881. 90W

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

WHEREAS, B. Maziere Chambers and Marie C., his wife, by their deed, dated on the first day of December, 1877, and recorded on page 530 of book 583 of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned all those certain pieces and parcels of land, situate in said city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: A lot of ground in block number fifteen of the said city of St. Louis, containing twenty-five feet in front on Front street, by a depth of one hundred and twenty feet three and a quarter inches to an alley, bounded on the north by land of Octavia Boyce estate, on the east by said Front street, on the south by land of Catherine Cates, and on the west by said alley, the northern line of said lot being one hundred and sixty-six feet and eight inches southward of and parallel to Morgan street; also a lot of ground in block number nineteen of the city of St. Louis, fronting thirty-one feet one inch and a half on Main street and running back one hundred and seventy-five feet, and bounded on the north by lot of James Clemens, Jr., on the east by an alley, on the south by lot of Benjamin F. Thomas, and on the west by Main street, being lot number seven on plat A in the third report of the commissioners in the partition of the estate of John Mullanphy, deceased. Also a lot of ground in block number thirty of said city of St. Louis, containing sixteen feet in front on Main or First street, by a depth of seventy-six feet, bounded on the north by land of Octavia Boyce estate, on the east by said First street, on the south by Olive street and on the west by land of William S. Harney. Also a lot of ground in block number thirty-seven of the said city of St. Louis, fronting eighteen feet ten inches on Main street and running back one hundred and fifty-one feet and five inches, and bounded on the north by lot of James Clemens, Jr., on the east by Main street, on the south by lot of James Clemens, Jr., and on the west by an alley, being lot number three on plat D, in the fourth report of said commissioners. Also a lot of ground in block number seventy-two, east fronting twenty-eight feet on Collins street and running back one hundred and nine feet, and bounded on the north by lot of James Clemens, Jr., on the east by an alley, on the south by lot of Octavia Boyce estate and on the west by Collins street, being lot number six on plat "D" in the first report of said commissioners. Also a lot of ground in block number five hundred and sixty-five of said city of St. Louis, containing eighty-six feet in front on Fifteenth street by a depth of one hundred and twenty-five feet to an alley twenty feet wide, bounded on the north by an alley fifteen feet wide, on the east by said alley twenty feet wide, on the south by a lot of Thomas B. Chambers and on the west by Fifteenth street, the southern line of said lot being two hundred and four feet and ten inches, northward of and parallel to Biddle street. Also a lot of ground in block number five hundred and seventy-three of said city of St. Louis, containing forty-two feet and nine inches in front on O'Fallon street by a depth of ninety-two feet and three inches, subject to a private alley four feet and three inches in width at the north end thereof; bounded on the north by a lot of Catharine L. Boland, on the east by Fourteenth street, on the south by O'Fallon street and on the west by a lot of Mary C. Larkin; the western line of said lot to be co-incident with the center of the partition wall. Also a lot of ground in block number five hundred and seventy-nine of said city of St. Louis, containing twenty-seven feet and five inches in front on Ninth street, by a depth of one hundred and twenty-five feet to an alley, bounded on the north by land of Helen J. Clemens, on the east by said alley, on the south by land of Peter R. Henrick and on the west by said Ninth street, the southern line of said lot being one hundred and eleven feet and eight inches northward of and parallel to O'Fallon street. Also a lot of ground in block number five hundred and eighty-one of said city of St. Louis, fronting twenty-seven feet and six inches on Seventh street and running back one hundred and twenty-five feet, and bounded on the north by lot of James Clemens, Jr., on the east by an alley, on the south by lot of James B. Clemens and on the west by Seventh street, the southern line thereof being distant eighty-four feet and three inches, northward of and parallel to O'Fallon street. Also a lot of ground in block number five hundred and eighty-two of said city of St. Louis, containing twenty-seven feet and four inches in front on Sixth street, by a depth of about ninety-three feet on an average, bounded on the north by land of Octavia Boyce estate, on the east by an alley, on the south by land of James B. Shields and on the west by said Sixth street, the southern line of said lot being two hundred and twenty feet eleven inches northward of the north line of O'Fallon street. Also a lot of ground in block number six hundred and eighteen of said city of St. Louis, containing six feet and one inch in front on Eighteenth street by a depth of one hundred and twenty-five feet to an alley, bounded on the north by land of Lewis W. Cordes, on the east by an alley, on the south by land of S. L. M. Barlow and on the west by said Eighteenth street, the northern line of said lot being forty feet northward of and parallel to Mullanphy street. Also a lot of ground in block number eleven of the commons of St. Louis, and in block number thirteen hundred and six of said city of St. Louis, containing one hundred and two feet and one inch in front on Russell avenue by a depth of three hundred feet, bounded on the north by land of Eliza B. Hudson, on the east by Minnesota avenue, on the south by Russell avenue and on the west by land of Octavia Boyce estate. Also a lot of ground in block number sixteen hundred and eighty-one of said city of St. Louis, containing fifty-five feet in front on Biddle street by a depth of ninety feet to an alley, bounded on the north by said alley, on the east by the land of Richard Brown, on the south by said Biddle street and on the west by land of Margaret and John Sluggett, the eastern line of said lot being two hundred and three feet and ten inches westward of the west line of Twenty-first street, and being the eastern five feet of lot No. 5 and the whole of lots numbers 6 and 7 of Picot and others Addition. Also a lot of ground in United States survey number two hundred and eighty-six and in block number seventeen hundred and eighty-three of said city of St. Louis, containing one hundred and sixty-two feet and eight inches in front on Third street by a depth of one hundred and twenty-two feet and six inches to an alley, bounded on the north by St. Ange Addition, on the east by said alley, on the south by Clemens street and on the west by said Third street. And also a tract of land in United States survey number eighteen hundred and ninety-five, and in said city of St. Louis, in township 46 north, range 7 east, containing fifteen acres, bounded on the east by land of Ellen La Motte on the south by a private road thirty feet wide, on the west by land of Margaret Smith and on the north by land of Clemens; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed specified; now, in default of payment of said notes, and under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale to the highest bidder at the east front door of the Court-House in the city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of
MONDAY, JANUARY 17TH, 1881,
for the purposes of said trust.
SOLON HUMPHREYS,
As Trustee.
St. Louis, December 24, 1880. 95V

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—In pursuance of a certain deed of trust executed by John G. Shelton and Mary W. Shelton, dated the 28th day of November, 1874, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the county (now city) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 510, page 396, the undersigned trustee will, on
FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. on said day, on account of the non-payment of the notes described in said deed of trust, and at the request of the owner and holder of said notes, at the east front door of the Court-house in the said city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, expose to sale, for cash, at public vendue or outcry, for the purposes mentioned in said deed of trust, the following described real estate, situated in P. M. Dillon's third addition to the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, being lots numbered twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22) and twenty-three (23) of block numbered one of said addition, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of said block No. one as aforesaid, thence running eastwardly along the south line of Hickory street one hundred and twenty-seven and a half feet to an alley, thence southwardly along the said alley one hundred feet, thence westwardly and parallel to Hickory street one hundred and twenty-seven and a half feet to Dillon street, and thence northwardly along the east line of Dillon street one hundred feet to the place of beginning, and being the same lots allotted to said John G. Shelton and Mary W. Shelton by the commissioners in the partition suit between Thomas L. and Mary G. Rives, plaintiffs, and John G. Shelton and others, defendants, being case No. 25,-111 of the St. Louis Circuit Court, as appears by the report of said commissioners filed in the Clerk's office of said Circuit Court, on the second day of April, 1874.
GEORGE W. CLINE,
As Trustee.
St. Louis, January 6, 1881. 56 W

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas, by their deed of trust dated the 7th day of May, 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in the city of St. Louis, Mo., in deed book No. 575, at page 30, B. Gratz Brown and his wife, Mary G. Brown, and Wm. Glasgow, Jr., her trustee, conveyed to the undersigned, as trustee, the following real estate, situated in block No. 1030 of the city of St. Louis, Mo., viz:
First—A lot of ground in said block measured and bounded as follows: Begin on the north line of Thomas street 130 feet and 2 inches west of the southeast corner of said block, thence running west on the north line of Thomas street 204 feet and 4 inches to the west line of lot No. 13, of block 65, of Stoddard Addition to said city of St. Louis, thence north along said west line 118 feet 3 inches to the alley of said block, thence east on said alley 204 feet 4 inches, and thence south 118 feet 3 inches to the beginning.
Second—Another lot of ground in said block measured and bounded as follows: Begin at the northeast corner of said block, thence running west on the south line of Sheridan avenue 644 feet to northwest corner of said block, thence south on the east line of Webster avenue 142 feet 6 inches, more or less, to the alley of said block, thence east along said alley 644 feet to the west line of Fillmore, alias Garrison avenue, thence north along said west line of said avenue 142 feet 6 inches, more or less, to the place of beginning, and bounded north by Sheridan avenue, east by Fillmore, alias Garrison avenue, south by alley and west by Webster avenue. Also the following parcels of land situated in Jefferson City, Cole county, Missouri, and known as outlets in said Jefferson City Nos. 102 and 165, together containing about 80 acres, and being the same land acquired by Calvin Gunn, of Commissioners for Permanent Seat of Government for the State of Missouri, by deed of 25th May, 1843. Now, under the provisions and for the purposes of said deed of trust, public notice is hereby given that, on
FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,
and between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of that day, and at the eastern front of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, Mo., I will sell said above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash.
JOSIAH G. McCLELLAN,
As Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., January 6, 1881. 47W

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

WHEREAS, B. Maziere Chambers and Marie C., his wife, by deed dated on the first day of December, 1877, and recorded on page 458 of book 1 of the Recorder of Deeds for the county of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned all those certain tracts or parcels of land situate in the county of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: A lot of ground in block number twenty-six of the commons of Carondelet, south of the River des Peres, in the Township of Carondelet, containing twenty-five acres and thirty-eight hundredths of an acre, bounded on the north by a road, on the east by the Le May road, on the south by land now or formerly of Thurl, and on the west by land of Jochum. Also a parcel of land in sections seventeen and twenty, township forty-five north, range six east, in Central Township, containing thirty-one acres and thirty-eight hundredths of an acre, bounded on the north by land of Margaret F. Smith, on the east by land of John H. Gay, on the south by land of Jeremiah W. Clemens, and on the west by the Lay road. Also a parcel of land in the St. Ferdinand common fields in township 47, north range 6 east, in St. Ferdinand township, containing forty-two acres and forty-five hundredths of an acre, bounded on the north by a road forty feet wide, on the east by land of Eliza B. Hudson, on the south by land of Octavia Boyce estate and on the west by land of Annie B. Thatcher. Also a lot of ground in the town of St. Ferdinand, it being the southeast quarter of block number thirty-two, containing one hundred and sixty feet and five inches fronting on north line of Washington street by a depth northwardly between parallel lines of one hundred and sixty feet and five inches, bounded on the north by land of Moritz, on the east by St. Pierre street, on the south by said Washington street and on the east by land of Moritz, and in the township of St. Ferdinand. Also a parcel of land in St. Ferdinand township in section 12, township 46, range 6 east, containing one acre and fifteen hundredths of an acre, bounded on the north by land of the St. Louis University and the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway, on the east by said railway company, on the south by said section line and on the west by land of J. H. La Motte. Also a parcel of land in United States survey number three hundred and ninety-three in the township of St. Ferdinand, in township 46 north, range 7 east, containing seventy-one acres and forty three hundredths of an acre, bounded on the north by other land of said parties of the first part, on the east by land of Benjamin F. Thomas, on the south by land of the St. Louis University, and on the west by land of J. H. La Motte. Also, a parcel of land in St. Ferdinand township, in section 7, township 46, range 7, and in section 12, township 46, range 6, containing thirty-eight acres and sixty-seven hundredths of an acre, bounded on the north by Chambers road, on the east by land of Benjamin F. Thomas, on the south by other land of said parties of the first part, and on the west by land of J. H. La Motte. The two last described parcels of land forming one tract, and the late homestead of the said parties of the first part. Also, the undivided one-half of a parcel of land in the township of St. Ferdinand, in section 13, township 46, range 6, containing eighty-two acres and sixty-nine hundredths of an acre, excepting one acre and one hundred and sixty-eight thousandths of a triangular shape, which was hitherto conveyed off the northeast corner of said tract of land by Arson Lapham to said B. Maziere Chambers, by deed dated January 5, 1871; the said tract of land being known as lot number three of the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of said section thirteen, and lot number four in the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of the same section, township and range, and being the same acquired by the said B. Maziere Chambers and Charles Green of George F. Meyers by deed dated April 14, 1871, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the county (now city) of St. Louis, in book 429, page 8; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed specified.
Now, in default of payment of said notes, and under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale, at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the Court-house of and in said county of St. Louis, between the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon of
TUESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1881,
for the purposes of said trust.
SOLON HUMPHREYS, as Trustee.
St. Louis, December 24, 1880. 96V

TRUSTEES' SALE.—By virtue of the provisions of a deed of trust from Edward Rothwell and Sarah Rothwell, his wife, dated the 26th day of March, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds, formerly of the county, now of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 512, page 363, as default has been made in the payment of several notes secured by said deed of trust and in the payment of taxes therein covenanted to be paid; we, the undersigned trustees, at the request of the legal holders of said notes, will, on
MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,
sell at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate, lying in the county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: First, a tract of land in section thirty-six (36), township forty-six (46), range five (5) east, beginning at a stake in the southwest corner of this tract, running thence northwardly twelve chains and forty-three links (12.43 chs) to a stake, thence with the northern line of said section thirty-six (36), eastwardly fifteen (15) chains and four (4) links to a stake, thence southwardly twelve chains and fifty-three links (12.53 chs.) to a stake, thence westwardly fourteen chains and eighteen links (14.18 chs.) to the place of beginning, and being the most northern portion of the east half (½) of the northwest quarter (¼) of said section thirty-six (36), township forty-six (46), range five (5); being the same land described in deeds recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county in book 208, page 398, and in book 443, page 418, and containing seventeen acres more or less. 2. A tract of land in township forty-six (46), range (5), and in survey 3042, and being the whole tract of land described in the deed from Jacob W. Hawkins and Elenor V., his wife, recorded in said Recorder's office in book 346, page 479, less the tract conveyed by said Rothwell and wife to Thomas Walters, recorded in said office in book 362, page 17, containing four acres more or less, and adjoining on the east the land above described.
JOHN F. LEE, JR.,
ARTHUR LEE,
16V Trustees.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Michael Graber, now over nine months deceased, by his deed of trust dated December 16, 1879, and duly recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis in book 618, page 509, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri to-wit: Twenty-four (24) feet front on Kosciusko street, by one hundred and forty-five (145) feet in depth westwardly, bounded east by Kosciusko street, south by Hoffmann, west by alley, north by O'Hare et al., being lot number one hundred and seventeen of block four in Lesperance addition to the city of St. Louis, said block number four being city block seven hundred and twenty two, having been heretofore acquired of John Schuyler and Catherine, his wife, by deed dated January 4, 1851, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis in book Q 5, page 422, and of Francis Wm. Schneider and Eva Catherine, his wife, by deed dated July 12, 1858, recorded in the Recorder's office in the city of St. Louis, book 204, page 464; which said conveyance was made to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust described; and whereas said note and the interest thereon is due and remains unpaid, now therefore at the request of the legal holders of said note and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I the undersigned trustee will on
TUESDAY, JANUARY 18TH, 1881,
between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, proceed to sell the property above described to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said note and interest and the costs and expenses of this trust.
MICHAEL BEST,
Trustee.
St. Louis, December 22, 1880. 70V

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Charles Ochs (now more than nine months deceased) and Catharine, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 24th day of February, 1874, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 495, page 92, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in block No. 1128 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: Lot numbered fourteen (14), in block number eight (8) of East Union addition, said lot having a width of twenty-five feet (25 ft.) by a depth on its east line of about one hundred and forty feet, and on its west line of about one hundred and forty-eight feet (148 ft.), bounded north by an alley fifteen feet wide, east by lot No. 13, south by Wright street, and west by lot No. 15 of said block; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on
THURSDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1881,
between the hours of ten o'clock a.m. and five o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said note and the costs of executing this trust.
AUGUST GEHNER,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., December 13, 1880. 40R

Special Commissioner's Sale.

PARTITION SALE.—By virtue of a decree and order of sale made by the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, in the case of Caroline Louise Hoffmann et al., plaintiffs, against William Piel and others, defendants (file No. 54,115), the undersigned, Special Commissioner will, on
SATURDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1881,
beginning at the hour of 12 o'clock at noon, at the east front of the Court-house, sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, the property described in said decree and order, as follows: Lot 7 in block 1091 of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, fronting twenty-five feet on the north side of St. Louis avenue, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets, and on which is now situate
HOUSE NO. 2317 ST. LOUIS AVENUE.
Terms of sale: One-third cash, balance in one and two years from the day of sale, the deferred payments to be secured by a deed of trust on the property sold and notes bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum. Purchaser to have the privilege of paying all cash.
JOHN GRETHER,
Special Commissioner.
GRETHER & BOECK,
Agents, 207 North Eighth street.
76W

A MIXED MARKET.

Wheat Unsettled and Speculators Waiting for a Turn.

It is thought by some operators that probably there will be an attempt 'ere long to get up a scare in wheat on damage to crop reports in order to influence the markets and cause an advance. Occasional letters have been received from country shippers of vivid imaginations, some of whom call themselves "farmers," for effect, and who presumably are long a five or so of wheat and consequently wish the price to advance so as to put some money to their credit; these letters stating that the growing wheat has been seriously and even badly damaged by the severe weather; but as most of these same letters letters report the ground as covered with an inch to an inch and a half of snow, it is rather difficult to determine how these "farmers" have discovered the great damage they describe, and why the covering of snow has failed to serve as a protection to the growing plants as it is generally supposed to do.

It will not take long for the wily speculator to catch on to these reports of damage to wheat and to use them with sharp effect upon the market. There is nothing else in sight just now for the "bulls" to make use of in aiding toward an advance. Although receipts are small they are plentiful to meet the demand, and there is no export movement to speak of to relieve the glut of grain at leading points in this country, while it is an acknowledged fact that the amount of wheat still remaining in farmers' hands is simply enormous.

That receipts of wheat in St. Louis are and have been almost insignificant for some time is easily explained by the fact that most of the railroads running here positively refuse to load wheat, or, for that matter, any kind of grain for St. Louis. They say the elevators of this city are not unloading or pretending to receive the grain coming in, and they cannot afford to allow their cars to be used as warehouses and kept on track at this point, when they have use for them elsewhere.

Why the stock of corn is steadily increasing and the stock of wheat decreasing is easily explained. There is a large amount of corn scattered along the different roads centering here, notably the Missouri Pacific and the Kansas City and Northern, which corn through loaded into cars and destined for this market, cannot get into the elevators; but as wheat is gradually withdrawn through shipment or local milling, and every means possible are used to get out this wheat, this corn on track slowly makes its way into the city and replaces the wheat just taken out of the elevator.

The feeling in local speculative circles is very much mixed just now and most operators are in a quandary, not being able to make up their minds to purchase, as they have no confidence in the market at present prices, and are afraid to sell, for fear that Chicago, the undoubted speculative grain center of the world, may commence "bulling" the market. This being the general feeling, speculative trading in the home market is confined chiefly to "scalping" on general results, and operators are waiting, like Micawber, for something to turn up, although there are many who would like to see the market turn down.

The School Board.

The School Board met last night. The secretary's monthly report showed the receipts for December to be $154,472, and the expenditures $97,581 91. The teachers' committee reported that leave of absence had been granted to Alma M. Bowman, Lafayette School; Henrietta F. Bryan, Divoll School; Ella M. Brown, Clinton School; Eleanor Whittaker, Dodier; Mrs. J. N. Evans, Hulda H. Werth, Lafayette kindergarten; Mary Ludlow, Rock Spring School; Maggie McLaughlin, Webster School; Mary Niggeman, Webster School. The following transfers were reported: Minnie Schmitt, to Divoll afternoon kindergarten; paid assistant Mattie Brotherton, to O'Fallon morning kindergarten; paid assistant Maggie Fitzgibbon, to Jackson morning kindergarten; paid assistant Frances Plass, to Clinton morning kindgarten; Mollie Eagan, to Lincoln morning kindergarten, Maggie Flynn, to Divoll morning kindergarten, Rebecca Fitzgibbon, to Ames morning and afternoon kindergartern; Carrie Meisinger, to Clinton School, as third German-English assistant; Adolphus Michaelis, to Shaw School, as third German-English assistant; Susie Lebens, to Bryan Hill School, as third German-English assistant; Bertha Olhausen, to Pope School, as third German-English assistant; Belle Van Fossen, to Carondelet School, third assistant; Jennie Jones, Chouteau School, third assistant. The Superintendent's report showed an enrollment for the quarter of 45,220 pupils. An election will be held March 1 in the Twentieth Ward to fill the vacancy cause by Mr. Maginnis' resignation. It was decided that the petition of the young ladies of the Normal School asking that the graduating exercises be held at Mercantile Library be granted.

The Municipal Assembly.

The Council met last night. The bonds of George Harbeson, William and Meyer, and the contracts of J. W. Harrison, L. Grund and A. Heiman, were approved. The McAdam bill, the bill to dismiss the Thornton suits on payment of $12,500 were signed. The report of the Ways and Means Committee in favor of concurring in joint resolution to request the Legislature to amend the Constitution so that the State and city may issue nontaxable 4 per cent bonds to pay the $17,000,000 of the State bonded debt, and the $22,500,000 of the city bonded debt was adopted and the resolution passed. A number of bills were read first and second time. Adjourned until next Friday.

THE HOUSE.

The House of Delegates met last evening with twenty members present. An ordinance providing that building material shall be so arranged on the street that a safe passage for pedestrians will be always open, was introduced. The Carondelet and Forest Park Railroad ordinance, with amendments, providing that the road shall run down the street now occupied by the branch of the Missouri Pacific was ordered to engrossment. Mr. Dunn moved to strike out the Charter amendment increasing the salary of the Assembly men from $300 to $600 per annum. The motion was defeated by twelve votes, Messrs. Dunn, Kirby, Gerhart and Partridge voting in favor of it. In regard to the term of office of the Mayor, the following charter amendment was agreed to after much discussion: "The Mayor shall be the executive officer of the city; shall be at least thirty years of age, and shall not be eligible to serve as such for the term next succeeding that for which he is elected." Adjourned to next Friday.

Local Brevities.

The second annual ball of the Cooks and Pastry Cooks Mutual Aid Society given at Druids Hall, last night, was an immense success. The display in the supper room was extensive and elegant.

Bernhard Quinke, who violated the person of his twelve-year-old step-daughter was tried in the Criminal Court yesterday and sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary.

The annual meeting of the directors of Mercantile Library Hall was held last evening. Mr. John M. Lionberger made a very encouraging report. The president's report showed a total membership of 3,373. A motion to have the library open on Sunday was referred to the new board of directors. The president's report discussed the necessity of a fire proof building more commodious than the place now occupied.

Fanny Davenport.

"An American Girl," having proved an artistic failure in the South, Fanny Davenport very wisely returned the MS. to the authoress and utilizes the magnificent wardrobe made for that play in "Pique" and "Camille," in which she will appear, for the first time, at the Olympic, next week, also producing "London Assurance." "Leah" and the "Lady of Lyons." In the latter play Miss Davenport has made quite an innovation in costumes, having had an entire new wardrobe, made by the costumer of the Theatre de L'Opera in New Orleans, in the period of the "Directoire," of which the press of New Orleans speak with great praise.

Hotel Arrivals.

R. S. Curd, of the Everett House is back again.

W. E. Simpson, Marshrll, Tex., is at the Everett Aouse.

Henry Armstrong, Denver, Col., is at the Everett House.

A. C. Ficklin, Charleston, Ill., is at the Everett House.

Joe Mills, John Claugh, M. J. Sanders, Carrollton, Ill., are at the Everett House.

E. S. Bullock, M. C. Coulon, Miss Nellie Zoe, Geo. H. Bamitz, A. W. Wright and daughter, C. H. Browne, of Chicago, are at the Everett House.

J. C. Brown, Kansas City; A. G. Noltman, Denver; J. T. Hogg and S. S. Caldwell, Trenton, Tenn.; D. S. Sinclair, Troy, Kansas; H. L. Page, Fort Scott, Kansas; C. L. Morse, New York; J. M. Jordan, Baltimore, Md., are at Barnums'.

At Hurst's Hotel: George L. Daum, Evansville, Ind.; C. J. Hubbard and William Vail, San Francisco; W. Perkins, banker, Troy, Mo.; M. R. Williams, Spectator, Salisbury, Mo.; S. C. Hassler, Louisiana, Mo.; Charles Gager, Carbondale, Ill.; Philip Arnold, Joplin, Mo.; W. S. Randall and wife, St. Joe Mines; George Mock, Kansas City; H. H. Downing, New Hope, Mo.; F. M. Rust and wife, Florida; and N. Johnson, St. Joe Mines.

McCullough Dramatic Club.

The next regular entertainment of the "McCullough Dramatic Club," will take place at Pickwick Hall, Friday evening, 15th inst., at which time the travesty of "Romeo and Juliet" will be rendered, comprising in cast the best musical talent of the club. It is contemplated to have a hop follow the entertainment, which will be under the management of Messrs. Bernie Smith, Fred. Kretschuar, Buck Alexander and other members of the club. This will be the most brilliant entertainment of the season.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Ohio Republicans have nominated Sherman as a Senator.

The California Assembly elected Gen. Miller, Republican, to the Senate.

The Nevada Legislature nominated Col. Fair for the Senate on Tuesday.

Gen. Pryor, of New York, has been retained as counsel for ex-Gov. Sprague in the divorce case.

The wife of Dr. York, of Shelby county, Ill., is becoming deranged on account of the abduction of her little boy.

The trial of Tom Ambrose, ex-clerk of the United States Court at Cincinnati, upon cases of embezzlement, is now in progress.

Genevieve Ward is receiving the favorable ear of the New York courts in her suit against Lester Wallack to restrain the production of "Forget Me Not."

New York is developing a sentiment against the World's Fair commisssion. Unless New York City can control the expenditure it will not put up the money.

Mrs. Hayes, an insane patient of the State Hospital, St. Paul, Minn., was murdered by Mrs. Andrews, another patient. The quarters are entirely too crowded for safety.

Kansas City sets an example to St. Louis. Its Union Depot Company on Tuesday decided to still further accommodate the public with extensive additions and improvements to the depot.

The circus enterprise of Wm. T. Thornton, the banker of Shelbyville, has come to grief at New Orleans. The company started on the road in July. It numbers 129 people, to whom $8,000 appears to be due.

Steele Mackaye the manager and Messrs. Mallory, proprietor of the Madison Square Theater, have fallen out. Mackaye wants the courts to rescind the contract transfering Hazel Kirk and the double-stage patent to the Mallorys.

Sporting Items.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, January 12.—The score in the pool tournament last evening: First series, Frey 11 games, Lambert 2. Second series, Wallace 11 games, Field 10. Third series, Knight 11 games, Chas. Schaeffer 10. Fourth series, Wohlstrom 11 games, Wallace 3. The Graeco-Roman wrestling match for the championship of the world, between Muldoon and Whistler, takes place in this city January 11.

Arrest of a Thug.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., January 12.—Harry Williams, a Kansas City burglar and thus has been arrested at Little Rock, Ark., as an accomplice in the murder of Aaron Goodfellow which took place here August, 1879, and for which Patsy Devens, of Alton, Ill., was tried, convicted and sentenced and will be hanged Friday next. It is not now thought Devini will be granted a respite.

Burned to Death.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

READING, PA., January 12.—A kerosene lamp exploded last night at the residence of Wilmington Moser, on Center avenue, and the house and contents were completely destroyed. Mary Moser, aged 8 years, and a young lady visitor named Sallie Koltenburger, aged 14 years, and a six months' old child of the Mosers were burned to death.

Another Gould Enterprise.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

TOPEKA, KAS., January 12.—Another railroad in the Gould interest has been chartered here under the name of the Kansas, Arazona and Pacific Railway. The line is to commence at Leroy, Kansas, running west 400 miles. Capital stock $10,000,000. The directors are all connected with the Missouri Pacific road.

The Railroad War.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, January 12.—The rumor that the Wabash Road intends to recede from its position of charging one dollar less on business west from this city than is charged by any other line is confirmed. Thus the railroad war is reasonably certain to be ended within a few days.

Colored Guests.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CLEVELAND, January 12.—A delegation of colored citizens from Alabama called on Gen. Garfield last night. The general made them a little speech strongly urging education as a means of bettering the condition of the colored race.

Instantly Killed.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LOUISVILLE, January 12.—A ten-year old boy named Frank Birmingham was instantly killed here while coasting. He was run into by another boy, whose sled struck him a fearful blow on the head.

The De Lesseps Canal.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, January 12.—A letter has been received here from an American in Paris who criticizes the De Lesseps Canal scheme as a piece of the most high-handed swindling in bank speculation.

Resigned.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BOSTON, January 12.—Justice Ames, of the Supreme Court, has resigned on account of advancing age and declining strength. He has been on the bench since 1871.

Murdered by a Maniac.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ST. PAUL, January 12.—A murder was committed last night at the State Hospital for the insane, located at St. Peters. The irresponsible murderess is a Mrs. Andrews who has been a patient at the institution for six years; the object of her fatal hate was a Mrs. Hayes from Winnebago county, who was brought in last September. Mrs. Andrews has always been looked upon as a dangerous inmate and has been carefully watched but since the fire the patients have all been much crowded and in many instances four and five persons have occupied a single cell. No person witnessed the attack and the murder which must have been committed with a common chair. After the discovery of the murder, Mrs. Hays' neck showed evidence of choking. There were also other marks of violence. No intelligent account of the murder can be gathered from any source, as it was witnessed only by maniacs—if, indeed, it was seen by anybody, which is not definitely known.

Suicide.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ST. PAUL, MINN., January 12.—P. A. Goddard, County Auditor elect of Wabash county, has committed suicide while temporily insane.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, 6:07 a. m., January 12.

STATION.	Barometer	Thermometer	Wind	Rainfall in last 24 hours	Weather.
Boise City	....	....	....	....	
Cairo					
Chicago	29.97	23	SW	....	Clear.
Cincinnati	30.30	12	SE	....	Clear.
Davenport	29.84	22	S	....	Cloudy.
Denver	29.95	53	W	....	Clear.
Des Moines	29.75	27	SW	....	Cloudy.
Dodge City	29.99	26	W	....	Cloudy.
Fort Gibson	30.15	35	SE	....	Cloudy.
Indianapolis	29.88	17	S	....	Cloudy.
Keokuk	29.88	23	SW	....	Fair.
La Crosse	30.25	1	N	....	Clear.
Leavenworth	....	....	....	....	....
Louisville	30.26	18	S	....	Clear.
Memphis	30.53	27	SE	....	Clear.
Nashville	30.53	6	W	....	Smoky.
New Orleans	30.33	37	N	....	Clear.
Omaha	29.64	18	S	....	Fair.
Pioche, Nev	29.88	25	SW	....	Fair.
Pittsburg	30.32	8	Calm	....	Cloudy.
Sacramento, Cal	....	....	....	....	
Salt Lake City	29.93	41	SE	....	Fair.
San Francisco	30.34	52	SW	....	Fair.
Shreveport	30.20	32	S	....	Clear.
Springfield, Ill	30.02	22	SE	....	Clear.
St. Louis	30.05	21	S	.16	Clear.
St. Paul	29.70	5	E	....	Fair.
Vicksburg	30.32	29	SE	....	Clear.
Virginia City	....	....	....	....	
Winnemucca Nev	29.98	43	SW	....	Cloudy.
Yankton	29.95	12	N	....	Clear.

ADDITIONAL COMMERCE.

Groceries.

[Jobbers' Cash Quotations.]

CHEESE

	Per lb.		Per lb.
Buffalo brand	15½	N. Y. Fac. Cream	11½
Swiss, genuine	30	Swiss, imitation	19
Limburger	15½	Y'g America	17
Pine apple	23		

COFFEE.

Common Rio	13 @13½	Prime Rio	15 @15½
Fair Rio	14 @15	Ch fancy Rio	15½@16
Mexican	16½	La Guayra	—
Choice O. G. Java.	27	Mexican	16½
Prime do	25	Manahaling	28
Plantation Ceylon.	30	Mocha	26½

RICE.

Carolina, good, ₶ lb	7	Carolina, prime, ₶ lb	7½
Carolina, choice. "	7½	Carolina fair, "	6½

FRUITS—FOREIGN.

Currants. 1880	6½@7½	London layers	2 75
Figs, boxe.s	15½	Muscatels	2 35
Figs, drums	14½	Citron, Leghorn	24
Prunes, brls	7	Dates. Persian	8
Raisins, layers, ₶bx	2 30	Lemon peel	18
" " ½bx	1 30	Lemons ₶ box	5 25
" " ¼bx	70	Oranges ₶ box	4 25
Valencias	9½	Cocoanuts	5

SYRUP AND MOLASSES.

LOHER'S.

	bbls.	hf. bbls.	kgs.	hf. kgs.
Golden Syrup	46c	49c	52c	57c
Sugar-house Syrup Molas.	44c	47c	50c	55c
" " in 5-gal kegs			₶ kg	$2 30

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES.

Reboiled, prime to str. choice, per gal. 48

SALT—COMMON.

Ohio River, ₶ brl. $1 15

NUTS.

Almonds, ₶ lb	18@19	Peanuts, raw, choice white or red, ₶ lb	6
Brazil, ₶ lb	6½		
Filberts, Sicily	11	Peanuts, roasted, white or red, ₶ lb	8
Pecans, Texas, ₶ lb	12		
" Ind. Ter. ₶ lb	9	Walnuts. Naples, ₶ lb	17

SUGAR—REFINED.

BELCHER'S.

Cut loaf	—	Standard A	—
Crushed	—	Missouri A	—
Powdered	—	Extra C	—
Standard Granulated	—	Standard C	—
Fine powdered	—	Yellow C	—

EASTERN.

Cut loaf sugar 10½ | Granulated 10¼

TEAS.

(The prices here quoted are for tea in original packages. In less quantities than original packages 8c per lb will be charged over following prices.)

ENGLISH BREAKFAST OR SOUCHONG.

No. 1	35	No. 2	55

JAPAN.

No. 1	22	No. 2	80
No. 3	40	No. 4	50
No. 5	56	No. 6	60

YOUNG HYSON.

No. 1	40	No. 2	45
No. 3	50	No. 4	62

OOLONG.

No. 1	30	No. 4	50
No. 2	37	No. 5	65
No. 3	42		

GUNPOWDER.

No. 1	45	No. 5	60
No. 2	50	No. 6	65
No. 3	55	No. 7	70
No. 4	60	No. 8	90

IMPERIAL.

No. 1	30	No. 3	45
No. 2	40	No. 4	50
No. 5	55	No. 6	65

NAILS.

Best Wheeling rates $3 00

Lumber Market.

WHITE PINE.

Clear Tank stuff, rough, 2½ to 4 in	$55 00
1st and 2d clear, " 1¼ to 2 in	47 00
" " 1 in	47 00
3rd " " 1¼ to 2 in	41 00
" " " 1 in	40 00
" " " 7 to 9 in	35 00
A Select " 1¼ to 2 in	36 00
" " 1 in (10 in. and over)	33 00
" " 7 to 9 in	29 00
B Select, " 1 in $24; 1¼ to 2 in	27 50
Clear Frames " 2x6 and 2x8	32 00
Select " " "	27 50
Clear and Select " 2x4	25 00
A Stock, 12 in. " 12 to 20 ft	37 50
B " " " 12 to 20 ft	36 00
C " " " 18 to 20 ft	29 00
D " " " 20, 12, 14 and 16 ft	17 00
D " " " 18 ft	17 00
A " 10 in, " 12 to 16 ft	36 00
B " " " 12 to 16 ft	32 00
D " " " 12 to 16 ft	16 50
A Box " 12 ft	41 00
B " " 12 to 18 ft	39 00
C " " 12 to 16 ft	29 00
D " " 12 to 20 ft	18 00
Flooring D and M clear 4 in	37 00
" clear and 1st com. 4 in	35 00
" 2nd com. 4 in	33 00
" 3rd com. 4 in	23 00
" 4th com. 4 in	17 00
Siding, 1st and 2d clear	21 00
Siding, clear & 1st com	18 75
Siding, 2nd com	17 75
Siding, 3d com	13 50
Siding, 4th com	9 50
Ceiling, ¾ in., clear	22 00
Ceiling, ¾ in., clear & 1st com	19 75
Ceiling, ¾ in., 2d com	18 75
Ceiling, ¾ in., 3d com	14 50
Ceiling, ½ in., clear & 1st com., 4 or 6 inches	25 00
Ceiling, ½ in., clear & 2d com., 4 or 6 inches	23 00
Ceiling, ½ in., clear & 3d com., 4 or 6 inches	19 00
Ceiling, ⅝ in., 1st com., 4 or 6 inches	32 00
Ceiling, ⅝ in., 2d com., 4 or 6 inches	29 00

COMMON LUMBER.

No. 1 boards 10 & 20 feet	$16 00
No. 1 boards 14, 16 & 18 ft	15 50
12-in. boards (Nos. 1 & 2), 12 to 16 feet	14 50
No. 2 boards, 10 & 20 ft	13 50
No. 2 boards, 12 to 18 ft	13 50
Cull boards or sheathing	11 00
No. 1 fencing, 4 or 6 in., 16 ft	15 50
No. 1 fencing, 4 or 6 in., 12, 14, 18 & 20 ft	15 00
No. 2 fencing, 4 or 6 in., 12, 14, 18 & 20 ft	13 50
Cull fencing	11 00
Joists, 10 to 16 ft., 2x12 & under	13 50
Joists, 18 ft., 2x12 & under	14 00
Joists, 20 ft., 2x12 & under	14 50
Joists, 22 & 24 ft., 2x12 & under	$18 00@19 00
Joists, 26 ft., 2x12 & under	26 00
Joists, 28 & 30 ft., 2x12 & under	22 00@24 00
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 12 ft	13 50
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 14 & 16 ft	13 50
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 18 ft	14 00
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 12 to 16 ft	13 50
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 18 ft	14 00
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 22 ft	18 00
Large timbers at special prices.	
Grub and No. 2 joists, 10 to 16 ft	11 00
Grub and No. 2 joists, 18 to 20 ft	11 50
Grub and No. 2 joists, 22 ft. (mixed widths)	11 50
No. 2 scantling, 12 ft	11 50
No. 2 scantling, 14 & 16 ft	11 50
No. 2 scantling, 18 & 20 ft	12 00

YELLOW PINE.

1st and 2d cl. flooring (count), 4 in	$32 50
Star flooring (count), 4 in	30 00
Common flooring (count), 4 in	20 00
1st and 2d cl. flooring, mixed widths (tape)	35 00
Star flooring, mixed widths (tape)	30 00
Common flooring, mixed widths (tape)	20 00
1¼ in. 1st & 2d cl. flooring mixed widths (tape)	35 00
1¼ in. common flooring mixed widths (tape)	20 00
1 inch 1st & 2d cl. step stuff, S 2 S	35 00
1¼ & 1½ 1st & 2d cl. step stuff, S 2 S	37 50

POPLAR AND ASH.

1st Siding	—
2nd Siding	—
1st Ceiling, 7-16 in. 6 in	—
2nd Ceiling, 7-16 in. 6 in	—
1st Ceiling, ⅝ in	27 00
1st Box boards, rough, 14 and 16 ft	35 00
2nd (select) Box boards, rough, 14, 16 ft	28 00
1st Box boards, rough, picked widths	—
2nd Box boards, rough, picked widths	—
Common boards, rough	20 00
1st Panel, S 1 S, ⅝ in	28 00
2nd Panel, S 1 S, ⅝ in	—
Ash Flooring, 4 inch, $40; 6 inch	38 00
Ash Flooring, common, 4 and 6 inch	20 00

RED CEDAR.

Sawed Posts (quartered), No 1	30
Sawed Posts, square, 8 ft. 4x4 35c; 6x6	85
Sawed Timbers, 10 to 16 ft B. M	$35 00

SHINGLES AND LATH.

	Car Load.
Eau Claire & Meridean, extra clear, dry	$3 15
Eau Claire & Meridean, shaded A. green	2 00
Eau Claire & Meredian, No. 1	85
Duncan & Taylor, extra choice	3 00
Choice "A" McCartney	2 90
Good "No. 1 (S. & B.)	20
Badger Common No. 1	95
Lath	40

Lath and shingles extra dry.

Fish.

[Jobbers' Quotations.]

MACKEREL.	Bbls.	100 lb Hlfs.	90 lb Hlfs.	50 lb Qrs.	15 lb Kits.	12 lb Kits.
1880, Tinkers	$ 9 00	$5 00	$4 55	$2 50	$ 85	$ 75
No. 1	10 50	5 75	5 25	2 90	1 00	85
No. 2	7 75	4 40	3 90	2 25	80	70
Fat Family	6 75	3 85	3 50	1 90	70	60
No. 1 Bay	12 00	6 50	5 90	3 25	1 10	90
Prince E'wrd Island Mess	16 00	8 50	7 75	4 25	1 40	1 15
No. 1 Shore	20 00	10 50	9 50	5 25	1 70	1 40
No. 1 Ex Shore	25 00	13 00	11 75	6 50	2 10	1 70
No. 1 Mess	22 00	11 50	10 40	5 75	1 85	1 55
No. 1 Ex. M.	28 00	14 50	13 00	7 25	2 30	1 90
No. 3 Large	8 00	4 50	4 10	2 25	80	70
No. 2 Large	9 00	5 00	4 55	2 50	85	75
LAKE FISH.						
No. 1 Lake		5 50	5 00	2 90	1 00	90
No. 1 White		7 60	6 30	3 75	1 25	1 10
No. 2 White		5 50	5 00	2 90	1 00	90
Fam. do		4 50	4 25	2 50	85	70
SALMON.						
Colu'bia River Salmon	16 00	8 50	7 65	4 25	1 40	1 15

CODFISH.

Boneless, ordinary, 25-lb boxes, lb lb	4½
Boneless, Malta brand, 35-lb boxes, ₶ lb	6½
Boneless, Crescent brand, 35-lb boxes, ₶ lb	8
Beneless, Snowdrift brand, 35-lb boxes, ₶ lb	9
Red Brand strips, 40-lb boxes, ₶ lb	4½
Blue Brand, 40-lb boxes rolled, ₶ lb	5½
Blue Brand Georges, 20-lb boxes, strips, ₶ lb	6
Blue Brand Georges, strips, 40-lb boxes, ₶ lb	5½
Genuine Georges, 20-lb boxes, strips, ₶ lb	9
Peerless strips, 20-lb, ₶ lb	7
Peerless, 20-lb, ₶ lb	9
Georgia Bank, 25 and 50-lb, ₶ lb	6½

MACKEREL IN TINS.

Nonparel, 15-½ tins, ₶ doz	$5 50
Breakfast mess, 5-lb tins, ₶ doz	5 00
X L C R mess, 5½ tins, ₶ doz	6 50
Peerless mess, 5-lb tins, ₶ doz	6 00
Potter & Wrightington's mess, 5-lb tins, ₶ doz	6 00
Family mess, square, 5-lb tins, ₶ doz	5 25

MISCELLANEOUS.

	Brls., 200 lbs.	½-brls. 120 lbs.
No. 1. B'd Shore. Herring	$6 00	$3 25
N. Labrador Split	6 00	3 25
New Gibbed	6 50	3 25
Potomac Roe Herring	12 00	6 50
Herring, boxes, No. 1 and scaled box		28
Herring, boneless, in ½-lb tins, ₶ dox		1 65
Herring Holland, Brown brand, new, ₶ keg		1 00
Herring, Holland, Eagle, brand, new ¼ keg		90
Herring, Holland, Milter's brand, new ¼ keg		1 35
Russian Sardines, Lion brand, new, ₶ keg		70
Russian sardines, St. L. Packed		50
Anchovies, in salt, 1 doz glass bottles in cases		4 50
Anchovies, in oil, 1 doz glass bottles, in cases		6 50
Anchovies, in ¼ kegs		40
New smoked halibut, in 100, 50 and 25-lb boxes, ₶ lb		12½

Drugs.

Alum	4@5	Ipecac	1 50
Aloes, cape	17@25	Indigo	90@$1
Acid, tartaric	55	Jalap	40@45
Balsam copaiva	65	Logwood	4@5
Blue mass	45	Lunar caustic	90
Borax, ref	14@15	Liquorice	35@40
Blue vitriol	10@12	Madder	13
Calomel Amer	65	Magnesia carb	35@40
Do English	1 20	Morphine	4 75
Camphor	30	Oil Bergamot	3@3 25
Cream tartar	25@45	Opium	7 25
Cantharides	1 35@40	Oil lemon	3 25
Chloroform	90	Peruvian bark	35@2 00
Copperas	2½@3	Quinine	2 75
Epsom salts	3@3½	Rhubarb	1 00
Glue	15@25	Salsoda	2½@3
Gum arabic	25@60	Soda, bicarb	4@5
Iodine	4 00	Salt petre	6@16
Iodide potassium	3 00		

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a receipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D., New York City.

DR. WHITTIER

617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer located than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or Mercurial Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones cured Safely, Privately. Spermatorrhea, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of Self-Abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other brainwork, producing nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, or night losses, rendering marriage improper, are permanently cured. Consultation at office or by mail free—invited. Pamphlet one stamp. Medicines sent by mail or express. Cures guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

MARRIAGE GUIDE! 260 PAGES. FINE PLATES.

Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry; How life and happiness may be increased; Effects of celibacy and excess, and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it then keep under lock and key. 25 cts. by mail in money or postage. Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles st., St. Louis. Mo

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, William Ludewig and Caroline Ludewig, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated April 13, 1876, and recorded on page 27 of book 549, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the County (now city) of St. Louis, did convey to the undersigned, as trustee, the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the City (late the city and county) of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: The following described lot of ground with the improvements thereon, to-wit: Lot in block number (99) ninety-nine of Julia C. Soulard's Third Addition, being (60) sixty feet front on Rosatti street and running eastwardly with the same width with Market lane, now Julia street, to a ten-foot alley: said lot bounded southwardly by said Julia street, westwardly by Rosatti street, eastwardly by said alley and north by other owners: which said conveyance was made to the undersigned in trust to secure the payment of a certain negotiable promisory note and interest thereon in said deed more particularly described: and whereas it was stipulated in said deed that the interest on said note should be paid annually, and that the failure to pay said interest when due and payable, should cause the principal to become immediately due and payable, though not then due by the terms, tenor or effect thereof, and the said William Ludewig having wholly failed and neglected to pay said interest and the same with the principal of said note remaining due and unpaid. Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder and owner of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions contained in said deed of trust, I the undersigned trustee in said deed will, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF FEBRRUARY, A. D., 1881.

between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of said day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in St. Louis, Mo., proceed to sell the property herein before described, at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said note with the interest accrued thereon, and the costs and expenses of executing said trust.

WILLIAM MUELLER, as Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., January 12, 1881. 91W

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of Charles Schmidt, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration with the will annexed on the estate of

CHARLES SCHMIDT,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 11th day of December, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 15th day of December, 1880.

HERMAN SCHMIDT.
81R Administrator.

GUARDIAN'S SALE OF STOCKS.—By order of the St. Louis Probate Court, I will at 12 o'clock m on Thursday, the 13th day of January, A. D. 1881, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the following stocks belonging to the estate of Adelaide Werberich, n. c., to-wit: 1 share Western Store Manufacturing stock, 2 shares Maguire Market stock, 3 shares Twelfth Ward Savings Association, 2 shares Tenth Ward Savings Association.

Terms—Cash. FRANCIS NOHL, Guardian.
70W

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, December Term, 1880.
Thursday, December 9, 1880.
Thomas S. Noonan and Josephine Bogy Noonan
vs.
William Stackhouse, Mary S. Wilkes, widow of John Wilkes, deceased, Emaline Robinson, widow of Daniel Robinson, deceased, John W. Bryant and his wife, Gilla G. Stackhouse Bryant, Herbert Stackhouse, Blanche A. Stackhouse, Maude S. Stackhouse, Mary Stackhouse a minor, a daughter whose name is unknown of Horace Stackhouse, deceased, the widow whose name is unknown of Horace Stackhouse, deceased, the husband whose name is unknown of the last-mentioned widow, Sarah A. Stackhouse, the widow of Heywood Stackhouse, and Medora Ross, believed to be one of the heirs of the said same Stackhouse, Hiram W. Leffingwell, trustee of the minors Maude S. Stackhouse, Mary Stackhouse and the said child, whose name is unknown.

It appearing to the court from the petition and affidavit this day filed herein, that all of the said parties defendant, save the defendant Hiram W. Leffingwell, are non-residents of this State, wherefore, on motion of plaintiffs, by attorney, it is ordered that all of said defendants, except the defendant Hiram W. Leffingwell, be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree in partition of the following described tract or parcel of real estate, to-wit:

A piece or tract of land situate in the city of St. Louis, in U. S. survey 3,003, and thus more particularly described: Beginning at a point in the west line of Twenty-eighth street, distant two hundred feet and seven inches (200.7) south of the south line of Cass avenue; running thence westwardly in a line parallel with the south line of Cass avenue one hundred feet four inches (100.4), to a point; thence southeasterly along the line of the property of Josephine B. Noonan, one hundred and ninety-eight feet (198) to a point distant forty-four feet six inches (44.6) west of the west line of Twenty-eighth (28th) street; thence easterly along a line parallel with the south line of Cass avenue forty four-feet six inches (44.6) to the west line of Twenty-eighth (28th) street; thence northerly along the west line of Twenty-eighth (28th) street one hundred and eighty-eight (188) feet to the point of beginning.

And unless they apppear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed, and a decree rendered as prayed for.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 11th day of December, 1880.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
82R

TIME TABLE

OF TRAINS RUNNING INTO THE

UNION DEPOT.

(ST. LOUIS TIME.)

Railroad managers are requested to notify of any changes in the running of trains, that the time card may be kept correct.

CHICAGO, ALTON AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Trains.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago Morning Express	* 7:40 a. m.	* 8:10 p. m.
Kansas City & Jacksonville	* 8:45 a. m.	* 7:05 p. m.
Springfield & Jack'ville Ac.	* 4:50 p. m.	* 10:35 a. m.
Chicago Lightning Express	† 8:00 p. m.	† 7:50 a. m.
Kansas City Lightning Ex.	† 8:50 p. m.	† 6:50 a. m.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY R. R. Burlington Route.

Minneapolis & St. Paul Fast Mail and Express	* 9:22 a. m.	* 5:17 p. m.
Omaha Night Express	‖ 7:47 p. m.	‡ 8:20 a. m.
Peoria & Chicago Express	7:47 p. m.	8:20 p. m.

CHICAGO THROUGH LINE, VIA VANDALIA LINE AND ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

Chicago Day Express	* 8:00 a. m.	* 9:00 p. m.
Chicago Night Express	† 7:00 p. m.	† 7:30 a. m.

CAIRO SHORT LINE.

Cairo Mail and St. L. Ex.	* 7:45 a. m.	* 9:45 a. m.
Lightning Express	* 4:10 p. m.	* 7:05 p. m.
New Orleans Ex & Fast Mail	* 8:50 p. m.	† 10:40 p. m.

ILLINOIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Belleville Accommodation	8:15 a. m.	8:05 a. m.
	11:00 a. m.	10:40 a. m.
	2:40 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
	5:35 p. m.	5:10 p. m.
	8:45 a. m.	8:35 a. m.
Sunday	6:05 p. m.	5:40 p. m.

INDIANAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Day Express	* 7:10 a. m.	* 6:45 p. m.
New York Express	† 6:35 p. m.	† 8:00 a. m.
Accommodation	* 4:45 p. m.	* 9:35 a. m.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILWAY—ST. LOUIS DIVISION.

Nashville Mail (except Sunday)	9:00 p. m.	7:20 a. m
Mascoutah Ac (daily except Sunday)	10:00 a. m.	1:10 p. m.
Nashville Ex. (Daily)	7:45 a. m.	7:50 p. m.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Day Express	* 8:00 a. m.	* 7:55 p. m.
Chicago Express	† 7:00 p. m.	† 7:30 a. m.

MISSOURI, KANSAS AND TEXAS RAILWAY.

Texas Express	† 9:00 a. m.	† 6:00 p. m.
Kansas Express	† 8:40 p. m.	† 6:30 a. m.

OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.

Accommodation	* 6:10 a. m.	* 8:15 p. m.
Fast Express	* 8:10 a. m.	† 7:25 p. m.
Salem Accommodation	* 5:05 p. m.	* 8:40 a. m.
Night Express	† 6:50 p. m.	* 7:20 a. m.
Pacific Express		† 8:20 a. m.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Day Express	† 9:00 am	† 6:00 pm
Fast Line	† 8:40 pm	† 6:30 am
Local Passenger	* 7:00 am	† 6:38 pm
Washington	* 4:55 pm	* 8:25 am
Pacific	† 8:50 pm	† 6:38 am
Pacific (Sunday only)	8:25 am	6:38 am
Kirkwood	* 8:08 am	* 7:20 am
Kirkwood	* 10:00 am	* 10:53 pm
Kirkwood	* 3:25 pm	* 10:50 am
Kirkwood (Sunday only)	1:08 pm	10:03 am
Kirkwood	* 6:20 pm	* 12:43 pm
Kirkwood	* 11:20 pm	* 5:15 pm

KEOKUK AND ST. LOUIS R. R. (St. L., K. and N. W. Railway)

Depart—Keokuk Express, ex. Sunday. 9:00 a. m.
Depart—Keokuk Night Express, ex. Sat. 8:25 p. m.
Arrive—Keokuk Express, ex. Saturday 6:30 a. m.
Arrive—Keokuk Express, ex. Sunday 6:05 p. m.

WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY. WESTERN DIVISION.

Mail and Express	* 9:00 a. m.	* 6:05 p. m.
Rosedale Ac.	* 8:50 a. m.	* 10:50 a. m.
Ferguson Ac.	! 9:00 a. m.	! 10:50 a. m.
Rosedale Ac.	† 8:00 p. m.	† 4:00 p. m.
Ferguson Ac.	† 4:20 p. m.	† 8:15 a. m.
Ferguson Ac.	† 6:10 p. m.	† 6:20 p. m.
Kansas and Colorado Ex.	† 8:25 p. m.	† 6:30 a. m.
St. Paul Ex.	† 8:25 p. m.	† 6:30 a. m.
Pacific Ex.	† 8:10 p. m.	† 7:45 a. m.

BIDDLE STREET.

Warrenton Ac.	* 4:20 p. m.	* 10:10 a. m.
St. Charles Ac.	* 6:15 p. m.	* 8:15 a. m.

VANDALIA LINE.

Day Express	† 8:00 a. m.	† 8:15 p. m.
Louisville & Cincinnati Ex.	† 6:30 p. m.	† 8:00 a. m.
Pittsburg & N. Y. Express	† 7:00 p. m.	† 7:30 a. m.
Mail and Accommodation	* 8:00 p. m.	* 5:00 p. m.
Highland Accommodation	* 6:00 p. m.	* 8:20 a. m.

EASTERN DIVISION.

Through Express	7:50 a. m.	7:50 p. m.
Boston Express	6:40 p. m.	8:20 a. m.
Decatur Accommodation	4:35 p. m.	10:50 a. m.

CHICAGO DIVISION.

Through Express	7:50 a. m.	7:25 a. m.
Through Express	8:15 p. m.	7:50 p. m.

ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.

Kan. and Tex. Ex.	† 8:50 p. m.	† 6:40 a. m.
Rolla Accommodation	* 7:00 a. m.	* 6:33 p. m.

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

On and after May. 9, mail and express passenger trains will start from Union Depot, and will not stop at Plum Street Depot to take on passengers or baggage.

St. Louis Union Depot.		
Arkansas & Texas Express	† 9:00 a. m.	† 6:55 a. m.
Mobile & N. O. Express	† 8:30 p. m.	† 6:25 a. m.
Nashville & Atlanta Express	* 7:50 a. m.	* 1:55 p. m.
Arkansas and Texas Ex.	* 9:00 p. m.	† 5:45 p. m.
Plum Street Depot.		
DeSoto Accommodation	* 4:50 p. m	* 8:30 a. m.

Week Day Carondelet Trains—Leave, a. m.: 6:22, 7:42, 8:35, 10:26; p. m.: 12:05, 1:50, 3:10, 4:15, 4:50, 5:23, 6:30, 7:35, 11:45.

Arrive—A. m.: 7:38, 8:30, 8:53, 10:23 p. m.: 12:02, 1:40, 3:07, 4:11, 4:40, 5:18, 6:27 7:32, 8:53, 11:25.

Sunday Carondelet Trains—Leave, a. m.: 6:22, 8:55, 10:58; p. m.: 1:40, 2:55, 5:10, 7:35, 11:45.

Arrive—A. m.: 8:50, 10:53; p. m.: 1:38, 2:45, 5:00, 7:32, 8:53, 11:25.

WEST END NARROW-GAUGE RAILROAD.

Depot on Olive street, one block west of Grand ave

WEEK DAYS.

Leave St. Louis 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 a. m.; 3:00 4:35, 6:10 p. m.

Arrive at St. Louis 8:00, 9:40, 11:10 a. m.; 2:40, 4:10, 5:45, p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave St. Louis 9:00, 10:30 a. m.; 1:15, 2:35 3:55, 5:15, 6:35, p. m.

Arrive at St. Louis 8:40, 10:04 a. m.; 12:55, 2:19 3:29, 4:59, 6:19 p. m.

*Except Sunday. †Daily. ‖Monday. ‡Except Saturday. ‡Except Monday. ¶Sunday only

FORWARD TO 1884!

Never Despair of the American Republic.

Prospectus of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

In the sixth triumph of Radicalism the POST-DISPATCH recognizes the most serious menace to republican institutions that the country has ever known. The Secessionists, under the leadership of Jeff Davis in 1860, sought only to divide the Republic, but the so-called Republican party of to-day, under the control of Conkling, Grant, Logan et al., threatens to destroy it. A great step has been taken in the direction of Centralization. The Republican party stands committed to the Money Power, to the vast Monopolies which foster class legislation and to every element opposed to the interests of the masses. Its compact organization, its late successful struggle in behalf of an unworthy standard-bearer, its sectionalism and its determination to treat as enemies of the country all advocates of a change of administration stamp it at once as a dangerous foe of Liberty. It is the party of Monarchical tendencies and its late triumph bodes no good to our institutions.

The POST-DISPATCH will maintain its position in the ranks of the Opposition. It proposes to battle more vigorously than ever against the party of Grantism and Centralization. This is no time to falter or grow weak. Cowards may skulk and some men who have suffered defeat year after year may lose faith and hope, but the duty of the true Patriot and lover of the Republic was never more clearly defined.

The POST-DISPATCH, while it acknowledges no fealty to men, will continue to preach sound, true Democratic doctrine and opposition to the pernicious tendencies of the Republican party. Its independence, its fearlessness and its honesty of purpose have been thoroughly well established. People who like a newspaper that has courage enough to point out the faults of its party associates and tell the truth though the heavens fall while battling for constitutional government, will never be disappointed in the POST-DISPATCH.

The great Conservative party of the country cannot be annihilated by defeat. The existence of such an organization is necessary to the welfare of the Republic. Garfieldism in 1880 means Grantism and the overthrow of our existing system in 1884. The battle against the Empire and the Oligarchy of wealth must be commenced now. In the front rank of this contest the POST-DISPATCH will be found. It promises not to give over until the principles of self-government are vindicated. The POST-DISPATCH is now acknowledged to be

THE LEADING AFTERNOON JOURNAL OF THE WEST.

Its growth has been steady and legitimate. Its position is assured. Both its circulation and its revenue doubled during the last year. With increased strength its facilities will be increased, and the next year will witness great improvements in its methods and its aims. With the new year its news resources will be greatly strengthened. Its Telegraphic service will be enlarged, its corps of correspondents will be doubled, its mechanical capacity will be improved and every effort that experience can direct or money employ will be made to keep the daily POST-DISPATCH in the front rank of modern American journals.

The Weekly Post-Dispatch.

is known and read in nearly every State of the Union. It is a handsome eight-page paper, filled with matter carefully prepared, sorted and arranged for the people of the West and South. Its Correspondence, its Stories, its Miscellany, its Editorials, its Agricultural Essays, its news and its Market reports are features commending it to all persons who are unable, by reason of location or condition, to subscribe for an expensive daily paper. It is a complete epitome of the world's doings from week to week and we have no hesitancy in pronouncing it the best and cheapest newspaper in the land. It should have a place in every workshop and rural home in Missouri and the Southwest.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The POST-DISPATCH will be delivered by carriers to any part of the city or sent by mail, postage prepaid, to subscribers in any part of the Union, on the following terms:

Daily, per week	20 cents.
Daily, per month	85 cents.
Daily, three months	$2 50
Daily, six months	4 50
Daily, per year	9 00

The carriers will collect the city subscriptions on their routes; all subscriptions by mail must be prepaid, and annual subscriptions will not be considered unless accompanied by the money.

THE WEEKLY POST-DISPATCH.

Eight pages; published every Thursday morning.

TERMS, $1 PER ANNUM, POSTAGE FREE.

All letters or telegraphic dispatches must be addressed to

POST-DISPATCH,
No. 111 North Fifth street, St. Louis.

Mound City Commercial College

210 and 212 N. Fourth st., St. Louis.

Business Books adjusted and closed. Partnership Settlement and Balance Sheets made. New Years Cards written. Call at College or address THOS. A. RICE, A. M., L. B., President.

DERAILED.

A Wabash Car Plunges Down an Embankment.

Fourteen Persons Wounded in the Accident.

Several Well-Known St. Louisans Among the Injured.

An Unparalleled Doubling Up of Ditchings.

There are now distributed at the different hotels, and at various private houses throughout the city, fourteen men, women and children injured in the smash-up on the Wabash this morning. Few car loads of people have had such a thorough shaking up as those who came in on the Chicago express by the Wabash, for they went through two distinct ditchings, a fact almost unparalelled in the annals of railways or railway accidents. Probably the best way to tell the story is to let the people who were in the car themselves tell it. About 10 o'clock this morning or earlier, a POST-DISPATCH reporter observed a gentleman with his head bandaged up getting out of a hack in the Lindell hotel. The reporter followed him in and learned that he was one of the victims of "the Wabash accident." He was carried up to his room and Dr. Atwood summoned, and after waiting a few minutes the reporter followed the physician to the room. The wounded man was Mr. F. W. Smith of Pittsburg, a gentleman very well known in St. Louis through his connection with the iron trade. At the time that the reporter came into the room a barber had just shaved the hair away from a scalp wound of a very serious nature in Mr. Smith's head, and as he sat by the window the unfortunate gentleman seemed to be undoubtedly in a bad plight. Beside the wound in the back of his head, a puff as large as an orange had formed upon his forehead, and he was groaning with pain from internal injuries. Dr. Atwood said that the wounds in his head were slight and would soon be all all right, but that he feared very much that his internal injuries were very serious.

"How did it happen, Mr. Smith?" queried the reporter.

"It all began about eighty miles on the other side of Decatur, Ills.," said he, "about one o'clock this morning, while we were all sleeping in the Pullman, the train struck a broken rail and leaped from the track. Only the two last cars were derailed, however, the Pullman and the car in front of it, and, after jumping for some time on the ties the Pullman left the track altogether and run in to a pile of ties, where it stopped. Not a soul was hurt—for God's sake Doctor can't you do something for my chest?"

"In a minute, wait till I get this wound sewed up," and the doctor went on with his sewing. Mr. Smith taking up the story again, interrupted only by twinges of pain as the needle went into his scalp. "They brought us forward into the smoking car, and when we got to Decatur another ordinary coach was procured into which we were all crowded. It was so full that many had to stand up all the way. The ditching occurred at 1 o'clock and nothing further happened until between 7 and 8, when we pulled on to a siding about twelve miles out of town to let a train go by. As soon as the train passed we started again, and you could hardly count five before we felt the jolting of the car on the ties again, and we knew what that meant. Almost immediately everthing gave way beneath us, and I was thrown violently across the car, striking with my chest upon the arm of a seat, then my head brought up against something hard, and that is all I know about it."

Mr. Smith said further that he was sitting in the same seat with Mr. Wagner, the clerk of the St. Louis Probate Court, at the time of the accident, and that that gentleman could probably tell more about it. Mr. Wagner was found at his house, 1725 Washington avenue, and the reporter learned that Mrs. Wagner had her arm broken in the accident, and that Mr. Wagner and his little daughter were more or less hurt. After telling about the first accident beyond Decatur in a manner which was substantially similar to Mr. Smith's account, Mr. Wagner went on to say; "Of course we were all dozing in the seats, and I myself a good deal excited by the first accident was dreaming about collisions and accidents when I felt the car off the track; at first I did not know whether I was dreaming or not, but the horrible jolting over the corduroy of ties soon brought me to myself, and I knew we were in for it again. It all began and ended before one had time to think. My wife and daughter were sitting a couple of seats ahead of me; she got her arm broken in saving a little child beside her; our own little girl was not severely hurt at all. I myself was knocked senseless as soon as the car hit bottom, and so I knew nothing about the scene in the car when we struck, except that we seemed to be falling towards the top of the car. As soon as we got out I found that my wife had broken her arm and was injured in the side. There were, I believe, fourteen or fifteen people hurt altogether. We were taken on board by the Indianapolis train and brought into town."

"Have you any idea how the accident happened?"

"No more than you have. I am not sure whether I was asleep or awake when it began."

"We had just run on a switch," said Mrs. Wagner, from the adjoining room, "and the accident happened just as we started up again."

After losing some time in an attempt to find Mr. Isaac M. Trask who was one of the injured, the reporter learned that the majority of the injured had been sent to the Laclede Hotel by the Wabash Railway Company with orders that every possible attention be shown to them. Here the reporter found Mr. Harry Martin and his wife from Chicago. Mrs. Martin is bruised in the head and left side and was lying down feeling very unwell. In the same room was Miss Etta Leavenworth, a young lady who had fared very badly in the upset and whose right ear was was almost completely torn from her head. She was bandaged up and complained of severe pain in the back. Mr. Martin himself was principally cut in the head.

In another room was Mr. Ryan, a Chicago gentleman, who was bruised in the side and whose leg was broken.

William I. Fryer, of Chicago, had bad luck, too: not alone had he been badly cut in the head and bruised about the body, but the stove had fallen upon him breaking several of his ribs, his brother, J. E. Fryer, of Bellisea, Iowa, was injured internally.

S. H. Stout of Noblesville, Indiana, had his head badly bruised and his nose broken; he is the least seriously injured of all, however, and this evening will continue his journey to Ozark Arkansas.

A Mr. Morse, an artist, who was in the car in front of the one which was derailed and ditched gave the reporter the clearest account of the accident. "As soon as the engine began to pull the train the train the last car left the track. What then it off I do not know, but it had not been off more than a second when it plunged down a deep embankment, I should say about twelve feet, partially overturning and lying partly on its side and partly on its roof. The train was not going more than four miles an hour at the time and so it was stopped at once, although our car was dragged off the track too, and would have been ditched also had the train gone any further. The place where the accident happened was eight miles out and is called Mitchell. We at once went to work and got all of the people, out of whom I think there were fourteen injured more or less severely."

It will take an investigation to determine where the blame should fall, the unparalleled fact of two ditchings in one night for the same train has not been heard of since the halcyon days of the old Rock Island road. All of the wounded are doing well, and the only wonder is that no one was instantly killed. The result of the accident may be summarized thus:

A Summary.

Mr. F. W. Smith—Badly hurt internally and bruised about the head.

Mrs. Wagner—arm broken and hurt in the back.

Mr. Wagner—bruised in head and side.

Harry Martin, badly cut head.

Mrs. Martin, bruised in head and side.

Miss Etta Leavenworth, ear badly torn and hurt in the back.

Mr. Ryan, hurt in head, leg broken and bruised in side.

William J. Fryer, hurt in head and ribs broken.

J. E. Fryer, internal injuries.

S. H. Stout, nose broken and head badly bruised.

Isaac H. Trask, hurt in leg and head.

Mrs. Trask, sprained wrist.

The names and injuries of the other two persons who were hurt could not be learned. one was a lady friend of Mrs. Trask and the other was a German lady travelling from Chicago.

The Railroad's Account.

Inquiry at the general offices of the Wabash developed the fact that up to 1 p. m., very meagre accounts of the Mitchell accident had been received by the General manager. This was due to the fact that the train officials did not come to St. Louis but remained with their train at the spot. At the point of the accident the I. and St. L. and Wabash tracks run side by side. Soon after the accident the I. and St. L. train came along and brought in the Wabash passengers to the city, the train officers remaining behind. The train was the express from Chicago and is known as No. 47. It was just pulling out of Mitchell, fifteen miles from St. Louis, when in crossing a frog (where the switch was properly adjusted) the rear coach turned over. The immediate cause of the overturning was unknown to Mr. Hopkins, Secretary to General Manager Gault. Dr. Hodgen, surgeon for the railroad company, reports seven passengers injured, but none dangerously. Conductor Peabody had charge of the train. The car was badly damaged inside, chiefly by the breaking of the chairs. The accident was the most serious sustained by the company since last July, when an excursion train jumped the track near Fort Wayne. This was all the news obtainable at the general office.

GRAND LODGE ODD FELLOWS.

A Special Meeting To-Day for Instruction in the New Ritual.

A special meeting of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., of Missouri, convened in this city this morning at Mercantile Library Hall, Grand Master James A. Price, president. There were nearly 500 delegates present. The object of the meeting is to give instructions in the revised ritual which was adopted at the last meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, in which five degrees were consolidated into three. P. S. Sire Veitch gave instructions in the work this morning. The meeting lasted from 9 a. m., till noon and then adjourned to 3 p. m. The instructions will be continued this afternoon. After the afternoon session of the Grand Lodge, it is contemplated holding a meeting of the Grand Encampment for the purpose of giving instruction in that branch of the order. It is quite possible that the Grand Lodge will hold a session to-morrow, but many of those in attendance to-day, will return home to-night.

The Globe Printing Company.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Globe Printing Company held to-day, the following directors were elected for the ensuing year: D. M. Houser, Henry McKee, J. B. McCullaugh, John C. Porter, and Simeon Ray. At a subsequent meeting of the Board, officers were chosen as follows: D. M. Houser, president, Henry McKee, vice-president, S. Ray, secretary.

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PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines sent to any address. Dr. Dinsbeer, 415 North Seventh street.

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DRUNK AGAIN. Gentlemen who get on protracted sprees soberedup in a few hours with my wonderful and infallible Gold Remedy for drunkenness. Persons diseased from excessive use of alcoholic beverages and opium treated and permanently cured. Book treatise on Gold Cure sent free on application. P. D. CORDELL, 704 and 706 Washington avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

W. C. LITTLE. L. B. WEBER.
WM. C. LITTLE & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 213 N. Third St., St. Louis,
Dealers in U. S. Bonds, State Bonds, County Bonds, Municipal Bonds, Railroad Bonds, Township Bonds, And securities of every description.
Public sales made on 'Change.
Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

MONEY.

Robert E. M. Bain, foreign exchange, 104 N. Third street, reports: January 12.—Prime bankers' sterling, 479¾@480; commercial 60-days, sterling, 477¾@478½; do demand sterling, 478¾@479; do 60-days francs 530@527½; do demand, do, 527½@525⅝; do 60-days reichs marks, 93½@93¾; do demand do 94⅛@94¼; do 60-days guilders and 2 zins. 39⅞. Market steady.

St. Louis Mining and Stock Exchange, January 12.

Securities.*	Bid.	Asked.
U. S. Bonds	112½	.....
Missouri State bonds, 5-20s	111½	.....
Biddle Market Savings Bank	.....	86
Boatmen's Saving Bank	116½	117
Continental Bank	103	125
Mechanics' Bank	98	99⅛
Third National Bank	99½	104
South St. Louis Street Railway	.....	28
St. Louis Gas Co. 50 sold	283½	.....
Carondelet Gas Co	.....	19
Bell Telephone Co	70	.....

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, January 12.—Money loaning at 5@6 per cent on call; prime mercantile paper 5@5½. Bar silver 110⅛. Exchange steady at 98¾ for long and 99⅜ for short sight. Governments quiet and generally firm; '81 reg. 101⅛; '81 coupons 101⅛; new 5s reg. 100⅞; new 5s coupons 101⅛; new 4½s reg. 112¼; new 4½s coupons 112½; new 4s reg. 112⅞; new 4s coupons 113. State securities dull and nominal. Railroad bonds active and irregular. Since 11 o'clock stock speculation has been active but fluctuation has been confined within narrow range and no important changes in prices have been recorded.

Rock Island	137	prfd	118⅛
Panama	*216	W., St. L. & Pacific	46½
Fort Wayne	134½	prfd	89⅛
Pittsburg	132½	Hannibal & St. Joseph	52½
Illinois Central	126	pfd	106¾
C., B. & Q.	175½	Iron Mountain	51
prfd		St. L. & San Fran	49½
Chicago & Alton	152½	prfd	70
Chi'go & A pfd	156	first prfd	100½
N. Y. Central	151½	C., St. L. & N. O.	44½
Harlem	195	Kansas & Texas	44
Lake Shore	131½	Union Pacific	112½
Canada Southern	76	prfd	....
Michigan Central	123½	Central Pacific	96
Erie	51¼	Texas Pacific	42½
Erie, preferred	94½	Northern Pacific	33½
Northwestern	127½	Northern Pacific, pfd	65½
Northwestern, pfd	141½	Louisville & N	91
St. Paul	113½	Nashville & Chat	68¾
St. Paul, pfd	124	L. & N. A	62
St. Paul & Minnesota	....	Houston & Tex	71
St. Paul & Sioux City	....	Denver & R. Grande	90⅜
St. P. & S. C. prfd	....	St. Paul & Omaha	46½
Del. & Lack	111½	prfd	96½
Morris & Essex	121	Boston Air Line, pfd	....
Del. & Hudson	95⅞	Oregon Navigation	....
N. J. Central	87⅞	Montauk Coal	....
Reading	60	Pittsburg, T. & B.	38¼
Ohio	40½	Memphis & C	43
Ohio, preferred	104	American Union	....
Chesapeake & Ohio	23⅛	Western Union	104
first prfd	33½	A. & P. Telegraph	42
second prfd	24½	Pacific Mail	51½
Mobile & Ohio	21	Little Pittsburg	....
Cleveland & Col	97	Adams	122
C., C. & I. C	22	Fargo	112
Ohio Central	24⅞	American	63¾
Erie & Western	40⅛	United States	52
Peoria, D. and E	30½	Canton	....
Ind., B. and W	60½	Boston Water Power	....
Ont. & Western	....	Boston Land	....
Mar. and Cin	....	Canton	....
1st prfd	9½	Consol. Coal	....
2d prfd	6	Quicksilver	12
B., C. R. & N	77½	pref	51½
A. & T. H	41	Central Arizona	....

*Bid †Offered.

COMMERCE.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles

For the 24 hours ending Wednesday, Jan. 12, 1881, and corresponding day in 1880, as reported by the Merchants' Exchange.

ARTICLES.	Receipts by River and Rail. 1881.	1880.	Shipments by Rail. 1881.	1880.
Apples, brls	194	82	121	312
Barley, sacks	....	128	250	....
Barley, in blk, bu	7,500	2,000		1,857
Butter, lbs	15,032	21,833	2,770	4,160
Corn, sacks	....	1,412	464	652
Corn, in bulk, bu	18,500	46,350	1,755	18,107
Eggs, pkgs	53	200	....	125
Flour, brls	3,031	2,825	3,907	3,126
Hay, tons	512	1,011	55	504
Hides, lbs	68,177	100,911	46,056	37,000
Lard, lbs	165,648	1,580	53,378	31,270
Lead, pigs	1,000	1,235	....	670
Oats, sks	196	56	1,661	320
Oats, in bulk	2,400	2,250	5,551	....
Pork, brls	....	85	90	....
Hams, lbs	....	....	101,760	31,392
Meats, lbs	121,250	206,140	288,650	259,270
Potatoes, sks, brls	....	265	257	2,132
Potatoes, bulk	2,700	....	....	....
Rye, sacks	69	....	....	1,856
Rye, in bulk	....	450	462	....
Tallow, lbs	12,605	7,371	....	24,000
Tobacco, hhds	40	10	....	17
Wheat, sacks	....	1,082	....	....
Wheat, in bulk	15,750	170,000	18,800	1,600
Whisky, brls	....	....	232	174

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis.

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 48 HOURS ENDING AT 7 A. M. TO-DAY.

(Warehouses not included.)

	City.	R. R.	River	Total.
Wheat	12,362	900	......	13,252
Corn	3,212	430	......	3,642
Oats	11,258	894	......	12,152
Rye	......	......	......	......
Barley	......	......	......	......

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business To-day.

Elevators	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
St. L. E. & V.	805,775	1439,326	155,350	42,896	9,059
*Central	755,755	78,869	12,333	11,208	53,048
Advance	122,642	238,939	13,030	......	......
Total	1684172	1757,234	180,713	54,104	62,107
Total Yest'day	1683825	1751,471	192,188	54,104	59,117

*"A" and "B" and Warehouse

Receipts and Shipments of Wheat and Corn at Leading Points.

	Receipts. Wheat	Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Corn
St. Louis	15,750	18,500	18,890	2,915
Chicago	46,370	84,865	45,802	58,874
Milwaukee	37,600	1,660	3,810	....
Baltimore	54,676	20,650	117,083	8,500
Toledo	14,000	18,000	38,000	30,000
New York	71,000	32,000	.....	.....

Chicago Inspections—49 cars wheat; 89 cars corn: 44 cars oats; 1 car rye; 27 cars barley.

Grain Inspections.

Wheat—1 car No. 2 Mediterranean; 1 car No. 1 red winter; 21 No. 2 red winter; 1 car No. 4 winter: 1 car rejected winter; 2 cars no grade winter. Total—27 cars.

Corn—3 cars No. 2 white-mixed; 68 cars No. 2 mixed; 14 cars rejected. Total—86 cars.

Oats—4 cars No. 2. Total—4 cars.

Barley—None.

Rye—None.

Total—116 cars.

Comparative Closing Values of Leading Articles at 1 P. M.

	To-day.	Yesterday.
No. 2 red wheat, cash	1 02½	1 01¾
" " Jan	1 02⅞	1 01⅞
" " Feb	1 04	1 03⅜
" " Mar	1 06¼	1 05⅞@¾
" " April	1 07¾	1 07¼
" " May	1 09¼	1 08½
No. 3 red	97	95
No. 4	89½	88½
No. 2 Mediteranean	1 03	1 02¼
No. 2 mixed corn	39⅞	39⅝
" " Jan	39⅞	39⅝
" " Feb	39⅞	39¼
" " Mar	39⅞@⅞	39⅝
" " April	40⅜	40⅛
" " May	41⅝	41⅛
No. 2 white mixed, c'sh	41⅛	41¼
Rejected	37	36¾@37
No. 2 oats, cash	31⅝	31½
" " Jan	31¼	31
" " Feb	33¼	32⅜
" " May	36	35⅛
Rejected	31	30⅜
No. 2 rye, cash	88½	87
Rejected	87	84
Standard mess pork	13 00	12 75
" " Feb	13 25 ask	13 25 ask
" " March	13 17½ bid	13 20
Lard, prime steam	8.60	8.55@.60
D. S. shoulders, cash	4.10	4.15
" clear ribs, cash	6.70	6.65
" short clear	6.90	6.80
Bacon shoulders, cash	5.40	5⅜
" clear rib cash	7½	7.40
" short clear, cash	7.70	7½
Hams	8⅞@9½	8⅞@9½

The Markets.

MORNING BOARD.

Flour steady and firm, but trading light. Noticeable was a large foreign inquiry for choice and fancy, though no sales resulted; these inquiries were seemingly to see what could be done in this market. We quote: Fancy $5 25@5 45; choice $4 90@5 10; family $4 60@4 75; xxx $4 20@4 50; xx $3 65 @ 3 75; x $3 25@3 45; superfine $3 05@3 15; fine $2 65@2 90.

Wheat—Higher. Grades were in demand, but so little offering that sales were restricted; especially the case with old, which millers eagerly took at $1 03@1 03½ for No. 2 red, $1 01 for No. 3 red and $1 03 for No. 2 Mediterranean, while bidding 94½ for No. 4 and 96½ for No. 3 Mediterranean. New did not sell quite so well, No. 2 going fairly to speculators at $1 02@1 02½ and rejected selling at 83; bids of 97 for No. 3 red and 89½ for No. 4. Futures were fairly traded in, but unsettled, closing ½ to 1½ above yesterday. January sold at $1 02½, February at $1 03½ to $1 06½ @⅛, closing at $1 06¼; April at $1 08 to $1 07⅞@¾, closing at $1 07⅜ bid; May at $1 08⅝ to $1 09⅜, closing at $1 09¼.

Corn—Grade No. 2 mixed advanced under sharp speculative competition, selling at 39⅞ to 40, but closed off from top at 39⅞; No. 2 white mixed at 41@41⅛ sold to millers and order buyers, the former bidding 40⅞@41 for rejected according to location; rejected was in order request and sold at 36½ East and 37 this side and 37½ in St. Louis. Futures were ⅛@⅛c better, but quiet and trading moderate; January at 40 to 39⅞; February at 39⅛ to 39⅞; March at 39⅞ to 39⅞, closing at 39⅞@⅞; April at 40⅜ to 40⅛; May at 41⅛ to 41⅛.

Oats firm and generally better. Grade No. 2 sold freely on order and feeding account, at 31½@31⅝c, one firm holding considerable of the stock, letting go all they could sell at former rate; 33⅛c was bid for No. 2 white, and 31c for rejected, but none to be had. Futures were higher and more doing, February selling at 33 to 33⅛c, and May at 36c, while 31⅛c was bid for January, 34c for March, 34⅜c for April.

Barley—Really no market, as there was nothing doing to speak of; nominally unchanged in value. We quote: Rejected 40@50c; No. 3 60@70c; prime 75@85c; choice 90@95c; fancy $1@1 05; Canada $1@1 25.

Rye wanted but scarce, and held above buyers' views. Grade No. 2 had 88½c bid for East receipts, but only 86c for this side; rejected in East salable at 87c.

Hay firm and in demand. Choice on local account and prime and medium for shipment. We quote: Prairie $10@13; mixed $12 50@14; prime timothy $15@16; choice do $16 50@17; fancy do $17 50.

Millfeed—Sacked bran strong and in demand this side at 70 in store and mill, but lower; east track at 65@68 f. o. b.

Provisions firmer and more inquiry manifest. Mess pork held firmly at $13 cash, (sold in a small way at $13 10 f. o. b.) and January and February at $13 25; March salable at $13 17½ and offered at $13 30. Prime steam lard sold at 8.60c. In dry salt meats there was considerable sold boxed, but terms kept private; loose fairly quotable at 4.10 for shoulders, 6.60 for longs, 6.70 for c'ribs, 6.90 for short clear. Green hams sold at 6.90 for short clear. Green hams sold at 6.70 for "run of the house," and 16 to 12lbs average at 6⅞@7¼. Bacon was considerably better, but nothing done. Tallow 5⅜@⅞c, according to quality. Breakfast bacon 9@10c. Grease, 4½@4⅝c for brown, 4⅞@5⅛c for yellow, 5⅜@6½c for white. Beef—Extra mess $12 per brl; prime mess $9 50 per brl; family $7 per half-brl; dried 9@10c per lb. Fresh smoked tongues $4 75@5 per doz. Salt $1 30@1 35 per brl for lake, and $1 20 for Ohio River; $1 25 per sack for G. A.

AFTERNOON CALL.

Wheat—Dull, but unchanged. February at 104, May 109@⅛; bids of 102⅞ January, 106½ March, 107⅞ April.

Corn—Steady, May at 41⅛@⅛ to 41⅛; bids of 39⅞ January, 39⅞ February, 39⅞ March, 40⅛ April.

Oats—Bids of 31c January; 33⅛ February, 34 March, 24½ April, 35⅝ May.

The Cotton Market.

Spots dull and weak; sales 281 bales. New York dull and easier, but unchanged. Liverpool 1-16 lower, with a moderate demand freely supplied.

STOCKS IN ST. LOUIS WAREHOUSES.

	Bales.
Stocks to-day	43,555
Same day last year	74,845

ST. LOUIS GROSS RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

Date.	Receipts, bales.	Shipments, bales.
To-day	1,482	1,223
Same day last year	1 358	1,565
Total for season to date	230,248	197,821
Same time last year	365,344	291,735

Country Produce.

BUTTER—We quote: Creamery—Fancy, 32, (regular brands held higher) choice 30c; seconds 27@28c. Dairy—Fancy 25; choice 23@24; prime 18@21; low grade 12 @15; and near-by make 11@16, top rate for fancy. Roll—11@13c for near-by; 16@18c for Northern.

EGGS Sales of guaranteed at 28 in cases.

POULTRY—Dressed—Turkeys—rough 9@9½, choice to fancy 10@10½; geese $2@5 00 ₩ doz, ducks $1 50@3; chicken $1 to $2 75 for thin, rough to fancy.

GAME—Sales: Quail $1 50; grouse $5 25@5 50, pheasant $4 50; duck—teal $2 25; mixed at $1 50; mallard $2 75; wild turkeys 40@75c apiece; wild pigeon 50c; squirrel 50@60c; rabbit 75c@$1; jack rabbit $3 00. Deer—Carcasses 4@5; venison saddles without skins, 4@6c, skins on 7—possum 10@15c.

OYSTERS—Select 40, triangle and medium 30, xxx 20 ₩ can

WOOL—We quote: Tubwashed—Choice 45½@46; medium 43@44; dingy and low 38@41. Unwashed—Combing 28@29; coarse 25@27; choice medium 27@28; low do 24@25; fine merino (light) 23@24; heavy do 17@19; burry black and cotted 5@15 ₩ lb less; Southern burry 13@14.

FURS—We quote: Western (Southern 15 @25 per cent less): Raccoon—No. 1, 75; No. 2, 45@50; No. 3, 30@35: No. 4, 15. Mink—No. 1, 70; No. 2, 40; No. 3, 25; No. 4, 10. Skunk—Black, 65@75; short stripe 45; narrow stripe, 30; white stripe, 10@15. Cat—Pole, 5@10; wild, 15@20; house, 5@10. Fox—Gray, 65; red, $1. Otter, 50 to $6; Beaver, 50 to $1 75 ₩ lb. Bear, $2 to $7; badger, 20@50. 'Possum, 8@12½. Muskrat 5@10.

HIDES—Quote: No. 1 green salted 8½; damaged do 7½; bulls and stags—green salted 6⅛@7; green 6@6½; green salted calf 13; No. 1 dry salted 14; damaged do 12@12½; No. 1 dry flint 18; No. 2 do 15. Branded 10 ₩ cent. off from price of No. 1.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 45@46, outside for small sks; No. 2 do 37@42; mixed 30@35; old 5@15: chicken 5@10. Tare 3 per cent, on large, 10 on small sks.

DEERSKINS—We quote: Selections 45@47½; No. 1, 33@43; salted 30@35; damaged 25@30; green salted 20.

FLAXSEED—Quote at $1 12½ on basis of pure.

APPLES—We quote: Winesap $1 50@1 75; Ben Davis $2@2 25; genetin $1 25@1 75, willow twig $1 75@2—all to be free from frost and in well filled barrels frozen 75@$1 50.

SHEEP PELTS—We quote: Green salted pelts and lamb skins 50@$1 25; dry 35@65 according to the amount of wool on them: Green salted shearlings 25@35; Dry flint do 5@15; bug eaten unsalable.

GRASS SEED—We quote clover $4 65@65; timothy at $2@2 35, millet 50@55; red top 38@40.

PECANS—We quote: Western 6c; Texas 6½@7½.

WALNUTS—25 ₩ bu for choice.

PEANUTS—Quote: red 2@2½; white 2½@3.

CHESTNUTS—2c per lb.

CASTOR BEANS—$1 15@1 18 for fair to prime.

HICKORY NUTS—Sales of small shellbarks 50, and large at 25 ₩ bu.

HAZELNUTS—1½ ₩ lb.

CHEESE—We quote: Fancy full cream 11@12; Western part skims 8@9; hard 3@5.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—Pears $4@4 50: Malaga grapes $7 50 ₩ brl, $4 ₩ keg.

CIDER—Selling at 12½ per gallon.

SORGHUM—Fermented 20@25, choice 35.

VEALS—Carcasses 6@7 live at 5@6 ₩ lb.

DRESSED HOGS—Quote at 4½@5, top rate for extra large.

WHITE BEANS—Quotable at $1 00@1 15 for medium Western, $1 25@1 35 for do navy stained and dirty at 40@65c as in quality; hand picked Eastern medium $1 80@1 85 from store; do navy $1 90@2.

RAGS—We quote: Country mixed $2@2 25.

BEESWAX—Prime 21; dark 20.

ROOTS—We quote: Ginseng $1 40@1 50, top rate for choice, Seneca 35@40; blue flag 4½; blood roots 3@4, golden seal 5@6½; snake 9@10; black 4½; May apple 2½.

BROOMCORN—Crooked 2@2½: fair straight 3½@4; prime to choice green 4½@5½.

COOPERAGE—Flour brls, city elm, 38@40; country 32@33; city oak 40; country do 35. Pork brls 90@95 del; lard tierces $1 15@1 25 del; lard kegs 40@50; bacon casks $1 70 @1 75; half-casks 85@95; ham tierces, small, 60; large 70. Whisky brls, iron bound. 6 hoop, $1 40@1 60: 8 hoop $1 65@1 80; half brls $1 25.

HONEY—Dark comb 14@16; fancy bright 17@18: strained and extracted 11@12½.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—We quote ₩ 100 lbs: Wrought $1 30, heavy cast 85c; stove 70; plows 75; burnt 20. Brass—Heavy $14; light $8. Copper—Light $12@13; heavy $15. Bones—$12@15; dry buffalo $17.

TROPICAL FRUIT—Louisiana oranges $3 50@4 50 for dark, $6@6 50 for bright ₩ brl; valencia $7 ₩ case. Lemons $5 for Messina, $4@4 50 for Malaga ₩ box; cocoanuts $40 ₩ 1,000. Bananas $2@3 50 per bunch on orders.

TURNIPS—$1 75 ₩ brl on orders.

COOPERSTUFF—Shaved hoops, country flour brl, $6 25@50; choice cooper shaved $7@7 50; pork brl $12@13; lard tierce do $12@14; cask $20@25; half cask $13@15. Staves (car lots E. side), machine flour brl, oak $8; elm $7 25. Heading (car lots East side), soft wood 5½ @5¾; hard do 6@6¼. Whisky brl (with heading) green $15; dry half $22; casks $10 50@12; hhd $24@28; dry half hhds $15@18; green tierce $14; dry $16; dry beer keg $24@28; green $18@20.

HEMP SEED Quotable at $1 40 for prime.

HOPS—We quote New York, new, at 23@26. No Western in market.

BEETS—Home-grown sell on orders at $1 75 ₩ brl.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples—dark 3@¼, fair 3½, choice 3¾@¾, fancy 3⅞@4. Peaches—mixed 5@5¼, small halves 5½, choice halves 5⅞, fancy do 5¾.

CELERY—Short 20; choice long 40@55.

POPCORN—Small white 1½@1½, large do 1.

POTATOES—Quote Western sound stock ₩ bu—60@65 for bottom rose and flukes. 67½@70 for peerless, 70@75 for peachblow—frosted much lower; Eastern Varieties 75@85.

ONIONS—$3 50@4—top rate for choice.

CRANBERRIES—Table $7@8; bakers $4@5.

CARROTS—Choice Northern $1 75 ₩ brl on orders.

HORSERADISH—Sells on orders at $5 00 ₩ brl.

RUTABAGAS—On orders, $1 75 ₩ brl, loose at 40.

CABBAGE—On orders at $3 to $5 ₩ crate.

SWEET POTATOES—$1 25@1 50 to 1 75 ₩ brl on orders as in kind.

SAUR KRAUT—City on orders—brls $9 50, half-brls $5 00; country $5 50@6 from first hands.

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 80; coal oil $1 30.

GREEN DRIED PEAS—$1 75@1 80 ₩ bu for choice.

Miscellaneous.

LEAD—Strong. Soft Mo. held at $4 50.

HIGHWINES—Steady at $1 11.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Sales at $6 25 for patent, $5 50@6 for Eastern, $5 50 for Western.

RYE FLOUR—$4 80@5 10 del; in small lots on orders 25@30c higher.

CORNMEAL—City on orders at $2 15@2 20 del.

TOBACCO—We quote. Inferior to common dark lugs $3 25@3 75; fair to good dark lugs $3 80@4; fair to good bright lugs $4 50@6 50; inferior and nondescript dark leaf $4 25@4 75; common dark leaf $5@5 75; low medium to medium dark leaf $6@7; low medium to medium red leaf $7@8 50; factory dried shipping leaf $5 50@7 50; good to fine bright leaf $9 50@12; medium half bright wrapping leaf $12@18; medium bright wrapping leaf $20@30; good to fine bright wrapping leaf $40@60. No sales; dead dull; no demand.

HEMP—We quote undressed hemp, $100@125; dressed hemp, $150@160; shorts $120@140; hackled tow, $70@75 per ton.

BALINGSTUFF—We quote in job and order lots; Jute bagging at 10½@10¾, according to weight, flax and mixed flax do 9¾@10½. Hemp twine 14½@15. Iron cotton ties at $1 65 @1 75 ₩ bundle.

Dry Goods.

(Jobbers' Quotations.)

DENIMS.			
Amoskeag	17	Warren AXA	15
Clark's	16	" BB	14
Boston	9	" CC	13
Belmont xx	15	Belmont CCC	12½
" BBB	18½	" AAA	14½
CHEVIOTS.			
American	11½	River Mills	8½
Ontario	10	Rugby	8
Cumberland	9	Bates	11
BLEACHED COTTON.			
Androscoggin, L	10	New York Mills	12½
Bleachdale	6¾	Linwood 4-4	9½
Chapman	7¾	Lonsdale 4-4	10
Davol	11	Fruit de Loom 4-4	10½
Fairmount	7½	" " 7-8	9½
Gilt-edge	7½	Hills 4-4	10
Hero	8¾	" 7-8	9
Knights' cambric	10	Hope 4-4	8½
Langdon, G. B.	12	Whittensville L 4-4	9
" 76	10	" 7-8	8
TWEEDS.			
Pedestrian	16½	Crosbyville	37½
Kansas	20	C. G	37½
Bois de Boulogne	20	Clifton	50
Allens Cubans	20	Manchester	55
Hawthorne	30	Licester	57½
BROWN SHEETINGS.			
Atlantic, A 4-4	8½	Hoosier, 4-4	6¾
" H 4-4	8	Indian Head, 4-4	8½
" LL 4-4	7	" 7-8	7½
" V 7-8	7¼	Indian Stand'd, A 4-4	8½
Aquawan, F 4-4	6¾	" B 4-4	8
Augusta, 4-4	7½	" C 4-4	7½
" 7-8	6½	Lawrence, LL, 4-4	7
" 3-4	5½	Middlesex, A 4-4	4½
Belmont, 4-4	8	Mathews, A 4-4	7½
Cherokee, 4-4	6	St. Louis, 4-4	8½
Great Western, 4-4	8	Trion, AAA 4-4	—
Graniteville, AA 4-4	—	Richmond, R 4-4	6½
" EE 4-4	—	Sea Island, 4-4	6½
" LL 4-4	—		
TICKS.			
Amoskeag D	13	Connestoga X	11
" ACA	17½	" AA	12
" A	16	" CCA	14
" B	15	" CT	15
" C	14	" Extra	17½
Lancaster	17	Ocean	8
BROWN DUCKS.			
Boston S. O.	10½	Savage, fancy	18
" XX	13	Buckingham, fancy	16
" AAA	15	Waltham	10
Belmont 10	11½	Belmont 20	12½
" 30	14		
JEANS.			
Palestro	10	Iowa	30
Rarus	13½	Kansas, 10 oz	35
Pride of the South	15	Hugo Doeskins	35
Calcutta	17½	5 Leaf Ky	37½
Neosho	18	Bourbon	40
Uncle Sam, Doeskin	20	Live Oak Buckskin	35
Provident	20	Ermine Doeskin	45
Nan-King Tricot	20	Pioneer	45
Rockbridge	25	Humboldt Doeskin	45
Pacific R. R.	30	Arragon	57½
GINGHAMS.			
Amoskeag	10	Glasgow	9½
" dress styles	12½	Berkshire	9
CAMBRIC.			
3-4 flat	6	High colors 1c higher.	
Paper	6½		
FLANNELS.			
Raftsman	25	Goldminers	22½
Lumberman's	25	Explorers	20
Blue Ridge	22½		
PRINTS.			
Gordon	6	Merrimack fancy	7
Dunnel	6½	" shirtings	6½
Albion solids	6	Sprague's shirtings	6
Allens	6½	Freeman, fancy	—
Arnold's fancy	7	Bristol	6½
American fancy	6½	Simpson's	7
Hamilton	7	Windsor	7
Cocheco fancy	7	Richmond	6½
Southbridge	6½	Cocheco robes	7½
Hartel	6½	Pacific robes	7
Mallory pink	7	Oriental robes	7
Sprague's fancy	6½	Durham	5½

Metals.

COKE TIN PLATE.			
IC. 10x20	$10 00	IC. 10x14	$6 00
IC. 10x14	6 00		
ROOFING TIN.			
IC, 14x20	$ 6 50	IC, 20x28	13 50
IX, 14x20	8 50	IX, 20x28	$17 50
CHARCOAL TIN PLATE.			
IC, 10x14	$ 7 00	IX, 14x20	$ 9 00
IC. 12x12	7 00	IXX, 14x20	11 00
IC, 14x20	7 00	IXXX, 14x20	13 00
IX, 10x14	9 00	IXXXX, 14x20	15 00
IX, 12x12	9 00	IX, 20x28	19 00
SOLDER.			
No. 1, ₩ lb	14	Charter Oak ₩ lb	15½

A FEW THINGS THE CITY DON'T TAX US FOR

The Good Will of the People.

Our Continued Efforts to Please Everybody.

The Success that our Endeavors Call Forth by the Strict Attention We Pay to the Wants of Our Customers.

The Privilege of Selling Goods so Low that it is Hard to Meet the Popular Demand for Merchandise in Our Line.

The Fact that We Never Sell Our Goods at "Half-Price," Never Deceive the Public With "Catch-Penny" Advertisements, but Make Our Prices So Reasonable that Every Purchase is a Decided Bargain.

That we are Now Offering the BEST SELECTED STOCK OF BOYS' CLOTHING in the City at a Less Price Than Any Competing House.

The Prominent Fact that We Never Advertise an Article that We Have Not in Stock and for Sale, and that We Base Our Business on a Good Foundation of TRUTH AND HONESTY.

And last, THAT BY OUR OWN EFFORTS WE HAVE BECOME "FAMOUS."

No TRADE! TRADE IS DULL!

There seems to be a general complaint that business is dull around town, and desperate efforts are being made to attract buyers. We are happy to state that TRAFFIC IS GOOD WITH US, from natural causes; first-class goods at reasonable prices are always sought for; customers from all sections are dropping in daily. We have no "forced sales," as the style and make of our garments sell them readily.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.
N. E. CORNER FIFTH AND PINE.

Blankets Reduced IN Price.
To Close Out Winter Stock.
H. D. Mann & Co
417 and 419 N. FOURTH ST.

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Patrick Hubbins and Mary Hubbins, his wife, by their deed of trust dated 18th October, 1870, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 412, at page 553, conveyed to Edward C. Kehr, trustee, the following described real estate lying and being situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri and being lots No. 1 and 2 in block No. 5 of the Market street and Chouteau avenue subdivision of the August Chouteau tract according to a plat of said subdivision recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis, said lots fronting together sixty feet and six inches (60 ft. 6 in.) on Cooper street and being one hundred and thirty-five feet deep along the west line of Theresa avenue, to an alley 25 feet wide, which conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain notes therein described: and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of the principal note and interest thereon, which has long since become due and remains unpaid: now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and under the provisions of said deed I, the undersigned, having been appointed trustee by the honorable Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis in place of Edward C. Kehr, the original trustee, who refused to act, and by reason of the refusal to act of the sheriffs of the city and county of St. Louis, Mo., I will offer the said property for sale at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on SATURDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. for the purposes of said trust.

HENRY HIEMENZ, JR., Trustee.

St. Louis, January 12, 1881. 99W

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, January 12.—Flour without decided change and very moderate export and jobbing trade inquiry; round hoop Ohio $4 30 @5 10; choice do $5 10@6 75; superfine Western $3 50@3 80; common to good extra do $4 25 @4 65; choice do do $4 70@6 67; choice white wheat do $5@6. Wheat ½@⅛c better and quiet; sales 136,000 bu No. 2 red February at $1 19⅞@1 20; 24,000 bu do March $1 21⅞@1 21½; do cash $1 18⅞ bid, $1 19½ asked; do January $1 18⅞ bid, $1 19½ asked. Corn a shade lower and dull; new mixed Western spot 54@57½: do future 55½@57½. Oats a shade better; Western 43@48. Beef unchanged and quiet; new plain mess $8 50; new extra do $9 50. Pork quiet and firm; old mess $12 75@13 spot. Lard shade better; steam-rendered 9.20. Butter quiet and firm; Ohio 12½@27. Cheese very firm; 7@13½ for poor to choice. Sugar firm and moderately active. Molasses fair demand and steady. Petroleum dull and nominal. Rice firm and good inquiry. Coffee steady and in fair demand. Freights steady. Spirits of turpentine steady at 47½@48. Rosin quiet at $1 80@1 87½. Tallow firm at 6¼ for Western. Eggs dull at 30@36 for fair to choice.

BALTIMORE, January 12.—Flour firm, moderate and active; Western superfine $3 25@4; do extra $4 25@5; do family $5 25@6. Wheat—Western higher and strong; No. 2 Western winter red spot and January $1 17½; February $1 18¼@1 19; March $1 20½@½. Corn—Western steady and quiet; Western mixed spot 53½@54; January 43½@43¾; February 54@54½. Oats firm; Western white 45@46; do mixed 44@45. Rye quiet at $1@1 02. Hay steady; prime to choice Pennsylvania $21@23. Provisions steady. Mess pork, $13 25@50. Bulk meats, loose shoulders and clear rib sides, none offering; do packed 5 and 7½. Bacon, shoulders 6, clear rib sides 8, hams 9 @10. Lard, refined 9½. Butter dull; prime to choice Western packed 17@23; rolled 20@22. Eggs firm; fresh 33@35; limed 25@27.

NEW ORLEANS, January 12.—11 a. m.—Flour at steady and fair demand; xxx $4 75@5; family $5 25@5 40. Grain—Corn meal firmer at $3 15@3 25. Corn firm; mixed 60c; yellow 63; white 63c. Oats strong; 52@53c. Bran firm; $1 05. Hay steady; choice $27@28; prime $23@25. Pork—firmer; old, $12 40@12 50; D. S. shoulders firmer; packed $4 65: new $13 50. Bacon quiet; shoulders 5½c; clear ribs 7⅜c; clear 8⅛c. Hams s. c. quiet at 9@½c. Lard steady; refined tcs 9½c; packers' tcs 8¾c. Whisky steady; choice $1 12@1 13.

CINCINNATI, January 12.—Flour firmer; family $4 75@5; fancy unchanged. Wheat firm; No. 2 red $1 05@1 06. Corn in demand; No. 2 mixed shelled 41½c. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 37. Barley firm and unchanged. Pork nominal; $13 50. Lard firm; 8.75. Bulk meats firm; 4¾@7. Bacon quiet; clear rib 7½, clear 8. Whisky firm; $1 10.

CHICAGO, January 12.—Wheat firm and higher; 98½ cash; 99 February; $1 00 March; 42⅛ May. Corn firm; 37½ cash; 37⅞ February; 42⅞ May. Oats firm; 31⅞ cash; 31¼@31⅜ February; 35⅜ May. Rye 89. Barley at $1 10. Whisky $1 11. Pork firm and higher; $13 12½ cash; $13 17½ February; $13 35 March. Lard firm and higher; 8.72½ cash; 8.75 February; 8.85 March.

MILWAUKEE, January 12.—Wheat advanced ½@1c; noon board easier; hard nominal at $1 00½; No. 1 $1 03½; No. 2 hard 97½; No. 2 and January 98½; February 99½; March 83½@85; No. 3 75@76 No. 4; rejected nominal. Receipts, 38,000; shipments, 38,000. Coarse grains steady. Corn 37c for No. 2. Oats 31½c for No. 2. Rye 86c for No. 1. Barley 82c for No. 2.

TOLEDO, January 12.—Wheat firmer; No. 2 red Wabash and February $1 06½; March $1 08½ bid; May $1 12½. Corn firmer; No. 2 cash 41½c; May 45c; damaged 38½. Oats nothing doing. Clover seed No. 2 $4 30. Dressed hogs $5 65.

DETROIT, January 12.—Flour unchanged. Wheat quiet; No. 1 white $1 02 bid, January $1 02½; February $1 03½; March $1 05½; April $1 06½ bid; May $1 08; No. 2 white 98½c. Receipts, wheat, 20,000; shipments, 12,000.

NEW YORK, January 12.—Cotton dull. Sales 346 bales. Middling uplands 12; middling Orleans 12¼. Futures barely steady. January 11.81; February 11.97; March 12.14; April 12.29, May 12.42; June 12.51.

BUFFALO, January 11.—Wheat neglected and weak. Corn good local manufacturing demand; 100 cars new, part to arrive, 47@48c. Oats quiet; 2 cars western white at 43. Barley neglected.

NEW YORK, January 12, 11 a. m.—Wheat market quiet and without decided change.

Foreign Markets by Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, 3:30 p. m., January 12.—Produce Exchange quotations: Bacon, S. C., steady at 39s 6d. Turpentine spirits steady at 36s. Rosin, common dull at 5s 6d. Corn, mixed, firm at 5s 6d.

LONDON, January 12.—Turpentine spirits dull at 34s.